Wambo Coal Mine and Rail Spur

Environmental Noise Monitoring February 2020

Prepared for Wambo Coal Pty Limited



Noise and Vibration Analysis and Solutions

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Table of Contents

| 1 INTRODUCTION | 1 |
|--|----|
| 1.1 Background | 1 |
| 1.2 Monitoring Locations & Frequency | 1 |
| 1.3 Terminology & Abbreviations | 4 |
| 2 REGULATOR REQUIREMENTS AND NOISE CRITERIA | 5 |
| 2.1 WCM Development Consent | 5 |
| 2.2 WCRS Development Consent | 5 |
| 2.3 Environment Protection Licence | 5 |
| 2.4 Noise Management Plan | 5 |
| 2.5 Noise Criteria | 6 |
| 2.6 Meteorological Conditions | 6 |
| 2.7 Modifying Factors | 7 |
| 2.7.1 Tonality and Intermittent Noise | 7 |
| 2.7.2 Low-Frequency Noise | 7 |
| 3 METHODOLOGY | 9 |
| 3.1 Overview | 9 |
| 3.2 Attended Noise Monitoring | 9 |
| 3.3 Meteorological Data | 10 |
| 3.4 Modifying Factors | 10 |
| 3.5 Attended Noise Monitoring Equipment | 11 |
| 4 RESULTS | 12 |
| 4.1 Plant Locations | 12 |
| 4.2 Total Measured Noise Levels | 12 |
| 4.3 Modifying Factors | 13 |
| 4.4 Attended Noise Monitoring | 13 |
| 4.4.1 Development Consent Weather Conditions | |
| 4.4.2 EPL Weather Conditions | 14 |
| 4.5 Atmospheric Conditions | 15 |
| 5 DISCUSSION | 16 |

| 5.1 Noted Noise Sources | 16 |
|-------------------------|----|
| 5.1.1 N01 | |
| 5.1.2 N03 | |
| 5.1.3 N16 | 19 |
| 5.1.4 N20A | 20 |
| 5.1.5 N21 | 21 |
| 5.1.6 N26 | 22 |
| SUMMARY | 23 |
| | |

Page iii

Appendices

6

| Α | REGULATOR DOCUMENTS | 24 |
|---|--------------------------|----|
| B | CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES | 34 |

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Global Acoustics was engaged by Wambo Coal (WC) to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at Wambo Coal Mine (WCM) and Wambo Coal Rail Spur (WCRS). WCM and WCRS operate under separate development consents and have been monitored separately, while reporting has been combined. The purpose of the survey is to quantify and describe the existing acoustic environment around WCM and WCRS, and compare results with relevant limits.

WC operates both open cut and underground mining operations from their mine at Warkworth, NSW. The open cut operations include use of heavy mobile equipment in open cut pits, on haul roads, and on waste rock emplacements. The underground operations have surface facilities. Both operations utilise a coal handling and preparation plant (CHPP) including conveyors, bins and other material-handling infrastructure.

The WCRS is located between Mt Thorley and Warkworth Village and includes the following components:

- a product coal stockpile and reclaim area, product coal conveyor, train load-out bin, rail loop and a rail spur from the WCM to Mount Thorley;
- rail transport of product coal to the market, an intermittent activity that can take place at any time; and
- a locomotive refuelling facility.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was undertaken during the night of 19/20 February 2020 at a total of six monitoring locations for WCM and WCRS.

1.2 Monitoring Locations & Frequency

Monitoring locations, type, and frequency are detailed in Table 1.1 and shown in Figure 1. It should be noted that Figure 1 shows actual monitoring positions, rather than locations of residences.

Table 1.1: WAMBO COAL MONITORING LOCATIONS AND FREQUENCY¹

| Site Reference | Residence ² | Monitor Type | Consent Requirements | Frequency |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| N01 | Wambo Road Residence | Attended | Mine & Rail Spur | Monthly |
| N03 | Kelly Residence | Real-Time & Attended | Mine & Rail Spur | Continuous & Monthly |
| N16 | Jerrys Plains Road | Attended | Mine | Monthly |
| N20A | Redmanvale Road Central | Attended | Mine | Monthly |
| N20 | Redmanvale Road Central | Real-Time | Mine | Continuous |

| Site Reference | Residence ² | Monitor Type | Consent Requirements | Frequency | |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|
| N21 | Wambo South | Real-Time & Attended | Mine & Rail Spur | Continuous & Monthly | |
| N26 | Redmanvale Road South | Attended | Mine | Monthly | |

Notes:

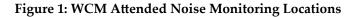
1. Sourced from the NMP – WA-ENV-MNP-503, January 2018; and

2. Monthly attended monitoring locations are shown in italics.

Wambo Coal Mine and Rail Spur - Environmental Noise Monitoring February 2020 20041_R01



Source: Google Maps



1.3 Terminology & Abbreviations

Definitions of terms and abbreviations which may be used in this report are provided in Table 1.2.

Table 1.2: TERMINOLOGY & ABBREVIATIONS

| Descriptor | Definition |
|-------------------|--|
| dB(A) | Noise level measurement units are decibels (dB). The "A" weighting scale is used to describe human response to noise. |
| L _{Amax} | The maximum A-weighted noise level over a time period. |
| L _{A1} | The noise level which is exceeded for 1 per cent of the time. |
| LA1,1minute | The noise level which is exceeded for 1 per cent of the specified time period of 1 minute. |
| L _{A10} | The noise level which is exceeded for 10 percent of the time. |
| L _{Aeq} | The average noise A-weighted energy during a measurement period. |
| L _{A50} | The noise level which is exceeded for 50 per cent of the time and the median noise level during a measurement period. |
| L _{A90} | The level exceeded for 90 percent of the time. The L _{A90} level is often referred to as the "background" noise level and is commonly used to determine noise criteria for assessment purposes. |
| L _{Amin} | The minimum A-weighted noise level over a time period. |
| L _{Ceq} | The average C-weighted noise energy during a measurement period. The "C" weighting scale is used to take into account low-frequency components of noise within the audibility range of humans. |
| SPL | Sound pressure level. Fluctuations in pressure measured as 10 times a logarithmic scale, with the reference pressure being 20 micropascals. |
| Hertz (Hz) | The frequency of fluctuations in pressure, measured in cycles per second. Most sounds are a combination of many frequencies together. |
| AWS | Automatic weather station used to collect meteorological data, typically at an altitude of 10 metres |
| VTG | Vertical temperature gradient in degrees Celsius per 100 metres altitude. |
| Sigma-theta | The standard deviation of the horizontal wind direction over a period of time. |
| SC | Stability class (or category) is determined from measured wind speed and either sigma-theta or VTG. |
| IA | Inaudible. When site noise is noted as IA then there was no site noise at the monitoring location. |
| NM | Not Measurable. If site noise is noted as NM, this means some noise was audible but could not be quantified. |
| Day | This is the period 7:00am to 6:00pm. |
| Evening | This is the period 6:00pm to 10:00pm. |
| Night | This is the period 10:00pm to 7:00am. |

2 REGULATOR REQUIREMENTS AND NOISE CRITERIA

2.1 WCM Development Consent

The most current development consent for WCM is DA 305-7-2003 (MOD 16, 29 August 2019). Schedule 4 of the WCM consent details specific conditions relating to noise generated by WCM. Relevant sections of the WCM consent are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.2 WCRS Development Consent

The most current development consent for Wambo Rail Loop is WCRS DA 177-8-2004 (MOD 3, 29 August 2019), last modified to include a rail refuelling facility. Schedule 4 of the WCRS consent details specific conditions relating to noise generated by WCRS. Relevant sections of the WCRS consent are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.3 Environment Protection Licence

WCM holds Environment Protection Licence (EPL) No. 529 issued by the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) most recently on 19 July 2019. Relevant sections of the EPL are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.4 Noise Management Plan

Noise monitoring requirements are detailed in the *Wambo Coal Noise Management Plan WA-ENV-MNP-503* (NMP, January 2018), prepared in accordance with the WCM and WCRS consents. The NMP states that monitoring will be conducted to assess noise levels from WCM and WCRS activities. Noise monitoring for rail activities is undertaken at properties numbered N01, N03 and N21 for rail pass-by noise. Relevant sections of the NMP are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.5 Noise Criteria

Environmental noise criteria for WCM and WCRS are consistent between the WCM development consent, NMP, and EPL. Noise criteria detailed in Table 2.1 have been selected as the most appropriate for each monitoring location and are based on the WCM development consent.

Table 2.1: WCM SPECIFIC CRITERIA

| Location | Day L _{Aeq,15minute} dB | Evening/Night L _{Aeq,15} minute dB | Night L _{A1,1minute} dB |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| N01 ¹ | 35 | 40 | 50 |
| N03 ² | NA | NA | NA |
| N16 | 35 | 40 | 50 |
| N20A | 35 | 40 | 50 |
| N21 | 35 | 40 | 50 |
| N26 | 35 | 40 | 50 |

Notes:

1. Noise criteria for N01 correspond with criteria for Property 3 – Birrell sourced from development consent; and

2. Noise criteria are NA 'not applicable'. N03 is mine-owned and there are no longer privately-owned residences in the area.

2.6 Meteorological Conditions

In accordance with the WCM consent, noise generated by WCM is to be measured in accordance with the relevant requirements, and exemptions (including certain meteorological conditions) of the EPA's 'Industrial Noise Policy' (INP, 2000). In accordance with this requirement, it has been assumed that noise limits apply under all meteorological conditions except during:

- rainfall;
- wind speeds (at 10m above ground) greater than 3 m/s; and/or
- atmospheric stability class G.

Condition L4.5 of the EPL uses slightly different terminology and noise limits outlined in the EPL apply under the following meteorological conditions:

- *a)* wind speeds of up to 3m/s at 10 metres above the ground level; or
- *b) temperature inversion conditions of up to* 3°C/100*m* (stability class F) *and wind speeds of up to* 2*m*/*s at* 10 *metres above the ground.*

Condition L4.6 of the EPL states that "... temperature inversion conditions must be identified using the sigma-theta method in the EPA's Noise Policy for Industry..." (NPfI, October 2017).

The sigma-theta method outlined in the NPfI allows stability class to be determined from sigma-theta and wind speed data. However, temperature inversion gradient (VTG) cannot be determined by this method. Consequently, stability class prevailing during each measurement has been assessed against the stability class that corresponds with the EPL VTG to determine whether noise criteria were applicable.

2.7 Modifying Factors

The EPA NPfI was approved for use in NSW in October 2017, and supersedes the EPA's 'Industrial Noise Policy' (INP, 2000). Assessment and reporting of modifying factors is to be carried out in accordance with Fact Sheet C of the NPfI.

NPfI modifying factors, as they are applicable to mining noise, are described in more detail below.

2.7.1 Tonality and Intermittent Noise

As defined in the NPfI:

Tonal noise contains a prominent frequency and is characterised by a definite pitch.

Intermittent noise is noise where the level suddenly drops/increases several times during the assessment period, with a noticeable change in source noise level of at least 5 dB(A); for example, equipment cycling on and off. The intermittency correction is not intended to be applied to changes in noise level due to meteorology.

2.7.2 Low-Frequency Noise

As defined in the NPfI:

Low frequency noise is noise with an unbalanced spectrum and containing major components within the low-frequency range (10 - 160 Hz) of the frequency spectrum.

The NPfI contains the current method of assessing low-frequency noise, which is a 2 step process as detailed below:

Measure/assess source contribution C-weighted and A-weighted L_{eq} , *T levels over the same time period. The low frequency noise modifying factor correction is to be applied where the C-A level is 15 dB or more and:*

• where any of the 1/3 octave noise levels in Table C2 are exceeded by **up to and including** 5 dB and cannot be mitigated, a 2 dBA positive adjustment to measured A weighted levels applies for the evening/night period; and

• where any of the 1/3 octave noise levels in Table C2 are exceeded by **more than** 5 dB and cannot be mitigated, a 5 dBA positive adjustment to measured A weighted levels applies for the evening/night period and a 2 dBA positive adjustment applies for the daytime period.

Table C2 and associated notes from the NPfI is reproduced below:

| Hz/dB(Z) | One- | One-third octave L _{zeq,15min} threshold level | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------|---|----|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Frequency (Hz) | 10 | 12.5 | 16 | 20 | 25 | 31.5 | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 160 |
| dB(Z) | 92 | 89 | 86 | 77 | 69 | 61 | 54 | 50 | 50 | 48 | 48 | 46 | 44 |

Table C2: One-third octave low-frequency noise thresholds.

Notes:

• dB(Z) = decibel (Z frequency weighted).

• For the assessment of low-frequency noise, care should be taken to select a wind screen that can protect the microphone from wind-induced noise characteristics at least 10 dB below the threshold values in Table C2 for

wind speeds up to 5 metres per second. It is likely that high performance larger diameter wind screens (nominally 175 mm) will be required to achieve this performance (Hessler, 2008). In any case, the performance of the wind screen and wind speeds at which data will be excluded needs to be stated.

- Low-frequency noise corrections only apply under the standard and/or noise-enhancing meteorological conditions.
- Where a receiver location has had architectural acoustic treatment applied (including alternative means of mechanical ventilation satisfying the Building Code of Australia) by a proponent, as part of consent requirements or as a private negotiated agreement, alternative external low-frequency noise assessment criteria may be proposed to account for the higher transmission loss of the building façade.
- Measurements should be made between 1.2 and 1.5 metres above ground level unless otherwise approved through a planning instrument (consent/approval) or environment protection licence, and at locations nominated in the development consent or licence.

3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 Overview

Attended environmental noise monitoring was conducted in general accordance with Australian Standard AS1055 'Acoustics, Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise', relevant NSW EPA requirements, and the NMP. Meteorological data was obtained from the WCM automatic weather station (AWS) which allowed correlation of atmospheric parameters with measured noise levels.

3.2 Attended Noise Monitoring

During this survey, monthly attended monitoring was undertaken during the night period at each location. The duration of each measurement was 15 minutes. Atmospheric condition measurement was also undertaken at each monitoring location.

Attended monitoring is preferred to the use of noise loggers when determining compliance with prescribed limits as it allows an accurate determination of the contribution, if any, to measured noise levels by the source of interest (in this case WCM and/or WCRS).

This survey presents noise levels gathered during attended monitoring that are the result of many sounds reaching the sound level meter microphone during monitoring. Received levels from various noise sources were noted during attended monitoring and particular attention was paid to the extent of WCM/WCRS's contribution, if any, to measured levels. At each receptor location, WCM/WCRS's $L_{Aeq,15minute}$ and $L_{A1,1minute}$ (in the absence of any other noise) was measured directly, where possible, or, determined by frequency analysis.

If the exact contribution of the source of interest cannot be established, due to masking by other noise sources in a similar frequency range, but site noise levels are observed to be well below (more than 5 dB lower than) any relevant criterion, a maximum estimate of the potential contribution of the site might be made based on other measured site-only noise descriptors in accordance with Section 7.1 of the NPfI. This is generally expressed as a 'less than' quantity, such as <20 dB or <30 dB.

The terms 'Inaudible' (IA) or 'Not Measurable' (NM) may also be used in this report. When site noise is noted as IA, no site noise was audible at the monitoring location. When site noise is noted as NM, this means some noise was audible but could not be quantified. If site noise was NM due to masking but estimated to be significant in relation to a relevant criterion, we would employ methods (e.g. measure closer and back calculate) to determine a value for reporting.

All sites noted as NM in this report are due to one or more of the following reasons:

- Site noise levels were extremely low and unlikely, in many cases, to be even noticed;
- Site noise levels were masked by another relatively loud noise source that is characteristic of the environment (e.g. breeze in foliage or continuous road traffic noise) that cannot be eliminated by

moving closer; and/or

• It was not feasible, nor reasonable to employ methods such as move closer and back calculate. Cases may include, but are not limited to, rough terrain preventing closer measurement, addition/removal of significant source to receiver shielding caused by moving closer, and meteorological conditions where back calculation may not be accurate.

A measurement of $L_{A1,1minute}$ corresponds to the highest noise level generated for 0.6 second during one minute. In practical terms this is the highest noise level, or $L_{Amax'}$ received from the site during the entire measurement period (i.e. the highest level of the worst minute during the 15 minute measurement).

Often extraneous noise events (for example, road traffic pass-bys and dogs) interfere with the measurement of site noise levels in the frequency range of interest. Where required, the analyser is paused during these occurrences to aid in quantification of the site only $L_{Aeq,15minute}$ level.

3.3 Meteorological Data

Meteorological data was obtained from the WCM meteorological station; this was logged at 10-minute intervals. Atmospheric parameters include wind speed, wind direction, rainfall and sigma theta. When meteorological data is provided in less than 15 minute intervals, an analysis must be conducted to determine the meteorological conditions present for the majority of each measurement period and whether those conditions result in noise criteria being applicable or not.

3.4 Modifying Factors

Years of monitoring have indicated that noise levels from mining operations, particularly those measured at significant distances from the source are relatively continuous and broad spectrum. Given this, noise levels from WCM at the monitoring locations are unlikely to be intermittent or tonal.

Assessment of low-frequency modifying factors is necessary when application of the maximum correction could potentially result in an exceedance of the relevant site-only L_{Aeq} criterion. Low-frequency analysis is therefore undertaken for measurements in this report where:

- meteorological conditions resulted in criteria being applicable;
- contributions from WCM were audible and directly measurable, such that the site-only L_{Aeq} was not "NM" or less than a maximum cut off value (e.g. "<20 dB" or "<30dB");
- contributions from WCM were within 5 dB of the relevant L_{Aeq} criterion, as 5 dB is the maximum penalty that can be applied by low-frequency modifying factors; and
- WCM was the only low-frequency noise source.

All measurements meeting these conditions were evaluated for possible low-frequency penalty applicability in accordance with the NPfI.

3.5 Attended Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment used to measure environmental noise levels are listed in Table 3.1. Calibration certificates are provided in Appendix B.

Table 3.1: ATTENDED NOISE MONITORING EQUIPMENT

| Model | Serial Number | Calibration Due Date |
|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Rion NA-28 sound level analyser | 00370304 | 28/11/2020 |
| Rion NA-28 sound level analyser | 30131882 | 05/02/2021 |
| Pulsar 106 acoustic calibrator | 81334 | 22/11/2020 |
| Pulsar 105 acoustic calibrator | 78226 | 01/02/2021 |

4 RESULTS

4.1 Plant Locations

During monitoring undertaken on 19/20 February 2020 between 22:00 and 02:00, equipment in operation was as follows:

- Loader 393 loading underground coal. All loads to ROM bin;
- EX211: HS/21/WRBO Not operated due to manning;
- EX212: HD/S2 WRAO Deck loading waste, all loads to RL100 and RL75 dumps. Walking back onto bench at start of shift after service. Down from 5:30-6:15pm;
- EX213: ME/S2/WMAO Double benching waste, blocky dig. All loads to RL100 and Rl75 dumps;
- EX214: ME/S2/WMAO Deck loading waste. All loads to RL50 dump;
- EX217: ME/S2/WMAO Bench loading waste. All loads to Inpit dump;
- EX218: HS/S3/WMAO Double benching waste. All loads to RL100 dump; and
- EX219: HD/S1/WRAO Double benching waste. All loads to RL100 dump.

4.2 Total Measured Noise Levels

Overall noise levels measured at each location during attended measurements are provided in Table 4.1. Discussion as to the noise sources responsible for these measured levels is provided in Section 5 of this report.

| Location | Start Date and Time | L _{Amax} dB | L _{A1} dB | L _{A10} dB | L _{Aeq} dB | L _{A50} dB | L _{A90} dB | L _{Amin} dB | L _{Ceq} dB |
|----------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| N01 | 19/02/2020 22:51 | 53 | 50 | 48 | 46 | 45 | 42 | 38 | 60 |
| N03 | 20/02/2020 00:12 | 47 | 44 | 42 | 40 | 39 | 37 | 35 | 66 |
| N16 | 19/02/2020 23:13 | 47 | 38 | 34 | 32 | 32 | 30 | 28 | 54 |
| N20A | 19/02/2020 22:40 | 51 | 38 | 35 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 27 | 48 |
| N21 | 19/02/2020 22:26 | 53 | 50 | 48 | 45 | 45 | 41 | 36 | 57 |
| N26 | 19/02/2020 22:12 | 46 | 40 | 38 | 36 | 35 | 33 | 30 | 53 |

Table 4.1: MEASURED NOISE LEVELS – FEBRUARY 2020¹

Notes:

1. Levels in this table are not necessarily the result of activity at WCM or WCRS.

4.3 Modifying Factors

Measured site-only levels were assessed for the applicability of modifying factors in accordance with the NPfI.

There were no intermittent or tonal noise sources, as defined in the NPfI, audible from site during the survey.

None of the measurements satisfied the conditions outlined in Section 3.4 when assessing low-frequency noise. Therefore no further assessment of modifying factors was undertaken.

4.4 Attended Noise Monitoring

4.4.1 Development Consent Weather Conditions

Table 4.2 to Table 4.3 detail noise levels from WCM in the absence of other noise sources. Noise criteria are applicable if weather conditions during the measurement were within parameters outlined in the WCM development consent.

| Location | Start Date and Time | Wind Speed m/s | Stability Class | Criterion L _{Aeq,15min} dB ¹ | Criterion Applies? ^{1,2} | WCM L _{Aeq} ,15min dB ^{3,4} | Exceedance 4,5 |
|----------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| N01 | 19/02/2020 22:51 | 1.7 | Е | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N03 | 20/02/2020 00:12 | 0.9 | F | NA | NA | 40 | NA |
| N16 | 19/02/2020 23:13 | 2.5 | D | 40 | Yes | 28 | Nil |
| N20A | 19/02/2020 22:40 | 1.3 | F | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N21 | 19/02/2020 22:26 | 1.6 | F | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N26 | 19/02/2020 22:12 | 2.5 | Е | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |

Table 4.2: LAea.15minute GENERATED BY WCM AGAINST CONSENT METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS – FEBRUARY 2020

Notes:

1. NA indicates that criterion is not applicable. N03 is mine-owned and there are no longer privately-owned residences in the area;

2. The noise emission limits identified in the above table do not apply during rain and/or wind speeds (at 10m above ground) greater than 3 m/s and/or atmospheric stability class G. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;

3. Site-only L_{Aeq,15minute} attributed to WCM, including modifying factors if applicable;

4. Bold results in red indicate an exceedance of relevant criterion; and

5. NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent, therefore criterion was not applicable, or there is no applicable criterion.

| Location | Start Date and Time | Wind Speed m/s | Stability Class | Criterion L _{A1,1min} dB ¹ | Criterion Applies? ^{1,2} | WCM L _{A1,1min} dB ^{3,4} | Exceedance 4,5 |
|----------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| N01 | 19/02/2020 22:51 | 1.7 | Е | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N03 | 20/02/2020 00:12 | 0.9 | F | NA | NA | 47 | NA |
| N16 | 19/02/2020 23:13 | 2.5 | D | 50 | Yes | 40 | Nil |
| N20A | 19/02/2020 22:40 | 1.3 | F | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N21 | 19/02/2020 22:26 | 1.6 | F | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N26 | 19/02/2020 22:12 | 2.5 | Е | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |

Table 4.3: LA11minute GENERATED BY WCM AGAINST CONSENT METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS - FEBRUARY 2020

Notes:

1. NA indicates that criterion is not applicable. N03 is mine-owned and there are no longer privately-owned residences in the area;

2. The noise emission limits identified in the above table do not apply during rain and/or wind speeds (at 10m above ground) greater than 3 m/s and/or atmospheric stability class G. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;

3. Site-only L_{A1,1minute} attributed to WCM;

4. Bold results in red indicate an exceedance of relevant criterion; and

5. NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent, therefore criterion was not applicable, or there is no applicable criterion.

4.4.2 EPL Weather Conditions

Table 4.4 and Table 4.5 detail noise levels from WCM in the absence of other noise sources. Noise criteria are applicable if weather conditions during the measurement were within parameters outlined in the WCM EPL.

Table 4.4: LAeq.15minute GENERATED BY WCM AGAINST EPL METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS – FEBRUARY 2020

| Location | Start Date and Time | Wind Speed m/s | Stability Class | Criterion L _{Aeq,15min} dB ¹ | Criterion Applies? ^{1,2} | WCM L _{Aeq,15min} dB | Exceedance ^{4,5} |
|----------|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| N01 | 19/02/2020 22:51 | 1.7 | Е | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N03 | 20/02/2020 00:12 | 0.9 | F | NA | NA | 40 | NA |
| N16 | 19/02/2020 23:13 | 2.5 | D | 40 | Yes | 28 | Nil |
| N20A | 19/02/2020 22:40 | 1.3 | F | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N21 | 19/02/2020 22:26 | 1.6 | F | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N26 | 19/02/2020 22:12 | 2.5 | Е | 40 | Yes | IA | Nil |

Notes:

1. NA indicates that criterion is not applicable. N03 is mine-owned and there are no longer privately-owned residences in the area;

2. Noise emission limits identified in the above table apply under meteorological conditions of wind speeds of up to 3 m/s at 10 metres above ground level, or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds of up to 2 m/s at 10 metres above ground level. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;

3. Site-only L_{Aeq,15minute} attributed to WCM, including modifying factors if applicable;

4. Bold results in red indicate an exceedance of relevant criterion; and

5. NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in EPL, therefore criterion was not applicable, or there is no applicable criterion.

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| Location | Start Date and Time | Wind Speed m/ s | Stability Class | Criterion L _{A1,1} min dB ¹ | Criterion Applies? ^{1,2} | WCM L _{A1,1min} dB ^{3,4} | Exceedance ^{4,5} |
|----------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| N01 | 19/02/2020 22:51 | 1.7 | E | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N03 | 20/02/2020 00:12 | 0.9 | F | NA | NA | 47 | NA |
| N16 | 19/02/2020 23:13 | 2.5 | D | 50 | Yes | 40 | Nil |
| N20A | 19/02/2020 22:40 | 1.3 | F | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N21 | 19/02/2020 22:26 | 1.6 | F | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |
| N26 | 19/02/2020 22:12 | 2.5 | Е | 50 | Yes | IA | Nil |

Table 4.5: LA1.1minute GENERATED BY WCM AGAINST EPL METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS – FEBRUARY 2020

Notes:

1. NA indicates that criterion is not applicable. N03 is mine-owned and there are no longer privately-owned residences in the area;

2. Noise emission limits identified in the above table apply under meteorological conditions of wind speeds of up to 3 m/s at 10 metres above ground level, or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds of up to 2 m/s at 10 metres above ground level. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;

3. Site-only L_{A1,1minute} attributed to WCM;

4. Bold results in red indicate an exceedance of relevant criterion; and

5. NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in EPL, therefore criterion was not applicable, or there is no applicable criterion.

4.5 Atmospheric Conditions

Atmospheric condition data measured by the operator during each measurement using a Kestrel hand-held weather meter is shown in Table 4.6. The wind speed, direction and temperature were measured at approximately 1.8 metres. Attended noise monitoring is not undertaken during rain, hail, or wind speeds above 5 m/s at microphone height.

| Location | Start Date and Time | Temperature ° C | Wind Speed m/s | Wind Direction ° Magnetic North ¹ | Cloud Cover 1/8s |
|----------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|
| N01 | 19/02/2020 22:51 | 24 | 1.8 | 220 | 0 |
| N03 | 20/02/2020 00:12 | 21 | 0.0 | - | 0 |
| N16 | 19/02/2020 23:13 | 23 | 0.0 | - | 0 |
| N20A | 19/02/2020 22:40 | 23 | 0.8 | 245 | 0 |
| N21 | 19/02/2020 22:26 | 23 | 2.0 | 200 | 0 |
| N26 | 19/02/2020 22:12 | 24 | 0.0 | - | 0 |

Table 4.6: MEASURED ATMOSPHERIC CONDITIONS – FEBRUARY 2020

Notes:

1. "-" indicates calm conditions at monitoring location.

Meteorological data used for compliance assessment is sourced from the WCM AWS.

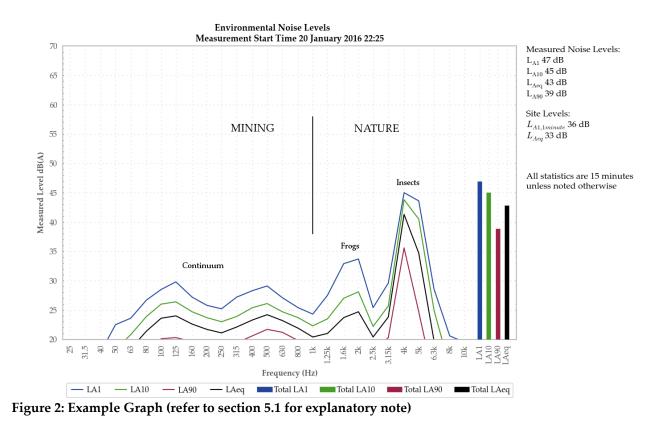
5 DISCUSSION

5.1 Noted Noise Sources

During attended monitoring, the time variations (temporal characteristics) of noise sources are taken into account in each measurement via statistical descriptors. From these observations, summaries have been derived for each location and provided in this chapter. Statistical 1/3 octave-band analysis of environmental noise was undertaken and the following figures display frequency ranges of various noise sources at each location for L_{A1} , L_{A10} , L_{Aeq} , L_{A50} and L_{A90} descriptors. These figures also provide, graphically, statistical information for these noise levels.

An example is provided as Figure 2 where it can be seen that frogs and insects are generating noise at frequencies above 1000 Hz while mining noise is at frequencies less than 1000 Hz, which is typical. Adding levels at frequencies that relate to mining only allows separate statistical results to be calculated. This analysis cannot always be performed if there are significant levels of other noise at the same frequencies as mining, such as dogs, cows, or (most commonly) road traffic.

It should be noted that the method of summing statistical values up to a cut-off frequency can overstate the L_{A1} result by a small margin but is entirely accurate for L_{Aeq} .



5.1.1 NO1

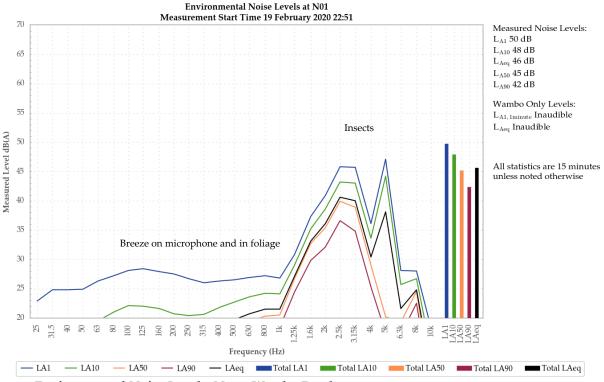


Figure 3: Environmental Noise Levels, N01 – Wambo Road

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Insects were responsible for measured noise levels.

Breeze on the microphone and in foliage was also noted.

5.1.2 NO3

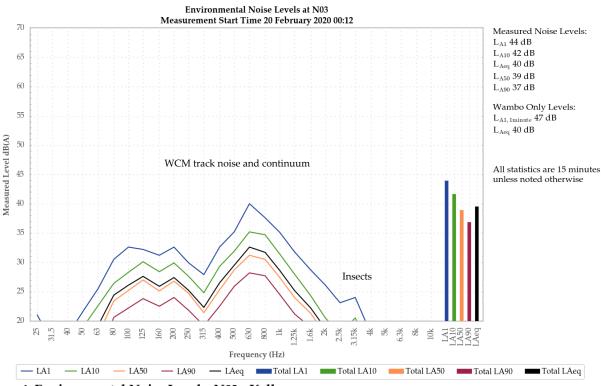


Figure 4: Environmental Noise Levels, N03 - Kelly

A mining continuum from WCM was audible throughout the measurement, and generated the site-only $L_{Aeq,15minute}$ of 40 dB. Track noise generated the site-only $L_{A1,1minute}$ of 47 dB.

Mining noise from WCM was responsible for measured noise levels.

Frogs and insects were also noted.

5.1.3 N16

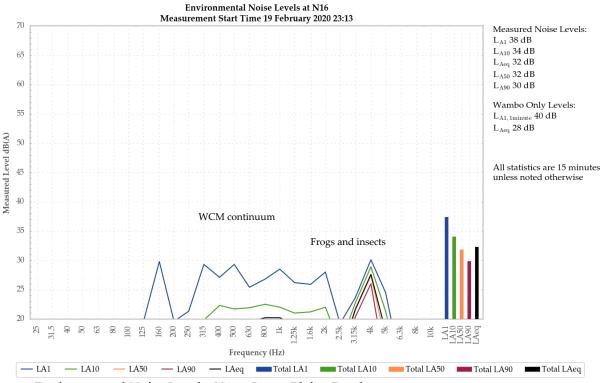


Figure 5: Environmental Noise Levels, N16 - Jerrys Plains Road

A mining continuum from WCM was audible throughout the measurement, and generated the site-only $L_{Aeq,15minute}$ of 28 dB. Track noise generated the site-only $L_{A1,1minute}$ of 40 dB. Engine surges were also noted.

Frogs and insects were primarily responsible for measured noise levels. WCM track and engine noise also contributed to the measured L_{A1} , L_{A10} , and L_{Aeq} .

Bats were also noted.

5.1.4 N20A

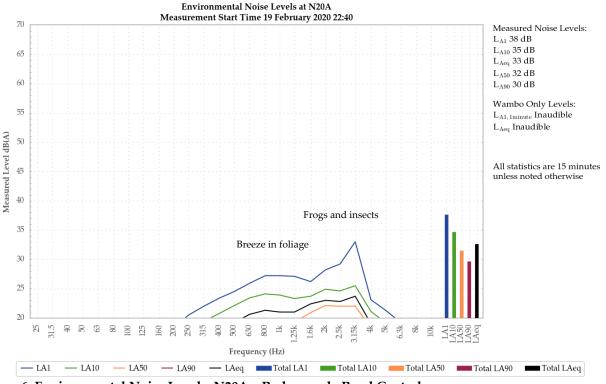


Figure 6: Environmental Noise Levels, N20A – Redmanvale Road Central

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Frogs and insects were responsible for the measured L_{A1} . Breeze in foliage, frogs, and insects were responsible for the measured L_{A1} , L_{A10} , $L_{Aeq'}$ and L_{A50} .

Bats, horses, and dogs were also noted.

ABN 94 094 985 734

5.1.5 N21

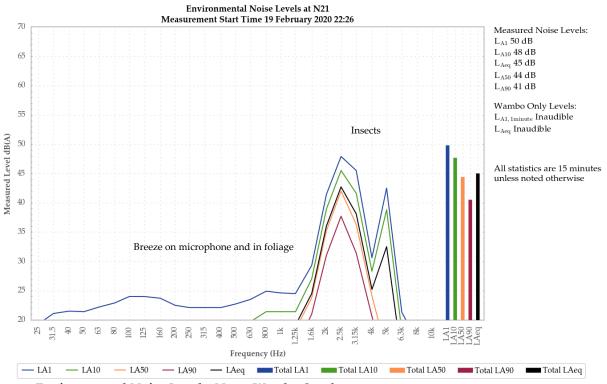


Figure 7: Environmental Noise Levels, N21 – Wambo South

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Insects generated measured noise levels.

Breeze on the microphone and in foliage was also noted.

5.1.6 N26

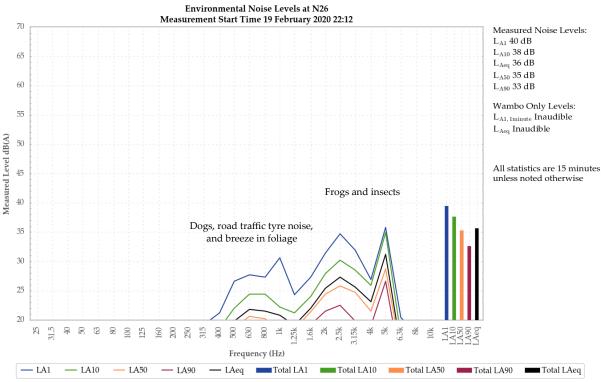


Figure 8: Environmental Noise Levels, N26 - Redmanvale Road South

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Frogs and insects were primarily responsible for measured noise levels. Breeze in foliage and distant road traffic tyre noise were a minor contributor to the measured L_{A10} , L_{Aeq} , and L_{A50} .

Dogs were also noted.

6 SUMMARY

Global Acoustics was engaged by WC to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at WCM and WCRS. The purpose of the survey is to quantify and describe the existing acoustic environment and compare results with relevant limits.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was undertaken during the night of 19/20 February 2020 at six monitoring locations.

Noise levels from WCM and WCRS complied with relevant criteria at all monitoring locations during the February 2020 survey. Criteria may not always be applicable due to meteorological conditions at the time of monitoring.

Global Acoustics Pty Ltd

APPENDIX

A REGULATOR DOCUMENTS

A.1 WAMBO COAL MINE DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

SCHEDULE 4 SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

ACQUISITION UPON REQUEST

1. Upon receiving a written request for acquisition from the landowner of the land listed in Table 1, the Applicant must acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in conditions 9-11 of schedule 5:

| Table 1: Land subject to acquisition upon requ |
|--|
|--|

| 2 – Lambkin | 23A & B - Kannar | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 13C - Skinner | 31A,B,C & D - Fisher | | | |
| 19A & B – Kelly | 51 – Hawkes | | | |
| 22 – Henderson | 56 - Haynes | | | |

Note: For more information on the numbering and identification of properties used in this consent, see Attachment 1 of the EIS for the Wambo Development Project. Lands titled 23A & B – Kannar, 31A,B,C & D – Fisher, 51 – Hawkes and 56 – Haynes have been acquired and are now mine-owned.

¹NOISE

Noise Impact Assessment Criteria

6. The Applicant must ensure that the noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex does not exceed the noise impact assessment criteria presented in Table 9.

| Table 9: Noise impact assessment criteria dB(A)) |
|--|
|--|

| Day | Evening/Night | Night | Land Number |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| LAeq(15 minute) | LAeq(15 minute) | LA1(1 minute) | |
| 35 | 41 | 50 | 94 – Curlewis |
| | | | 3 – Birrell |

¹ Incorporates EPA GTAs

| Day | Evening/Night | Night | Land Number |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---|
| LAeq(15 minute) | LAeq(15 minute) | LA1(1 minute) | |
| | | | 4B – Circosta |
| | | | 15B - McGowen/Caslick |
| | | | 16 – Cooper |
| | | | 23C – Kannar |
| 35 | 40 | 50 | 25 – Fenwick |
| | | | 28A & B – Garland |
| | | | 33 - Thelander/O'Neill |
| | | | 39 – Northcote |
| | | | 40 – Muller |
| | | | 254A – Algie |
| | | | 5 – Strachan |
| | | 50 | 6 - Merrick |
| 35 | 39 | 50 | 7 - Maizey |
| | | | 37 - Lawry |
| | | | 48 - Ponder |
| | | | 1 - Brosi |
| | | | 17 - Carter |
| | | | 18 - Denney |
| 35 | 38 | 50 | 38 - Williams |
| 35 | 30 | 50 | 49 - Oliver |
| | | | 63 - Abrocuff |
| | | | 75 - Barnes |
| | | | 91 - Bailey |
| | | | 27 - Birralee |
| | | | 43 - Carmody |
| 35 | 37 | 50 | 137 - Woodruff |
| | | | 163 - Rodger/Williams |
| | | | 246 - Bailey |
| | | | 13B - Skinner |
| | | | 178 - Smith |
| 35 | 36 | 50 | 188 - Fuller |
| | | | 262A, B & C - Moses |
| 35 | 35 | 50 | All other residential or sensitive receptors, excluding the receptors listed in condition 1 above |

Notes:

• Noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex is to be measured in accordance with the relevant requirements, and exemptions (including certain meteorological conditions), of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy

Land Acquisition Criteria

 If the noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex exceeds the criteria in Table 10, the Applicant must, upon receiving a written request for acquisition from the landowner, acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in conditions 9-11 of schedule 5.

| Table 10: Land acquisition criteria dB(A) | |
|---|--|
| Day/Evening/Night | Property |
| LAeq(15 minute) | |
| 43 | 94 - Curlewis |
| | 23C – Kannar |
| | 254A - Algie |
| 40 | All other residential or sensitive receptor, excluding the receptors listed in condition 1 above |

Note: Noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex is to be measured in accordance with the notes presented below Table 9 above. Property 23C – Kannar has been acquired and is now mine-owned.

Operating Conditions

- 8. The Applicant must:
 - (a) implement best management practice to minimise the operational, low frequency and traffic noise of the Wambo Mining Complex;
- (b) operate a comprehensive noise management system for the Wambo Mining Complex that uses a combination of predictive meteorological forecasting and real-time noise monitoring data to guide the day to day planning of mining operations and the implementation of both proactive and reactive noise mitigation measures to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this consent;
- (c) maintain the effectiveness of noise suppression equipment (if fitted) on plant at all times and ensure defective plant is not used operationally until fully repaired;
- (d) ensure that noise attenuated plant (if used) is deployed preferentially in locations relevant to sensitive receivers;
- (e) minimise the noise impacts of the Wambo Mining Complex during meteorological conditions when the noise limits in this consent do not apply;
- (f) co-ordinate the noise management for the Wambo Mining Complex with the noise management at nearby mines (including HVO South, HVO North and Mt Thorley Warkworth mines) to minimise the cumulative noise impacts of these mines and the Wambo Mining Complex,

to the satisfaction of the Secretary.

Noise Management Plan

- The Applicant must prepare a Noise Management Plan for the Wambo Mining Complex to the satisfaction of the Secretary. This plan must:
 - (a) be prepared in consultation with the EPA, and submitted to the **Secretary** for approval by the end of June 2013;
 - (b) describe the measures that would be implemented to ensure:
 - best management practice is being employed;
 - the noise impacts of the Wambo Mining Complex are minimised during meteorological conditions when the noise limits in this consent do not apply; and
 - compliance with the relevant conditions of this consent;
 - (c) describe the proposed noise management system in detail;
 - (d) include a monitoring program that:
 - uses a combination of real-time and supplementary attended monitoring measures to evaluate the performance of the Wambo Mining Complex;
 - adequately supports the proactive and reactive noise management system for the Wambo Mining Complex;
 - includes a protocol for determining exceedances of the relevant conditions in this consent;
 - evaluates and reports on the effectiveness of the noise management system for the Wambo Mining Complex;
 - provides for the annual validation of the noise model for the Wambo Mining Complex; and
 - (e) include a protocol that has been prepared in consultation with the owners of nearby mines (including HVO South, HVO North and Mount Thorley Warkworth mines) to minimise the cumulative noise impacts of these mines and the Wambo Mining Complex.

The Applicant must implement the approved management plan as approved from time to time by the Secretary.

A.2 WAMBO RAIL SPUR DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

SCHEDULE 4 GENERAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

ACQUISITION UPON REQUEST

 Upon receiving a written request for acquisition from the landowner of the land listed in Table 1, the Applicant shall acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in conditions 1-3 of schedule 5.

Table 1: Land subject to acquisition upon request

| 19 - L Kelly | 55 - E & C Burley |
|--------------|-------------------|
| | |

Note: For more information on the numbering and identification of properties used in this consent, see Attachment 1A and Attachment 1B of the SEE for the Alterations to the Wambo Development Project – Rail and Train Loading Infrastructure.

2. While the land listed in Table 1 is privately owned, the Applicant shall implement all practicable measures to ensure that the impacts of the development comply with the predictions in the SEE, and the relevant conditions in this consent, at any residence on this land, to the satisfaction of the Director-General.

Noise Impact Assessment Criteria

 The Applicant shall ensure that noise generated by the development, combined with noise generated by any development in the Wambo Mining Complex, does not exceed the noise criteria provided in Table 2, unless higher noise criteria are specified in the consent for the Wambo Coal Mine (DA 305-7-2003).

Table 2: Noise impact assessment criteria dB(A)

| Day | Evening/Night | Night | Land Number |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---|
| LAeq(15 minute) | L _{Aeg(15 minute)} | LA1(1 minute) | |
| 35 | 35 | 50 | All private residential or sensitive receptors, excluding the receptors listed in Table 1 |

Notes:

- Noise generated by the project is to be measured in accordance with the relevant requirements, and exemptions (including certain meteorological conditions), of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy.
- For this condition to apply, the exceedance of the criteria must be systemic.

Construction Hours

4. The Applicant shall ensure that all construction work is carried out from 7 am to 6 pm Monday to Saturday (inclusive) and 8 am to 6 pm Sundays and Public Holidays.

Operating Hours

- 5. The Applicant shall:
 - take all practicable measures to minimise train movements at the development on Friday evening (6 pm-9 pm) and Sunday morning (9 am-12 am);
 - (b) report on the implementation and effectiveness of these measures,

to the satisfaction of the Director-General.

Rail Noise

6. The Applicant shall seek to ensure that its rail spur is only accessed by locomotives that are approved to operate on the NSW rail network in accordance with noise limits L6.1 to L6.4 in RailCorp's EPL (No. 12208) and ARTC's EPL (No. 3142) or a Pollution Control Approval issued under the former *Pollution Control Act 1970*.

Noise Monitoring

- 7. The Applicant shall monitor the noise generated by the development, and noise generated by the Wambo Mine, in general accordance with the Noise Management Plan for the Wambo Mining Complex and the *NSW Industrial Noise Policy.*
- 7A. By 31 May 2012, the Applicant shall review and update the Noise Management Plan for the Wambo Mining Complex, including a noise monitoring protocol for evaluating compliance with the criteria in condition 3 above.
- 7B. During the first 12 months of operation of the Rail Refuelling Facility, the Applicant must conduct attended noise monitoring at the nearest private receptor during refuelling events, no less often than every three months.

A.3 WAMBO RAIL LINE DEVELOPMENT CONSENT

Operational Noise

8. The Applicant shall ensure noise emissions from the operations of the railway line when measured at any residence along the railway line corridor shall not exceed the following EPA criteria:

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- (a) planning level of $L_{Aeq 24hr}$ 55dBA; and
- (b) maximum passby level of L_{amax} 85dBA
- The noise criteria levels shall be measured under prevailing weather conditions in accordance with EPA requirements and to be consistent with EPA's requirements as applied to the New South Wales coal industry, or otherwise agreed to by the EPA.
- 9. Prior to the commencement of operations, the Applicant shall prepare in consultation with the EPA and Singleton Shire Council an Operational Noise Management Plan. The Operation Noise Management Plan shall demonstrate that all practical design and noise mitigation methods have been undertaken to achieve the noise levels specified in Condition 8.

A.4 ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION LICENCE 529

L4.1 Noise generated at the premises must not exceed the noise limits presented in the table below. The noise limits in the table below represent the noise contribution from the premises.

Noise Limits dB(A)

| Receiver Land Number | Day LAeq(15 minute) | Evening LAeq(15 minute) | Night LAeq(15 minute) | Night LA1(1 minute) |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 94 - Curlewis | 35 | 41 | 41 | 50 |
| 3 - Birrell 4B - Circosta 15 - McGowen/ Caslick 16 - Cooper 25 - Fenwick 28 - Garland 33 - Thelander/ O'Neill 39 - Northcote 40 - Muller 254 - Algie | 35 | 40 | 40 | 50 |
| 5 - Strachan 6 - Merrick 7 - Maizey 37 - Lawry 48 - Ponder | 35 | 39 | 39 | 50 |
| 1 - Brosi 17 - Carter 18 - Denney 30 - Williams 49 - Oliver 63 - Abrocuff 75 - Barnes 91 - Bailey | 35 | 38 | 38 | 50 |
| 27 - Birralee 43 - Carmody 137 - Woodruff 163 - Rodger/ Williams 246 - Bailey | 35 | 37 | 37 | 50 |
| 13B - Skinner 178 - Smith 188 - Fuller 262 - Moses | 35 | 36 | 36 | 50 |

Wambo Coal Mine and Rail Spur - Environmental Noise Monitoring February 2020 20041_R01

| All other residential or sensitive receptors excluding the receptors listed above and also excluding those | 35 | 35 | 35 | 50 |
|---|----|----|----|----|
| listed in Table 1 of Schedule 4 of the Wambo Coal | | | | |
| Mine | | | | |
| Development | | | | |
| Consent (DA | | | | |
| 305-7-2003). | | | | |

L4.2 For the purpose of Condition L4.1:

 a) Day is defined as the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday and 8am to 6pm Sundays and Public Holidays,

b) Evening is defined as the period from 6pm to 10pm

c) Night is defined as the period from 10pm to 7am Monday to Saturday and 10pm to 8am Sundays and Public Holidays

d) The Receiver Land Owner locations are as detailed in the Environmental Impact Statement titled "Wambo Development Project", Volumes 1-5 dated July 2003 and prepared by Resource Strategies Pty Ltd.

L4.3 Noise from the premises is to be measured at the most affected point or within the residential boundary or at the most affected point within 30m of the dwelling (rural situations) where the dwelling is more than 30m from the boundary to determine compliance with the LAeq(15 minute) noise limits in condition L4.1.

Where it can be demonstrated that direct measurement of noise from the premises is impractical, the EPA may accept alternative means of determining compliance. See Chapter 11 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy.

The modification factors presented in Section 4 of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy shall also be applied to the measured noise levels where applicable.

- L4.4 Noise from the premises is to be measured at 1m from the dwelling façade to determine compliance with the LA1(1minute) noise limit in condition L4.1.
- L4.5 The noise emission limits identified in condition L4.1 apply under meteorological conditions of:

a) Wind speeds of up to 3m/s at 10 metres above the ground level; or

b) Temperature inversion conditions of up to 3°C/100m and wind speeds of up to 2m/s at 10 metres above the ground.

L4.6 In regard to condition 4.5(b) of the Licence, temperature inversion conditions must be identified using the sigma-theta method in the EPA's Noise Policy for Industry, October 2017, from data obtained from the premises weather station at EPA monitoring point 17.

APPENDIX

B CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

| | | | w.acousticresea | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| | | Ind Lev IEC 6167 | vel Meter 2-3.2013 | | |
| | Calibr | ation | Certificate | | |
| | Calibration Nu | mber C | 18618 | | |
| | Client D | 12/ | obal Acoustics Pty Ltd 16 Huntingdale Drive ornton NSW 2322 | | |
| | ment Tested/ Model Nun Instrument Serial Nun Microphone Serial Nun Pre-amplifier Serial Nun | iber: 003 | | | |
| Pre-Test A | tmospheric Conditions | | Post-Test Atmo | spheric Condit | tions |
| | mperature : 23.6°C Humidity : 42.6% | | Ambient 7 | femperature : ve Humidity : | 22.4°C |
| | e Pressure : 98.42kPa | | | tric Pressure : | |
| Calibration Tech Calibration | Date : 26 Nov 2018 | | Secondary Check: Report Issue Date : | | |
| Clause and Charac | Approved Signat | ory: | RIP | | Ken William |
| Electrical Sig. test; Frequency and tim Long Term Stabiliti Level linearity on the | is he reference level range | Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass | 17: Level linearity incl. 18: Toneburst response 19: C Weighted Peak So 20: Overload Indication 21: High Level Stability | und Level | Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass |
| The sound level meter su | bmitted for testing has successful conditions u | By completed t nder which the | he class 1 periodic tests of EEC r tests were performed. | : 61672-3:2013, for | the environmental |
| The second design of the second design of the | available, from an independent t with IEC 61672-2:2013, to dem 013, the sound level meter submit | esting organisa | tion responsible for approving | and the second forward and the other | the second descent of the second s |
| | Least | Incertainties o | f Measurement - | _ | _ |
| Acoustic Tests 31.5 Hz to 8kHz 12.5kHz | +0.1248 | | tonmental Conditions Temperature | 48.85°C | |
| 16kHz Electrical Tests | +0.18d8 +0.51d8 | | Relative Humidity Barometric Pressure | =0.48% =0.077kPa | |
| 31.5 Hz to 20 kHz | +0.12dB | | | | |
| | All uncertainties are derived a | t the 95% conf | hdence level with a coverage ji | actor of 2. | |
| | | | | | |
| | This calibration certificate is to | be read in cor | njunction with the calibration (| est report. | |
| NATA | Acoustic Research Labs Pty La Accredited for compliance wit | d is NATA Ad h ISO/IEC 170 | ceredited Laboratory Number 1 25 - calibration | 14172. | |
| | The results of the tests, calibra | tions and the m | easurements included in this d | Additional land have been used | 100 |

| 6 | Acoustic Research Labs my Ltd | P | evel 7 Building 2 423 Pennant Hi ennant Hills NSW AUSTRALIA h: +61 2 9484 0800 A.B.N. 65 160 3 www.acousticresearch.com | 2120 |
|---|--|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| | | | evel Meter 672-3.2013 | |
| | | | n Certificate | |
| | Calibration Numb | er | C19073 | |
| | Client Deta | | Global Acoustics Pty Ltd 12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322 | |
| | ment Tested/ Model Number Instrument Serial Number Microphone Serial Number Pre-amplifier Serial Number | | NA-28 30131882 04739 11942 | |
| Ambient Ten Relative | mospheric Conditions aperature : 24.5°C Humidity : 54.5% Pressure : 99.39kPa | | Post-Test Atmospheric Co Ambient Temperatur Relative Humidit Barometric Pressu | re: 23.6°C ty: 51% |
| | ician : Charlie Neil Date : 5 Feb 2019 | | Secondary Check: Lewis Bo Report Issue Date : 6 Feb 20 | oorman |
| Clause and Charact | Approved Signatory | Resu | ene | Ken Willia |
| 12: Acoustical Sig. test 13: Electrical Sig. tests 14: Frequency and time 15: Long Term Stabilit 16: Level linearity on t | s of a frequency weighting of frequency, weightings e weightings at 1 kHz y he reference level range | Pan Pan Pan Pan Pan | 17: Level linearity incl. the level rang 18: Toneburst response 19: C Weighted Peak Sound Level 20: Overload Indication | e control Pa Pa Pa Pa |
| As public evidence was performed in accordance | available, from an independent tests with IEC 01672-2 2013, to demonstra | ng orga | is the tests were performed. misation responsible for approving the results of it the model of sound level meter fully conformed ing conforms to the class + requirements of IEC + | pattern evaluation te |
| Acoustic Tests | Least Unc | | es of Measurement - | |
| J1.3 Hz to 8kHz 12.5kHz 16kHz Electrical Tests 31.5 Hz to 20 kHz | +0,15dB 40,24B =0,2948 =0,11dB | | nvironmental Cooditions Temperature 40.2°C Relative Humiday 2.24% Bariametric Pressure 40.015kPa | |
| | All uncertainties are derived at the | 95% | confidence ferel with a coverage factor of 2. | |
| - | This calibration certificate is to be | read i | s conjunction with the calibration text report. | |
| NATA | Acoustic Research Labs Pry Ltd is Accordited for compliance with IS | NAT/ | Accordited Laboratory Number 14172 17025 - calibration | |
| | Australian national Mandards | | or measurements included in this document are to | |
| ACCREDITATION | NATA is a signatory to the ILAC I | Mutua | Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recogn diffration and inspection reports. | ution of the |

| Calibration Certificate Calibration Number C18619 Client Details Global Acoustics Pty Ltd 12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322 Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Pulsar Model 106 Instrument Serial Number: 81334 Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: 24.2°C Relative Humidity: 42.9% Barometric Pressure: 97.69kPa Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Report Issue Date: 29 Nov 2018 Approved Signatory: Measured Network Sternet | 6 |)) Rese | Pty Ltd Sound | Pennant Hill | ling 2 423 Pe s NSW AUS 40800 A.B.N. usticresear | TRAL | A 2120 | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|--------|
| Client Details Global Acoustics Pty Ltd 12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322 Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Pulsar Model 106 Instrument Serial Number: Status Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: Atmospheric Conditions Atmospheric Conditions Calibration Technician : Lucky Jaiswal Characteristic Tested Result Generated Sond Apressure Level Pass Prequency Generated Pass Measured Output 94.0 Measured Output 94.0 Measured Output 94.0 It is calibration to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942-2017 The wound activate has been down to confirm to the class 2 requirement - Environmental Conditions Specific Tests Frequency Generated SYL +011/B <th></th> <th>Cal</th> <th>12. A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C</th> <th></th> <th>ificate</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | | Cal | 12. A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | | ificate | | | |
| 12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322 Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Pulsar Model 106 Instrument Serial Number: Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: 24.2°C Relative Hundidity: Barometric Pressure: 97.69kPa Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Report Issue Date: 29 Nov 2018 Approved Signatory: Marce Ken Willing Characteristic Tested Result Ken Willing Characteristic Tested Result Measured Pressure Generated Sound Pressure Level Pass Nominal Frequency Measured Level Measured Pressure Measured Output 94.0 1000-0- 94.2 1000-2 1000-2 The word calibrator has been down to conform to the closs 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942:2017 the word output 94.0 1000-0- 94.2 1000-2 Specific Tests Frequency Measurement - Structure Measurement - Exast Uncertaintee Continue Trivitormental Conditions 8.0 EC 60942:2017 the word colibrator frequency is a structure of the 93% confidence level with a converge factor of 2. Specific Tests Frequency is a structure of the 93% confidence level with a converge factor of 2. All uncertaintees are derived at the 93% confidence level with a converge factor of 2. | | Calibrati | on Number | C18619 | | | | |
| Instrument Serial Number: \$1334 Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: 24.2°C Relative Humidity: 42.9°C Barometric Pressure: 97.69kPa Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Secondary Check: Lewis Boorman Calibration Date: 22 Nov 2018 Approved Signatory: Ken Willim Characteristic Tested Result Generated Sound Pressure Level Pass Prequency Generated Pass Nominal Level Nominal Frequency Measured Level Measured Frequency Measured Output 94.0 1000-942 100035 The sound calibrator has been shown to conform to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942-2017 the sound calibrator has been shown to conform to the class 3 requirements of Measurement - Specific Test Environmental Conditions Generated SPL 40.9148 Generated SPL 40.9168 Favoremental Conditions 0.927C Generated SPL 40.9168 Favoremental Conditions 0.9128 Jutoritan 40.455 Baromet | | CI | lient Details | 12/16 Huntin | gdale Drive | | | |
| Ambient Temperature : 24.2°C Relative Humidity : 42.9% Barometric Pressure : 97.69kPa Calibration Technician : Lucky Jaiswal Calibration Date : 22 Nov 2018 Secondary Check : Lewis Boorman Report Issue Date : 29 Nov 2018 Calibration Date : 22 Nov 2018 Secondary Check : Lewis Boorman Report Issue Date : 29 Nov 2018 Characteristic Tested Result Generated Sound Pressure Level Pass Prequency Generated Pass Mominal Level Nominal Frequency Measured Level Measured Frequency 1000.05 Measured Output 94.0 1000-0 94.2 1000.35 The sound calibration has been shown to conform to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942-2017 the sound calibration has been shown to conform to the class 3 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942-2017 the sound calibration has been shown to conform to the class 3 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942-2017 the sound calibration has been shown to conform to the class 3 requirements for periodic testing. described in Annex B of IEC 60942-2017 the sound calibration has been shown to conform to the class 3 requirements for periodic testing. described in Annex B of IEC 60942-2017 the sound calibration and 1995 Temperature in 0.27C Report 1995 Specific Tests Finvironmental Conditions Immetriate of Measurements in 0.013LPa Jatortion #0.114B Haster to Homolytic - 2.4% Barometric Pressure in 0.0 | Equipm | | | | 106 | | | - |
| Relative Humidity: 42.9% Barometric Pressure: 97.69kPa Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Secondary Check: Lewis Boorman Calibration Date: 22 Nov 2018 Report Issue Date: 29 Nov 2018 Maproved Signatory: Marce Ken Willin Characteristic Tested Result Ken Willin Generated Sound Pressure Level Pass Pass Measured Output 94.0 10000- 94.2 1000.35 The sound ealibrator has been shown to conform to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing. described in Annex B of IEC 69442-2017 Least Uncertainties of Measuremental conditions under which the tests were performed. Specific Tests Environmental Conditions 1000.35 Generated SPL +0.11dB Environmental Conditions Generated SPL +0.11dB Environmental Conditions <td></td> <td>Amblant To</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ns</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> | | Amblant To | | | ns | | | - |
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| Equi | pment Tested/ Mo Instrument Ser | | | | |
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| Calibration Tec Calibration | hnician : Charlie on Date : 1 Feb 20 | | | | ewis Boorman 5 Feb 2019 |
| | Approve | d Signatory | : El | _ | Ken William |
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