

Wambo Coal Mine and Rail Spur Environmental Noise Monitoring

July 2022

Prepared for Wambo Coal Pty Limited

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Wambo Coal Pty Limited

E220455 RP1

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1 Introduction

1.1 Background

Global Acoustics (now part of EMM) was engaged by Wambo Coal (WC) to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at Wambo Coal Mine (WCM) and Wambo Coal Rail Spur (WCRS). WCM and WCRS operate under separate development consents while reporting has been combined for both. The purpose of the survey is to quantify and describe the existing acoustic environment around WCM and WCRS, and compare results with relevant limits.

WC operates underground mining operations located near Warkworth, NSW. The underground operations include associated surface facilities, including a coal handling and preparation plant (CHPP), conveyors, bins and other material-handling infrastructure.

The WCRS is located between Mt Thorley and Warkworth Village and includes the following components:

- a product coal stockpile and reclaim area, product coal conveyor, train load-out bin, rail loop and a rail spur from the WCM to Mount Thorley;
- rail transport of product coal to the market, an intermittent activity that can take place at any time; and
- a locomotive refuelling facility.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was undertaken during the night period of 20/21 July 2022 at five monitoring locations around WC.

1.2 Attended Noise Monitoring Locations

Monitoring locations for WC are detailed in Table 1.1 and shown on Figure 1.1. It should be noted that Figure 1.1 shows the actual monitoring positions, not the location of residences.

Table 1.1 Attended noise monitoring locations

Site Reference ¹	EPA Point ²	Area Description	Properties Represented ³
N01	N/A	North Bulga	3, 7, 379
N16	20	Jerrys Plains Road	Privately-owned residences near Jerry's Plains
N20A	21	Redmanvale Road Central	Privately-owned residences near Jerry's Plains
N21	22	South Wambo	25, 35a
N26	23	Redmanvale Road South	Privately-owned residences near Jerry's Plains

Notes:

- 1. Sourced from NMP WA-ENV-MNP-503, November 2020.
- 2. Sourced from Environment Protection Licence 529, February 2021.
- 3. Property numbering is from Appendix 4 of DA 305-7-2003.

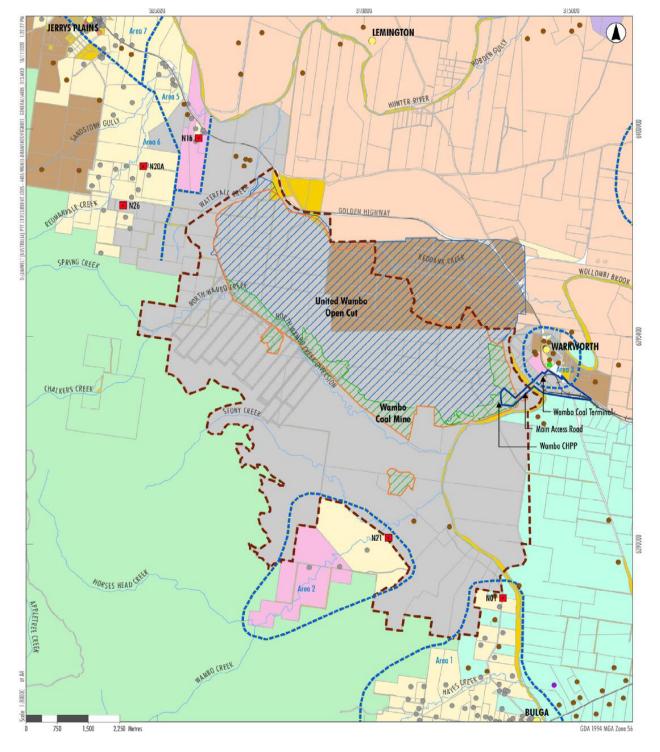


Figure 1.1 WC noise monitoring locations

1.3 Terminology & Abbreviations

Some definitions of terms and abbreviations which may be used in this report are provided in Table 1.2.

 Table 1.2
 Terminology and abbreviations

Descriptor	Definition
dB(A)	Noise level measurement units are decibels (dB). The "A" weighting scale is used to describe human response to noise.
L _{Amax}	The maximum A-weighted noise level over a time period.
L _{A1}	The noise level which is exceeded for 1 per cent of the time.
LA1,1minute	The noise level which is exceeded for 1 per cent of the specified time period of 1 minute.
L _{A10}	The noise level which is exceeded for 10 percent of the time.
L _{Aeq}	The average noise A-weighted energy during a measurement period.
L _{A50}	The noise level which is exceeded for 50 per cent of the time and the median noise level during a measurement period.
L _{A90}	The level exceeded for 90 percent of the time. The L _{A90} level is often referred to as the "background" noise level and is commonly used to determine noise criteria for assessment purposes.
L _{Amin}	The minimum A-weighted noise level over a time period.
L _{Ceq}	The average C-weighted noise energy during a measurement period. The "C" weighting scale is used to take into account low-frequency components of noise within the audibility range of humans.
SPL	Sound pressure level. Fluctuations in pressure measured as 10 times a logarithmic scale, with the reference pressure being 20 micropascals.
Hertz (Hz)	The frequency of fluctuations in pressure, measured in cycles per second. Most sounds are a combination of many frequencies together.
AWS	Automatic weather station used to collect meteorological data, typically at an altitude of 10 metres
VTG	Vertical temperature gradient in degrees Celsius per 100 metres altitude.
Sigma-theta	The standard deviation of the horizontal wind direction over a period of time.
SC	Stability class (or category) is determined from measured wind speed and either sigma-theta or VTG.
IA	Inaudible. When site noise is noted as IA then there was no site noise at the monitoring location.
NM	Not Measurable. If site noise is noted as NM, this means some noise was audible but could not be quantified.
Day	This is the period 7:00am to 6:00pm.
Evening	This is the period 6:00pm to 10:00pm.
Night	This is the period 10:00pm to 7:00am.
WC	Wambo Coal
WCM	Wambo Coal Mine
WCRS	Wambo Coal Road Spur

2 Regulator requirements and noise criteria

2.1 WCM Development Consent

The most current development consent for WCM is DA 305-7-2003 (MOD 18, 25 January 2022). Schedule 2, Part B of the WCM consent details specific conditions relating to noise generated by WCM. Relevant sections of the WCM consent are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.2 WCRS Development Consent

The most current development consent for Wambo Rail Loop is WCRS DA 177-8-2004 (MOD 3, 29 August 2019), last modified to include a rail refuelling facility. Schedule 2, Part B of the WCRS consent details specific conditions relating to noise generated by WCRS. Relevant sections of the WCRS consent are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.3 Environment Protection Licence

WCM holds Environment Protection Licence (EPL) No. 529 issued by the Environment Protection Authority (EPA) most recently on 30 September 2021. Relevant sections of the EPL are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.4 Noise Management Plan

Noise monitoring requirements are detailed in the Wambo Coal Noise Management Plan WA-ENV-MNP-503 (NMP, November 2020), prepared in accordance with the WCM and WCRS consents. Relevant sections of the NMP are reproduced in Appendix A.

2.5 Noise Criteria

Noise criteria detailed in Table 2.1. have been adopted for each monitoring location based on Phase 2 and 3 of the development consent (MOD 18) and the NMP.

Table 2.1 WCM Noise Criteria

Location	WCM Day ^L Aeq,15minute	WCM Evening LAeq,15minute	WCM Night ^L Aeq,15minute	WCM Night ^L A1,1minute
N01 ¹	38	38	38	48
N16	35	35	35	45
N20A	35	35	35	45
N21 ²	39	39	39	49
N26	35	35	35	45

Notes: 1. Noise criteria for the nearest privately-owned property (R003) have been adopted.

2. Noise criteria for the nearest privately-owned property (R025) have been adopted.

EPL noise criteria have not been updated for Phase 2 and 3 of operations. As noise criteria in the development consent and NMP are now more conservative than those in the EPL, they have been adopted in Table 2.1.

2.6 Meteorological Conditions

Meteorological conditions required for noise criteria to apply are consistent between the consent and EPL.

2.6.1 Development Consent

Appendix 5 of MOD 18 details specific meteorological conditions required for noise criteria to be applicable:

APPENDIX 5 NOISE COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT

Applicable Meteorological Conditions

- 1. The noise criteria in condition B12 are to apply under all meteorological conditions except the following:
 - (a) where 3°C/100 metres (m) lapse rates have been assessed, then:
 - (i) wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second (m/s) measured at 10m above ground level;
 - (ii) temperature inversion conditions between 1.5°C and 3°C/100m and wind speeds greater than 2m/s measured at 10m above ground level; or
 - (iii) temperature inversion conditions greater than 3°C/100m.
 - (b) where Pasquill Stability Classes have been assessed, then:
 - (i) wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level;
 - (ii) stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2m/s at 10m above ground level;
 - (iii) stability category G temperature inversion conditions.

As lapse rates (VTG) were not measured directly, meteorological conditions have been assessed against Pasquill stability classes detailed in 1.(b).

2.6.2 Environment Protection Licence

Condition L5.5 of the EPL details meteorological conditions required for noise limits to apply:

- L5.5 The noise limits set out in condition L5.1 apply under all meteorological conditions except for the following:
 - a) Wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second at 10 metres above the ground level;
 - b) Stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 metres/second at
 - 10 metres above ground level; or
 - c) Stability category G temperature inversion conditions.

Condition L5.5 is consistent with stability category conditions outlined in Appendix 5, 1.(b) of MOD 18.

2.7 Modifying Factors

The EPA 'Noise Policy for Industry' (NPfI, 2017) was approved for use in NSW in October 2017. For assessment of modifying factors, the NPfI immediately superseded the 'Industrial Noise Policy' (INP, 2000), as outlined in the EPA document 'Implementation and transitional arrangements for the Noise Policy for Industry' (2017). Assessment and reporting of modifying factors has been undertaken in accordance with Fact Sheet C of the NPfI.

3 Methodology

3.1 Overview

Attended environmental noise monitoring was conducted in general accordance with Australian Standard AS1055 'Acoustics, Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise' and relevant NSW EPA requirements. Meteorological data was obtained from the WCM automatic weather station (AWS) which allowed correlation of atmospheric parameters with measured noise levels.

3.2 Attended Noise Monitoring

During this survey, monthly attended monitoring was undertaken during the night period at each location. The duration of each measurement was 15 minutes. Atmospheric condition measurement was also undertaken at each monitoring location.

This survey presents noise levels gathered during attended monitoring that are the result of many sounds reaching the sound level meter microphone during monitoring. Received levels from various noise sources were noted during attended monitoring and particular attention was paid to the extent of WCM/WCRS's contribution, if any, to measured levels. At each receptor location, WCM/WCRS's LAeq,15minute and LA1,1minute (in the absence of any other noise) was measured directly, where possible, or, determined by frequency analysis.

If the exact contribution of the source of interest (in this case WCM) cannot be established, due to masking by other noise sources in a similar frequency range, but site noise levels are observed to be well below (more than 5 dB lower than) any relevant criterion, a maximum estimate of the potential contribution of the site might be made based on other measured site-only noise descriptors in accordance with Section 7.1 of the NPfI. This is generally expressed as a 'less than' quantity, such as <20 dB or <30 dB.

The terms 'Inaudible' (IA) or 'Not Measurable' (NM) may also be used in this report. When site noise is noted as IA, no site noise was audible at the monitoring location. When site noise is noted as NM, this means some noise was audible but could not be quantified. If site noise was NM due to masking but estimated to be significant in relation to a relevant criterion, we would employ methods (eg measure closer and back calculate) to determine a value for reporting.

All sites noted as NM in this report are due to one or more of the following reasons:

- Site noise levels were extremely low and unlikely, in many cases, to be even noticed.
- Site noise levels were masked by another relatively loud noise source that is characteristic of the environment (eg breeze in foliage or continuous road traffic noise) that cannot be eliminated by moving closer.
- It was not feasible, nor reasonable to employ methods such as move closer and back calculate. Cases may include, but are not limited to, rough terrain preventing closer measurement, addition/removal of significant source to receiver shielding caused by moving closer, and meteorological conditions where back calculation may not be accurate.

A measurement of $L_{A1,1minute}$ corresponds to the highest noise level generated for 0.6 second during one minute. In practical terms this is the highest noise level, or L_{Amax} , received from the site during the entire measurement period (ie the highest level of the worst minute during the 15 minute measurement).

Often extraneous noise events (for example, road traffic pass-bys and dogs) interfere with the measurement of site noise levels in the frequency range of interest. Where required, the sound level meter is paused during these occurrences to aid in quantification of the site only noise.

3.3 Modifying Factors

All measurements were evaluated for potential modifying factors in accordance with the NPfI. Specific methodology for assessment of each modifying factor is outlined in Fact Sheet C of the NPfI.

Assessment of modifying factors is undertaken at the time of measurement if the site was audible and directly quantifiable, such that the site only LAeq was not "NM" or less than a maximum cut off value (eg "<20 dB" or "<30dB").

If applicable, modifying factors have been reported and added to measured site only L_{Aeq} noise levels when meteorological conditions satisfied requirements for site noise criteria to be applicable. Low-frequency modifying factors have only been applied to site-only L_{Aeq} levels if WCM/WCR was the only contributing low-frequency noise source.

3.4 Meteorological Conditions

Meteorological data was obtained from the WCM meteorological station; this was logged at 10-minute intervals. Atmospheric parameters include wind speed, wind direction, rainfall, and sigma theta. When meteorological data is provided in less than 15-minute intervals, an analysis must be conducted to determine the meteorological conditions present for the majority of each measurement period and whether those conditions result in noise criteria being applicable or not.

3.5 Attended Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment used to measure environmental noise levels is detailed in Table 3.1. Calibration certificates are provided in Appendix B.

Table 3.1 Attended noise monitoring equipment

Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
Rion NA-28 sound level meter	00370304	24/11/2022
Rion NA-28 sound level meter	00701424	02/06/2023
Rion NA-28 sound level meter	30131882	08/02/2023
Pulsar 105 acoustic calibrator	81334	29/11/2023
Pulsar 106 acoustic calibrator	79631	26/05/2023
Pulsar 105 acoustic calibrator	78226	08/02/2023

4 Results

4.1 Total Measured Noise Levels

Overall noise levels measured at each location during attended measurements are provided in Table 4.1. Discussion as to the noise sources responsible for these measured levels is provided in Section 5 of this report.

Table 4.1 Measured noise levels – July 2022 ¹

Location	Start Date and Time	L _{Amax} dB	L _{A1} dB	L _{A10} dB	L _{Aeq} dB	L _{A50} dB	L _{A90} dB	L _{Amin} dB
N01	20/07/2022 23:06	45	43	40	39	38	37	35
N16	20/07/2022 23:19	49	46	44	42	41	39	37
N20A	20/07/2022 22:32	44	41	39	38	38	36	34
N21	20/07/2022 22:39	53	52	48	46	45	42	39
N26	20/07/2022 22:00	50	44	41	39	38	36	34

Notes: 1. Levels in this table are not necessarily the result of activity at WCM or WCRS.

4.2 Modifying Factors

Measured site-only levels were assessed for the applicability of modifying factors in accordance with the NPfI and methodology described in Section 7.

There were no modifying factors, as defined in the NPfI, applicable during the survey.

4.3 Attended Noise Monitoring

Table 4.2 and Table 4.3 detail noise levels from WCM in the absence of other noise sources. Noise criteria are applicable if weather conditions during the measurement were within parameters outlined in the WCM development consent.

Table 4.2 LAeq.15minute generated by WCM against project approval criteria – 20/21 July 2022

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ¹	Stability Class ¹	Criterion dB ⁵	Criterion Applies? ²	WCM L _{Aeq}	Exceedance dB ^{4,5}
N01	20/07/2022 23:06	1.4	F	38	Yes	IA	Nil
N16	20/07/2022 23:19	1.6	E	35	Yes	IA	Nil
N20A	20/07/2022 22:32	0.8	F	35	Yes	IA	Nil
N21	20/07/2022 22:39	0.2	F	39	Yes	IA	Nil
N26	20/07/2022 22:00	0.8	F	35	Yes	IA	Nil

Notes:

- 1. Stability Class calculated using sigma theta method provided by NPfI.
- 2. Noise emission limits identified in the above table apply under all meteorological conditions except wind speeds greater than 3 m/s at 10 metres above ground level; or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 m/s at 10 metres above ground level, or stability category G temperature inversion conditions.
- 3. Site-only $L_{\mbox{Aeq}}$,15minute attributed to WCM, including modifying factors if applicable.
- 4. Bold results in red indicate an exceedance of relevant criterion.
- 5. NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent, therefore criterion was not applicable, or there is no applicable criterion.

Table 4.3 LA1,1minute generated by WCM against project approval criteria – July 2022

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ¹	Stability Class ¹	Criterion dB ⁵	Criterion Applies? ²	WCM L _{A1,1} min	Exceedance dB ^{4,5}
N01	20/07/2022 23:06	1.4	F	48	Yes	IA	Nil
N16	20/07/2022 23:19	1.6	E	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N20A	20/07/2022 22:32	0.8	F	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N21	20/07/2022 22:39	0.2	F	49	Yes	IA	Nil
N26	20/07/2022 22:00	0.8	F	45	Yes	IA	Nil

Notes:

- ${\bf 1.\,Stability\,\,Class\,\,calculated\,\,using\,\,sigma\,\,theta\,\,method\,\,provided\,\,by\,\,NPfl.}$
- 2. Noise emission limits identified in the above table apply under all meteorological conditions except wind speeds greater than 3 m/s at 10 metres above ground level; or stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 m/s at 10 metres above ground level, or stability category G temperature inversion conditions.
- 3. Site-only LA1,1minute attributed to WCM, including modifying factors if applicable.
- 4. Bold results in red indicate an exceedance of relevant criterion.
- 5. NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent, therefore criterion was not applicable, or there is no applicable criterion.

4.4 Atmospheric Conditions

Atmospheric condition data measured by the operator during each measurement using a Kestrel hand-held weather meter is shown in Table 4.4. The wind speed, direction and temperature were measured at approximately 1.8 metres. Attended noise monitoring is not undertaken during rain, hail, or wind speeds above 5 m/s at microphone height.

Table 4.4 Measured atmospheric conditions – July 2022

Location	Start Date and Time	Temperature ° C	Wind Speed m/s	Wind Direction ° Magnetic North 1	Cloud Cover 1/8s
N01	20/07/2022 23:06	12	0.0	-	4
N16	20/07/2022 23:19	13	0.0	-	6
N20A	20/07/2022 22:32	15	0.4	160	6
N21	20/07/2022 22:39	14	0.0	-	6
N26	20/07/2022 22:00	14	0.0	-	6

Notes: 1. "-" indicates calm conditions at monitoring location.

2. "NR" denotes not recorded.

Meteorological data used for compliance assessment is sourced from the WCM AWS.

5 Discussion

5.1 Noted Noise Sources

During attended monitoring, the time variations (temporal characteristics) of noise sources are considered in each measurement via statistical descriptors. From these observations summaries have been derived for the location where an exceedance was measured and provided in this chapter. Statistical 1/3 octave-band analysis of environmental noise was undertaken and the following figures display frequency ranges of various noise sources at each location for LA1, LA10, LAeq, LA50 and LA90 descriptors. These figures also provide, graphically, statistical information for these noise levels.

An example is provided as Figure 5.1 where it can be seen that frogs and insects are generating noise at frequencies above 1000 Hz while mining noise is at frequencies less than 1000 Hz, which is typical. Adding levels at frequencies that relate to mining only allows separate statistical results to be calculated. This analysis cannot always be performed if there are significant levels of other noise at the same frequencies as mining, such as dogs, cows, or (most commonly) road traffic.

It should be noted that the method of summing statistical values up to a cut-off frequency can overstate the L_{A1} result by a small margin but is entirely accurate for L_{Aeq} .

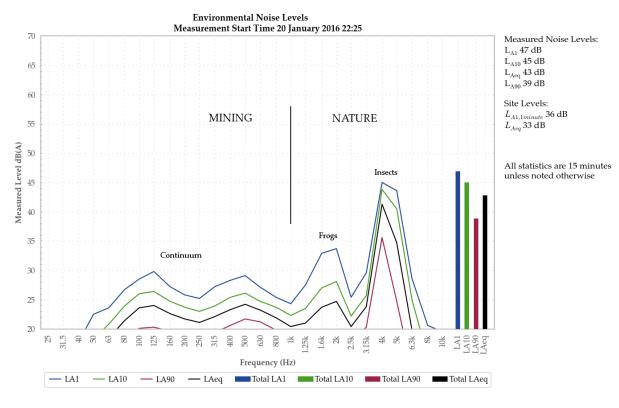


Figure 5.1 Example graph (refer to Section 5.1 for explanatory note)

5.1.1 N01

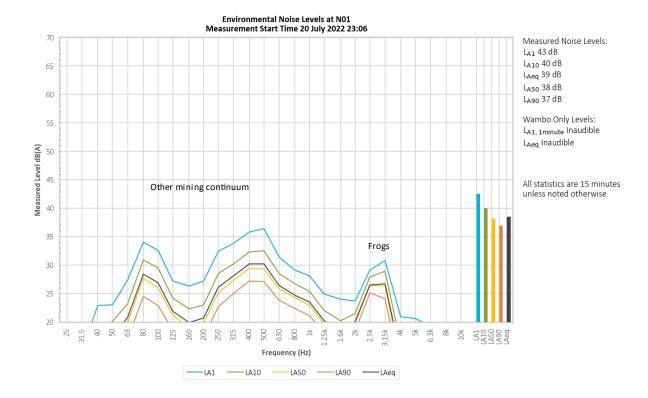


Figure 5.2 Environmental Noise Levels, N01 – Wambo Road

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Continuum from another mining operation was primarily responsible for measured noise levels. Frogs were a minor contributor to the measured noise levels.

5.1.2 N16

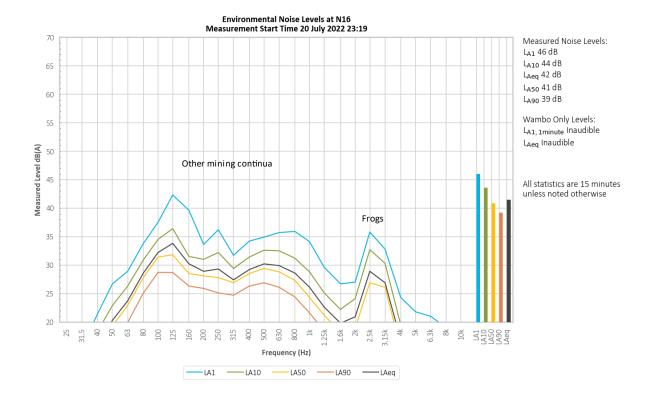


Figure 5.3 Environmental Noise Levels, N16 – Jerrys Plains Road

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Continua from other mining operations were primarily responsible for measured noise levels. Frogs contributed to the measured LA10, LAeq, LA50, and LA90.

Noise from insects and road traffic were also noted.

5.1.3 N20A

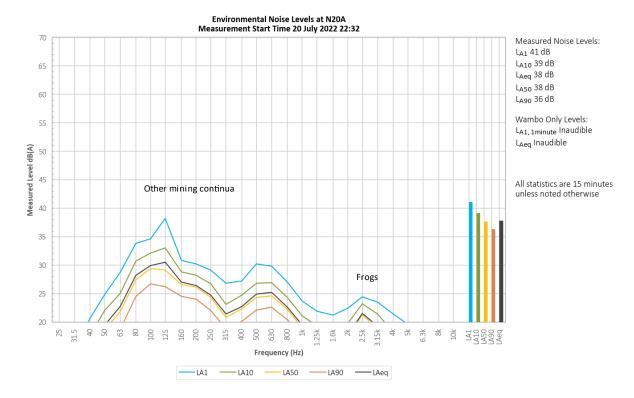


Figure 5.4 Environmental Noise Levels, N20A – Redmanvale Road Central

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Continua from other mining operations generated measured noise levels.

Noise from frogs and breeze in foliage was also noted.

5.1.4 N21

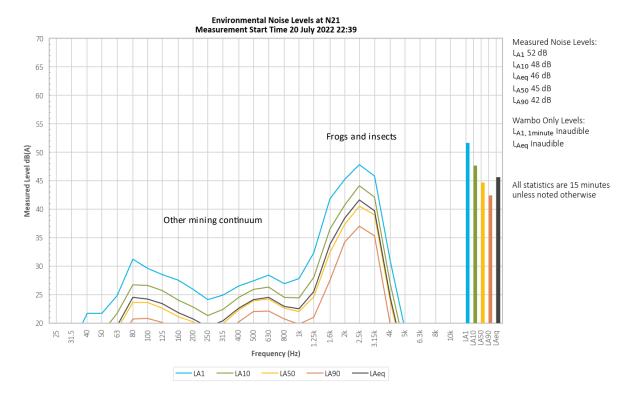


Figure 5.5 Environmental Noise Levels, N21 – Wambo South

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Frogs and insects generated measured noise levels.

Continuum from another mining operation was also noted.

5.1.5 N26

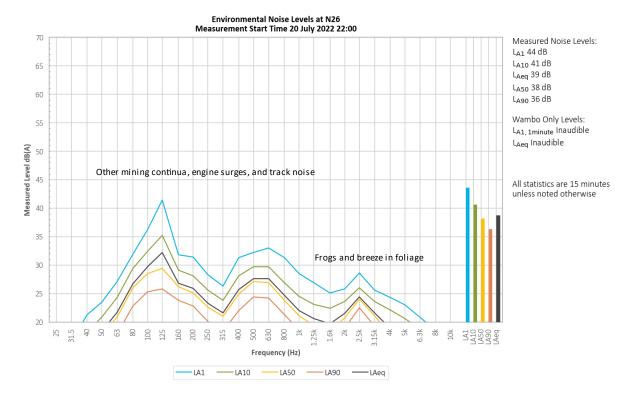


Figure 5.6 Environmental Noise Levels, N26 – Redmanvale Road South

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Continua from other mining operations generated measured noise levels.

Noise from frogs, insects, birds, and breeze on microphone and foliage were also noted.

6 Summary

Global Acoustics was engaged by WC to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at WCM and WCRS. The purpose of the survey is to quantify and describe the existing acoustic environment and compare results with relevant limits.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was undertaken during the night period of 20/21 July 2022 at five monitoring locations

Noise levels from WCM and WCRS complied with the relevant development consent noise limits during the July 2022 survey at all monitoring locations. Criteria may not always be applicable due to meteorological conditions at the time of monitoring.

Appendix A Regulator documents



A.1 Wambo Coal Mine Development Consent

B13. During Phase 2 and Phase 3, the Applicant must ensure that the noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex does not exceed the criteria in Table 4 at any residence on privately-owned land.

Table 4: Operational noise criteria dB(A) for Phase 2 and Phase 3

Noise Assessment Area	Noise Assessment Location	Day L _{Aeq (15 min)}	Evening L _{Aeq (15 min)}	Night L _{Aeq (15 min)}	Night L _{A1 (1 min)}
	R003	38	38	38	48
Area 1 - North Bulga	R007 R379	37	37	37	47
	All other privately- owned residences	35	35	35	45
	R025	39	39	39	49
Area 2 - South Wambo	R035a	37	37	37	47
	All other privately- owned residences	35	35	35	45

Noise Assessment Area	Noise Assessment Location	Day LAeq (15 min)	Evening LAeq (15 min)	Night LAeq (15 min)	Night La1 (1 min)
Area 3 - Warkworth Village	All other privately- owned residences	44	44	43	53
All other areas	All privately- owned residences	35	35	35	45

^a The Noise Assessment Areas referred to in Table 4 are shown in Appendix 1.

- B14. Noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex must be measured in accordance with the relevant requirements and exemptions (including certain meteorological conditions) of the *NSW Industrial Noise Policy* (EPA, 2000). Appendix 5 of this consent sets out the meteorological conditions under which these criteria apply and the requirements for evaluating compliance with these criteria.
- B15. The noise criteria in Table 3 and Table 4 do not apply if the Applicant has an agreement with the owner/s of the relevant residence or land to exceed the noise criteria, and the Applicant has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.

PART C ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES

ACQUISITION UPON REQUEST

C1. Deleted

Table 11: Deleted

ADDITIONAL MITIGATION UPON REQUEST

C2. Upon receiving a written request from the owner of any residence on the privately-owned land a listed in Table 11 or Table 12, the Applicant must implement additional mitigation measures at or in the vicinity of the residence in consultation with the landowner. These measures must be consistent with the measures outlined in the Voluntary Land Acquisition and Mitigation Policy for State Significant Mining, Petroleum and Extractive Industry Developments (NSW Government, 2018). They must also be reasonable and feasible, proportionate to the level of predicted impact and directed towards reducing the relevant noise and/or air quality impacts of the development. The Applicant must also be responsible for the reasonable costs of ongoing maintenance of these additional mitigation measures until the cessation of mining operations.

Table 12: Land subject to additional mitigation upon request

Noise R003, R025	

^a The locations of the land referred to in Table 12 is shown in Appendix 1.

C3. If within 3 months of receiving this request from the owner, the Applicant and the owner cannot agree on the measures to be implemented, or there is a dispute about the implementation of these measures, then either party may refer the matter to the Planning Secretary for resolution.

A.2 Wambo Rail Spur Development Content

NOISE

Noise Operating Conditions

- B1. The Applicant must:
 - take all reasonable steps to minimise all noise associated with the development, including during noiseenhancing meteorological conditions;

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- operate a noise management system commensurate with the risk of impact to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this consent;
- only use locomotives and rolling stock that are approved to operate on the NSW rail network in accordance with the noise limits in ARTC's EPL and use reasonable endeavours to ensure that rolling stock is selected to minimise noise;
- use all reasonable efforts to co-ordinate noise management on the site with the noise management at Wambo mine; and
- (e) carry out regular attended noise monitoring to determine whether the development is complying with the relevant conditions of this consent.

ACQUISITION UPON REQUEST

C1. Upon receiving a written request for acquisition from the owner of the privately-owned land^a listed in Table 3, the Applicant must acquire the land in accordance with the procedures in conditions C3 to C10, inclusive.

Table 3: Land subject to acquisition upon request

R019

^{*} The location of the land referred to in Table 3 is shown on the figure in Appendix 3.

A.3 Environmental Protection Licence 529

L5 Noise limits

L5.1 Noise generated at the premises must not exceed the noise limits presented in the table below. The noise limits in the table below represent the noise contribution from the premises.

Receiver Land Number	Day LAeq(15 minute)	Evening LAeq(15 minute)	Night LAeq(15 minute)	Night LA1(1 minute)
EPA Point 20 in NMG1	40	40	40	50
EPA Point 21 in NMG2	40	40	40	50
EPA Point 22 in NMG3	40	40	40	50
EPA Point 23 in NMG4	38	38	38	50
Residence 019	59	59	59	
Residence 003 and 025 in NMG3	40	40	40	50
Residence 016 and 039 in NMG1	40	40	40	50
Residence 029, 042 and 345 in NMG4	40	40	40	50
Residence 033 and 320 in NMG2	40	40	40	50
Residence 006 and 007 in NMG3	39	39	39	50
Residence 048 and 343	39	39	39	50
Residence 017 in NMG1	38	38	38	50
Residence 030, 035, 049, 075 and 379	38	38	38	50
Residence 346 and 348 in NMG4	38	38	38	50
Residence 344 in NMG2	37	37	37	50
Residence 043, 163, 380 and 381	37	37	37	50
All other privately owned residences in Appendix 4 of DA 305-7-2003 29 August 2019	35	35	35	50

- L5.2 Limits and Residences referenced in condition L5.1 are from Appendix 4 and Table 3 Phase 1 in DA 305-7-2003 dated 29 August 2019 (EPA Reference DOC19/1117963).
- L5.3 Noise monitoring groups (NMG) referenced in Condition 5.1 are from the document titled "Wambo Coal Mine Noise Monitoring Groups Noise Modelling Evaluation" Global Acoustics dated 16 August 2019, EPA Reference DOC19/704212.
- L5.4 For the purpose of Condition L5.1:
 - a) Day is defined as the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday and 8am to 6pm Sundays and Public Holidays;
 - b) Evening is defined as the period from 6pm to 10pm; and
 - c) Night is defined as the period from 10pm to 7am Monday to Saturday and 10pm to 8am Sundays and Public Holidays.
- L5.5 The noise limits set out in condition L5.1 apply under all meteorological conditions except for the following:
 - a) Wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second at 10 metres above the ground level;
 - b) Stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or
 - c) Stability category G temperature inversion conditions.
- L5.6 For the purposes of condition L5.5:
 - a) Data recorded by the closest and most representative meteorological station installed on the premises at EPA Identification Point 17 must be used to determine meteorological conditions; and
 - b) Temperature inversion conditions (stability category) are to be determined by the methods referred to in Fact Sheet D of the Noise Policy for Industry (2017).

POINT 20,21,22,23

Assessment period	Minimum frequency in a reporting period	Minimum duration within assessment period	Minimum number of assessment period
Night	Monthly	15 minutes	1 operation day

- M9.2 To assess compliance with condition L5.1, attended noise monitoring must be undertaken in accordance with Conditions L5.4 to L5.6:
 - a) at the EPA points 20,21,22 and 23 identified in P1.3;
 - b) occur every calendar month in a reporting period; and
 - c) occur during one night time period as defined in the Noise Policy for Industry 2017 for a minimum of 15 minutes at each location from a), and when relevant b) during the night.
- M9.3 For the purposes of compliance monitoring and determining the noise generated at the premises the modification factors in the EPA's Fact Sheet C of the Noise Policy for Industry (2017) must be applied, as appropriate, to the noise levels measured by noise monitoring equipment.

Definitions

Noise refers to 'sound pressure levels' for the purpose of conditions L5.1 to L5.6 and condition M10.

A.4 WCM Noise Management Plan

5.0 Noise Monitoring Program

5.1 Attended Noise Monitoring

WCPL attended noise monitoring is carried out monthly. The monitoring is conducted by a WCPL appointed acoustic specialist who measures and describes the acoustic environment at each attended monitoring location. The attended noise monitoring results are compared with noise impact assessment criteria (as defined in Section 3.1) to assess compliance. Attended noise monitoring is considered the preferred method for determining compliance with prescribed limits because it allows for an accurate determination of the contribution, if any, made by industrial noise sources to measured ambient noise levels.

Operator attended noise measurements are conducted during night period³ operations to quantify noise emissions from WCPL as well as the overall level of ambient noise.

Noise levels (LA_{max} and LA_{eq}) from the Mine are quantified over a 15 minute measurement period. In addition, the overall levels of ambient noise (i.e. LA_{max}, LA₁₀, LA₆₀, LA₆₀, and LA_{eq}) over the 15 minute period will be quantified and characterised.

Attended noise monitoring will be conducted at a representative location in accordance with the NPfl and Australian Standard AS 1055 'Acoustics, Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise'.

Attended noise monitoring is undertaken at five locations as shown in Table 5. The attended noise monitoring network locations have been strategically chosen to provide sufficiently appropriate noise monitoring coverage (refer to Figure 5).

Table 5: Attended Noise Monitoring Locations

Noise Assessment	Site Ref	EPL529 ID	Description	Co-	roximate ordinates A 94, z56)	Representative Addresses	
Area*				Easting	Northing	Addresses	
1	N01	N/A	North Bulga	313352	6388696	3, 7, 379	
2	N21	22	South Wambo	310586	6390149	25, 35a	
	N16	20	Jerrys Plains Road	308000	6399785	Privately owned residences near Jerry's Plains	
1921	N20A	21	Redmanvale Road Central	304666	6399100	Privately owned residences near Jerry's Plains	
	N26	23	Redmanvale Road South	304172	6398160	Privately owned residences near Jerry's Plains	

Notes for Table 5

Measurement of rail pass-by noise levels was removed from the monitoring program in Version 5 of the NMP, following a demonstrated history of compliance. Monitoring will be recommenced if triggered by complaint or change in rolling stock used to transport coal from WCPL.

Meteorological data from the WCPL meteorological station will be utilised to correlate atmospheric parameters and measured noise levels. Ground level atmospheric condition measurement is also undertaken during attended monitoring. Noise criteria only apply in meteorological conditions specified in the conditions. A detailed Compliance Assessment Methodology has been developed to determine the individual noise contributions of the separate United Wambo and Wambo operations (Section 6.1).

Modifying factors will be assessed in accordance with the NPfl.

¹ The Noise Assessment Areas are shown on Figure 5

³In general, weather enhancing conditions are more likely to occur at night which has the greatest potential to cause an exceedance. This approach is consistent with the NSW Draft Guidelines: Mining Noise Monitoring Application Note. However WCPL will review the data in accordance with this Noise Management Plan to determine if there are compelling reasons to revert back to day time attended monitoring. Please note that evening and night time noise level criteria are the same.

Appendix B Calibration certificates



B.1 Calibration Certificates



Research North Rocks NSW AUSTRALIA 2151 Ph: +61 2 9484 0800 A.B.N. 65 160 399 119 Labs Pty Ltd | www.acousticresearch.com.au

Sound Level Meter IEC 61672-3.2013

Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C20674

Client Details Global Acoustics Pty Ltd

12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Rion NA-28

00370304 Instrument Serial Number: Microphone Serial Number: 10421 Pre-amplifier Serial Number: 60313

Pre-Test Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 22°C Relative Humidity: 50.6% Barometric Pressure: 100.08kPa Post-Test Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 21.9°C Relative Humidity: 50.1% Barometric Pressure: 100.09kPa

Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Secondary Check: Max Moore Calibration Date: 24 Nov 2020 Report Issue Date: 25 Nov 2020

Approved Signatory:



Ken Williams

Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result	Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result
12: Acoustical Sig. tests of a frequency weighting	Pass	17: Level linearity incl. the level range control	Pass
13: Electrical Sig. tests of frequency weightings	Pass	18: Toneburst response	Pass
14: Frequency and time weightings at 1 kHz	Pass	19: C Weighted Peak Sound Level	Pass
15: Long Term Stability	Pass	20: Overload Indication	Pass
16: Level linearity on the reference level range	Pass	21: High Level Stability	Pass

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation test performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2013, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2013, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2013.

	Le	ast Uncertainties of Measurement -	
Acoustic Tests		Environmental Conditions	
125H=	±0.12dB	Temperature	±0.2°C
1kH=	±0.11dB	Relative Humidity	±2.4%
8kHz	$\pm 0.13dB$	Barometric Pressure	$\pm 0.015 kPa$
Electrical Tests	$\pm 0.10dB$		

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - calibration.

The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to SI

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Sound Level Meter IEC 61672-3.2013

Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C21058

Client Details Global Acoustics Pty Ltd

12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Rion NA-28

Instrument Serial Number: 30131882 04739 Microphone Serial Number: Pre-amplifier Serial Number: 11942

Pre-Test Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C Relative Humidity: 46.7% Barometric Pressure: 100.28kPa Post-Test Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Relative Humidity: 47.7% Barometric Pressure: 100.25kPa

Calibration Technician: Jeff Yu Secondary Check: Max Moore Calibration Date: 8 Feb 2021 Report Issue Date:

Approved Signatory:

Ken Williams

Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result	Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result
12: Acoustical Sig. tests of a frequency weighting	Pass	17: Level linearity incl. the level range control	Pass
13: Electrical Sig. tests of frequency weightings	Pass	18: Toneburst response	Pass
14: Frequency and time weightings at 1 kHz	Pass	19: C Weighted Peak Sound Level	Pass
15: Long Term Stability	Pass	20: Overload Indication	Pass
16: Level linearity on the reference level range	Pass	21: High Level Stability	Pass

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation test performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2013, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2013, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2013.

		Least Uncertainties of Measurement -	
Acoustic Tests		Environmental Conditions	
125H=	±0.12dB	Temperature	±0.2°C
1kH=	±0.11dB	Relative Humidity	±2.4%
8kH=	±0.13dB	Barometric Pressure	$\pm 0.015 kPa$
Electrical Tests	$\pm 0.10dB$		

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - calibration.

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Sound Level Meter IEC 61672-3.2013

Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C21344

Client Details Global Acoustics Ptv Ltd

> 12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Rion NA-28

Instrument Serial Number: 00701424 Microphone Serial Number: 01916 Pre-amplifier Serial Number: 01463

Pre-Test Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 20.6°C Relative Humidity: 47%

Barometric Pressure: 101.05kPa

Post-Test Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C Relative Humidity: 44%

Barometric Pressure: 100.91kPa

Calibration Technician: Jeff Yu Secondary Check: Harrison Kim Calibration Date: 2 Jun 2021 Report Issue Date: 2 Jun 2021

Approved Signatory : Hallems

Ken Williams

Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result	Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result
12: Acoustical Sig. tests of a frequency weighting	Pass	17: Level linearity incl. the level range control	Pass
13: Electrical Sig. tests of frequency weightings	Pass	18: Toneburst response	Pass
14: Frequency and time weightings at 1 kHz	Pass	19: C Weighted Peak Sound Level	Pass
15: Long Term Stability	Pass	20: Overload Indication	Pass
16: Level linearity on the reference level range	Pass -	21: High Level Stability	Pass

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation test performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2013, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2013, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2013.

	Ĺ	east Uncertainties of Measurement -		
Acoustic Tests		Environmental Conditions		
125Hz	±0.12dB	Temperature	±0.2°C	
1kHz	$\pm 0.11dB$	Relative Humidity	±2.4%	
8kHz	±0.13dB	Barometric Pressure	±0.015kPa	
Electrical Tasts	±0.104P			

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

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Sound Calibrator IEC 60942:2017

Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C21832

Global Acoustics Pty Ltd Client Details

12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Pulsar Model 105

Instrument Serial Number: 81334

Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature : 25°C 49.6% Relative Humidity: Barometric Pressure: 100.8kPa

Calibration Technician: Lucky Jaiswal Calibration Date:

29 Nov 2021

Secondary Check:

Harrison Kim

Report Issue Date:

2 Dec 2021

Approved Signatory : Allems

Ken Williams

Characteristic Tested	Result	
Generated Sound Pressure Level	Pass	
Frequency Generated	Pass	
Total Distortion	Pass	

Nominal Level	Nominal Frequency	Measured Level	Measured Frequency
94	1000	94 19	1000.30

The sound calibrator has been shown to conform to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942:2017 for the sound pressure level(s) and frequency(ies) stated, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

Uncertainties of Measurement -

Specific Tests

Generated SPL Frequency

 $\pm 0.11dB$ ±0.07% ±0.50%

Environmental Conditions Temperature Relative Humidity

Barometric Pressure

±0.1°C $\pm 0.014kPa$

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Calibration.

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Sound Calibrator IEC 60942-2017

Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C21059

Client Details Global Acoustics Pty Ltd

12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Pulsar Model 105

Instrument Serial Number: 78226

Approved Signatory:

Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 23.3°C Relative Humidity: 47.7% Barometric Pressure: 100.27kPa

Calibration Technician: Jeff Yu

Calibration Date: 08 Feb 2021

Secondary Check: N

Max Moore

Report Issue Date: 9 Feb 2021

Po:

Ken Williams

Characteristic Tested	Result	
Generated Sound Pressure Level	Pass	
Frequency Generated	Pass	
Total Distortion	Pass	

Nominal Level	Nominal Frequency	Measured Level	Measured Frequency
94	1000	94.02	1000.40

The sound calibrator has been shown to conform to the class 1 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942:2017 for the sound pressure level(s) and frequency(ies) stated, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed..

Least Uncertainties of Measurement -Environmental Conditions

Specific Tests

Generated SPL Frequency Distortion ±0.14dB ±0.09% ±0.09% Environmental Conditions
Temperature
Relative Humidity
Barometric Pressure

±0.2°C ±2.4% ±0.015kPa

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172 Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - calibration.

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^{*} The tests <1000 kHz are not covered by Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd NATA accreditation.



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Sound Calibrator IEC 60942-2017

Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C21341

Client Details Global Acoustics Ptv Ltd

12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number : Pulsar Model 106

> Instrument Serial Number: 79631

> > **Atmospheric Conditions**

Ambient Temperature: 22.7°C Relative Humidity: 47.5% Barometric Pressure: 100.64kPa

Calibration Technician: Jeff Yu Secondary Check: Harrison Kim Calibration Date:

26 May 2021 Report Issue Date: 26 May 2021 Approved Signatory : Asillems Ken Williams

Characteristic Tested Result Generated Sound Pressure Level Pass Frequency Generated Pass Total Distortion Pass

Nominal Level	Nominal Frequency	Measured Level	Measured Frequency
94	1000	94.02	1000.40

The sound calibrator has been shown to conform to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942:2017 for the sound pressure level(s) and frequency(ies) stated, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

Least Uncertainties of Measurement -Environmental Conditions Specific Tests Generated SPL ±0.14dB Temperature ±0.2°C Frequency ±0.09% Relative Humidity +2.4% Distortion Barometric Pressure ±0.015kPa

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.

* The tests <1000 kHz are not covered by Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd NATA accreditation.

This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.



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