

## Wambo Coal Mine and Rail Spur Environmental Noise Monitoring

Prepared for Wambo Coal Pty Limited

February 2023

## **Wambo Coal Mine and Rail Spur**

## **Environmental Noise Monitoring**

Wambo Coal Pty Limited

E2212378 RP02

February 2023

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Associate Director 17 March 2023

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## 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

EMM Consulting Pty Ltd (EMM) was engaged by Wambo Coal Pty Limited to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at Wambo Coal Mine (WCM, the site) and Wambo Coal Rail Spur (WCRS) located near Warkworth, NSW. The survey purpose was to quantify the acoustic environment and compare site noise levels against specified limits.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was done during the night period of 27/28 February 2023 at five monitoring locations.

#### 1.2 Attended monitoring locations

Site monitoring locations are detailed in Table 1.1 and shown on Figure 1.1. It should be noted that Figure 1.1 shows actual monitoring positions, not necessarily the location of residences.

**Table 1.1** Attended noise monitoring locations

Location descriptor	Description	Coordinates (MGA56)		
		Easting	Northing	
N01	North Bulga	313352	6388696	
N16	Jerrys Plains Road	306000	6399785	
N20A	Redmanvale Road Central	304461	6398713	
N21	South Wambo	310491	6390223	
N26	Redmanvale Road South	304172	6398160	

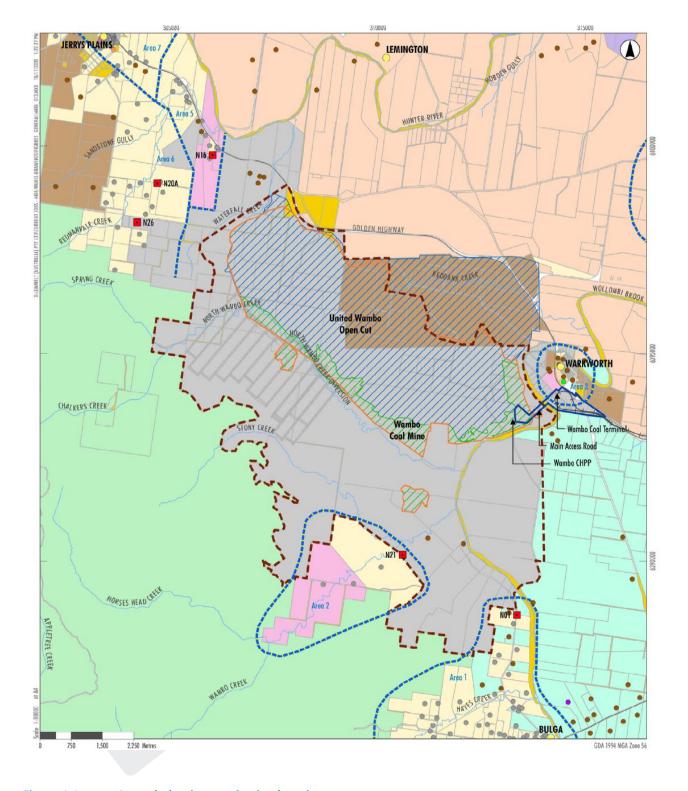


Figure 1.1 Attended noise monitoring locations

### 1.3 Terminology and abbreviations

Some definitions of terms and abbreviations which may be used in this report are provided in Table 1.2.

Table 1.2 Terminology and abbreviations

Term/descriptor	Definition
dB(A)	Noise level measurement units are decibels (dB). The "A" weighting scale is used to approximate how humans hear noise.
L <sub>Amax</sub>	The maximum root mean squared A-weighted noise level over a time period.
L <sub>A1</sub>	The A-weighted noise level which is exceeded for 1 per cent of the time.
LA1,1minute	The A-weighted noise level which is exceeded for 1 per cent of the specified time period of 1 minute.
L <sub>A10</sub>	The A-weighted noise level which is exceeded for 10 percent of the time.
L <sub>Aeq</sub>	The energy average A-weighted noise level.
L <sub>A50</sub>	The A-weighted noise level which is exceeded for 50 per cent of the time, also the median noise level during a measurement period.
LA90	The A-weighted noise level exceeded for 90 percent of the time, also referred to as the "background" noise level and commonly used to derive noise limits.
LAmin	The minimum A-weighted noise level over a time period.
LCeq	The energy average C-weighted noise energy during a measurement period. The "C" weighting scale is used to take into account low-frequency components of noise within the audibility range of humans.
SPL	Sound pressure level. Fluctuations in pressure measured as 10 times a logarithmic scale, with the reference pressure being 20 micropascals.
Hertz (Hz)	The frequency of fluctuations in pressure, measured in cycles per second. Most sounds are a combination of many frequencies together.
AWS	Automatic weather station used to collect meteorological data, typically at an altitude of 10 metres
VTG	Vertical temperature gradient in degrees Celsius per 100 metres altitude.
Sigma-theta	The standard deviation of the horizontal wind direction over a period of time.
IA	Inaudible. When site noise is noted as IA then there was no site noise at the monitoring location.
NM	Not Measurable. If site noise is noted as NM, this means some noise was audible but could not be quantified.
Day	Monday – Saturday: 7 am to 6 pm, on Sundays and Public Holidays: 8 am to 6 pm.
Evening	Monday – Saturday: 6 pm to 10 pm, on Sundays and Public Holidays: 6 pm to 10 pm.
Night	Monday – Saturday: 10 pm to 7 am, on Sundays and Public Holidays: 10 pm to 8 am.
WC	Wambo Coal
WCM	Wambo Coal Mine
WCRS	Wambo Coal Road Spur

Appendix A provides further information that gives an indication as to how an average person perceives changes in noise level, and examples of common noise levels.

### 2 Noise limits

#### 2.1 Project approval

#### 2.2 WCM development consent

The most current development consent for WCM is DA 305-7-2003 (MOD 19, 25 January 2023). Schedule 2, Part B and Appendix 5 detail specific conditions relating to noise generated by the site. Relevant WCM consent sections are reproduced in Appendix B.1.

#### 2.2.1 WCRS development consent

The most current development consent for Wambo Rail Loop is WCRS DA 177-8-2004 (MOD 3, 29 August 2019), last modified to include a rail refuelling facility. Schedule 2, Part B details specific conditions relating to noise generated by WCRS. Relevant WCRS consent sections are reproduced in Appendix B.2.

#### 2.3 Environment protection licence

WCM holds Environment Protection Licence (EPL) No. 529 issued by the Environment Protection Authority (EPA), most recently on 30 September 2021. Relevant sections of the EPL are reproduced in Appendix B.3.

#### 2.4 Noise management plan

Noise monitoring requirements are detailed in the Wambo Coal Noise Management Plan WA-ENV-MNP-503 (NMP, November 2020), prepared in accordance with the WCM and WCRS consents. Relevant sections of the NMP are reproduced in Appendix B.4.

#### 2.5 Noise limits

Noise impact limits based on Phase 2 and 3 of the development consent (MOD 19) and the NMP are as shown in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Noise impact limits, dB

Location	Day <sup>L</sup> Aeq,15minute	Evening L <sub>Aeq,15</sub> minute	Night <sup>L</sup> Aeq,15minute	Night <sup>L</sup> A1,1minute
N01 <sup>1</sup>	38	38	38	48
N16	35	35	35	45
N20A	35	35	35	45
N21 <sup>2</sup>	39	39	39	49
N26	35	35	35	45

Notes: 1. Noise criteria for the nearest privately-owned property (R003) have been adopted.

2. Noise criteria for the nearest privately-owned property (R025) have been adopted.

EPL noise limits have not been updated for Phase 2 and 3 of operations. As noise limits in the development consent and NMP are now more conservative than those in the EPL, the more conservative limits have been adopted in Table 2.1.

#### 2.6 Meteorological conditions

Appendix 5 of MOD 19 details specific meteorological conditions required for noise limits to be applicable:

#### APPENDIX 5 NOISE COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT

#### **Applicable Meteorological Conditions**

- 1. The noise criteria in condition B12 are to apply under all meteorological conditions except the following:
  - (a) where 3°C/100 metres (m) lapse rates have been assessed, then:
    - (i) wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second (m/s) measured at 10m above ground level;
    - (ii) temperature inversion conditions between 1.5°C and 3°C/100m and wind speeds greater than 2m/s measured at 10m above ground level; or
    - (iii) temperature inversion conditions greater than 3°C/100m.
  - (b) where Pasquill Stability Classes have been assessed, then:
    - (i) wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level;
    - stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2m/s at 10m above ground level;
    - (iii) stability category G temperature inversion conditions.

As lapse rates (VTG) were not measured directly, meteorological conditions have been assessed against requirements detailed in 1.(b) which are consistent with the EPL.

#### 2.7 Additional requirements

Monitoring and reporting have been done in accordance with the NSW EPA 'Noise Policy for Industry' (NPfI) issued in October 2017 and the 'Approved methods for the measurement and analysis of environmental noise in NSW' (Approved Methods) issued in January 2022.

#### 2.8 Very noise-enhancing meteorological conditions

In accordance with the Approved Methods, monthly noise monitoring for the site is scheduled to occur during forecasted meteorological conditions where noise limits in Table 2.1 will be applicable. However, in cases where actual meteorological conditions do not align with forecasts and noise limits are subsequently not directly applicable, it is the expectation of regulators that noise impact still be managed.

#### The NPfI states that:

"Noise limits derived for consents and licences will apply under the meteorological conditions used in the environmental assessment process, that is, standard or noise-enhancing meteorological conditions. For 'very noise-enhancing meteorological conditions' ... a limit is set based on the limit derived under standard or noise-enhancing conditions (whichever is adopted in the assessment) plus 5 dB. In this way a development is subject to noise limits under all meteorological conditions."

Therefore, if monthly noise monitoring occurs during meteorological conditions outside of those specified in Section 2.6, site noise limits have been increased by 5 dB.

## 3 Methodology

#### 3.1 Overview

Attended environmental noise monitoring was done in general accordance with Australian Standard AS1055 'Acoustics, Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise' and relevant NSW EPA requirements.

#### 3.2 Attended noise monitoring

During this survey, attended noise monitoring was conducted during the night period at each location. The duration of each measurement was 15 minutes. Atmospheric conditions were measured at each monitoring location.

Measured sound levels from various sources were noted during each measurement, and particular attention was paid to the extent of site's contribution (if any) to measured levels. At each monitoring location, the site-only  $L_{Aeq,15minute}$  and  $L_{Amax}$  were measured directly or determined by other methods detailed in Section 7.1 of the NPfI.

If the exact noise levels from site could not be established due to masking by other sources in a similar frequency range, but site noise was determined to be at least 5 dB lower than relevant limits, then a maximum estimate may be provided. This is expressed as a 'less than' quantity, such as <20 dB or <30 dB.

The terms 'Inaudible' (IA) or 'Not Measurable' (NM) may be used in this report. IA indicates that site noise was inaudible at the monitoring location. NM means site noise was audible but could not be quantified. All results noted as NM in this report were due to one or more of the following:

- Site noise levels were extremely low and unlikely, in many cases, to be noticed.
- Site noise levels were masked by other more dominant noise sources that are characteristic of the environment, such as breeze in foliage or continuous road traffic noise, that cannot be eliminated by monitoring at an alternate or intermediate location.
- It was not feasible or reasonable to employ methods such as move closer and back calculate. Cases may
  include rough terrain preventing closer measurement, addition/removal of significant source to receiver
  shielding caused by moving closer, and meteorological conditions where back calculation may not be
  accurate.

For this assessment, the measured  $L_{Amax}$  has been used as a conservative estimate of  $L_{A1,1minute}$ . The EPA accepts sleep disturbance analysis based on either the  $L_{A1,1minute}$  or  $L_{Amax}$  metrics, with the  $L_{Amax}$  representing a more conservative assessment of site noise emissions.

#### 3.3 Meteorological data

Meteorological data was obtained from the WCM automated weather stations (AWS) which allowed correlation of atmospheric parameters with measured noise levels. This data was obtained in 10-minute intervals. Atmospheric parameters include wind speed, wind direction, rainfall, and sigma theta. When meteorological data is provided in less than 15-minute intervals, an analysis must be conducted to determine the meteorological conditions present for the majority of each measurement period and whether those conditions result in noise criteria being applicable or not.

#### 3.4 Modifying factors

All measurements were evaluated for potential modifying factors in accordance with the NPfl. Assessment of modifying factors is undertaken at the time of measurement if the site was audible and directly quantifiable. If applicable, modifying factor penalties have been reported and added to measured site-only  $L_{\text{Aeq}}$  noise levels.

Low-frequency modifying factor penalties have only been applied to site-only  $L_{Aeq}$  levels if the site was the only contributing low-frequency noise source. Specific methodology for assessment of each modifying factor is outlined in Fact Sheet C of the NPfI.

#### 3.5 Instrumentation

Equipment used to measure environmental noise levels is detailed in Table 3.1. Calibration certificates are provided in Appendix C.

Table 3.1 Attended noise monitoring equipment

Item	Serial number	Calibration due date	Relevant standard
Rion NA-28 sound level meter	00701424	02/06/2023	IEC 61672-1:2002
Rion NA-28 sound level meter	01070590	09/06/2024	IEC 61672-1:2002
Pulsar 106 acoustic calibrator	79631	26/05/2023	IEC 60942:2003
Pulsar 106 acoustic calibrator	74813	09/06/2024	IEC 60942:2003

## 4 Results

#### 4.1 Total measured noise levels and atmospheric conditions

Total noise levels measured during each 15-minute attended measurement are provided in Table 4.1. Discussion as to the noise sources responsible for these measured levels is provided in Section 5 of this report.

Table 4.1 Total measured noise levels – February 2023 <sup>1</sup>

Location	Start date and time	L <sub>Amax</sub> dB	L <sub>A1</sub> dB	L <sub>A10</sub> dB	L <sub>Aeq</sub> dB	L <sub>A50</sub> dB	L <sub>A90</sub> dB	L <sub>Amin</sub> dB
N01	28/02/2023 00:19	46	45	44	42	41	38	37
N16	27/02/2023 23:38	51	47	44	43	42	42	40
N20A	27/02/2023 22:45	48	38	37	36	35	35	33
N21	27/02/2023 23:52	50	37	34	33	33	31	29
N26	27/02/2023 22:16	62	44	40	40	39	38	36

Notes: 1. Levels in this table are not necessarily the result of activity at site.

Atmospheric condition data measured by the operator during each measurement using a hand-held weather meter is shown in Table 4.2. The wind speed, direction and temperature were measured at approximately 1.5 metres above ground. Attended noise monitoring is not done during rain, hail, or wind speeds above 5 m/s at microphone height.

Table 4.2 Measured atmospheric conditions – February 2023

Location	Start date and time	Temperature °C	Wind speed m/s	Wind direction  OMagnetic North	Cloud cover 1/8s
N01	28/02/2023 00:19	22	0.0	-	7
N16	27/02/2023 23:38	22	1.8	150	6
N20A	27/02/2023 22:45	22	0.8	140	3
N21	27/02/2023 23:52	23	0.0	-	7
N26	27/02/2023 22:16	23	0.0	-	0

Notes: 1. "-" indicates calm conditions at monitoring location.

#### 4.2 Site-only noise levels

#### 4.2.1 Modifying factors

There were no modifying factors, as defined in the NPfl, applicable during the survey.

#### 4.2.2 Monitoring results

Table 4.3 provides site noise levels in the absence of other sources, where possible, and includes weather data from the site AWS. Noise limits are applicable under all weather conditions but are adjusted during very noise-enhancing meteorological conditions as defined by the NPfI.

Table 4.3 Site noise levels and limits – February 2023

Location	Start date and time	Wi	nd	Stability class	Very enhancing? 1	Site lim	nits, dB	Site leve	ls, dB	Exceeda	nces, dB
		Speed m/s	Direction <sup>3</sup>			L <sub>Aeq,15minute</sub>	L <sub>A1,1minute</sub>	L <sub>Aeq,15minute</sub> <sup>2</sup>	L <sub>A1,1minute</sub>	L <sub>Aeq,15minute</sub>	L <sub>A1,1minute</sub>
NM1	28/02/2023 00:19	1.3	151	F	No	38	48	IA	IA	Nil	Nil
NM2	27/02/2023 23:38	1.8	123	E	No	35	45	IA	IA	Nil	Nil
NM3	27/02/2023 22:45	1.8	132	F	No	35	45	IA	IA	Nil	Nil
NM4	27/02/2023 23:52	1.5	132	E	No	39	49	IA	IA	Nil	Nil
NM5	27/02/2023 22:16	1.5	108	E	No	35	45	IA	IA	Nil	Nil

Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> Noise limits are adjusted by +5 dB during 'very enhancing meteorological conditions' in accordance with the NPfl.

<sup>2.</sup> Site-only L<sub>Aeq,15</sub>minute, includes modifying factor penalties if applicable.

<sup>3.</sup> Degrees magnetic north, "-" indicates calm conditions.

## 5 Discussion

#### 5.1 Noted noise sources

During attended monitoring, the time variations (temporal characteristics) of noise sources are considered in each measurement via statistical descriptors. From these observations, summaries have been derived for the location and provided in this section. Statistical 1/3 octave-band analysis of environmental noise was done and the following figures display frequency ranges of various noise sources at each location for  $L_{A1}$ ,  $L_{A10}$ ,  $L_{Aeq}$ ,  $L_{A50}$ , and  $L_{A90}$  descriptors. These figures also provide, graphically, statistical information for these noise levels.

An example is provided as Figure 5.1, where frogs and insects are seen to be generating noise at frequencies above 1000 Hz, while industrial noise is observed at frequencies less than 1000 Hz.

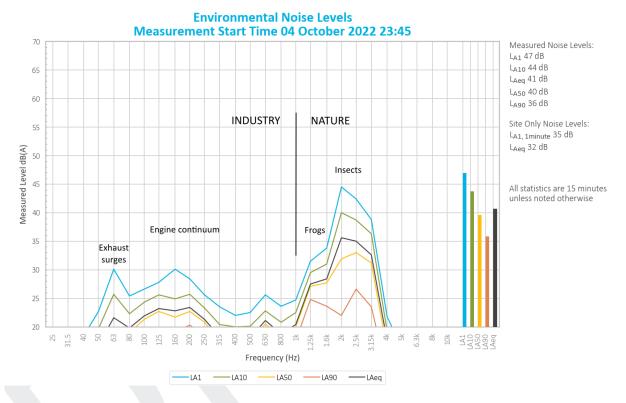


Figure 5.1 Example graph (refer to Section 5.1 for explanatory note)

#### 5.1.1 N01

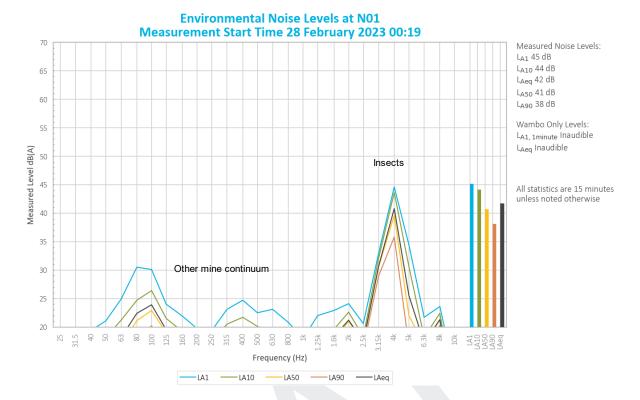


Figure 5.2 Environmental noise levels, N01 – Wambo Road

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Insects generated measured noise levels.

Noise from frogs and continuum from another mining operation were also noted.

#### 5.1.2 N16

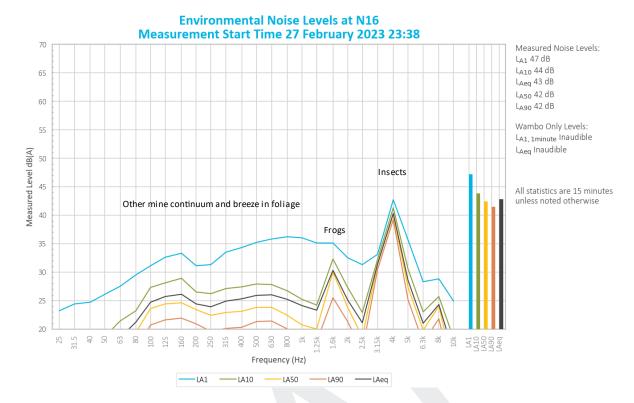


Figure 5.3 Environmental noise levels, N16 – Jerrys Plains Road

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Frogs and insects were primarily responsible for measured noise levels. Continuum from another mining operation contributed to the measured  $L_{Aeq}$ ,  $L_{A50}$ , and  $L_{A90}$ . Breeze in the foliage contributed to the measured  $L_{A1}$ .

#### 5.1.3 N20A

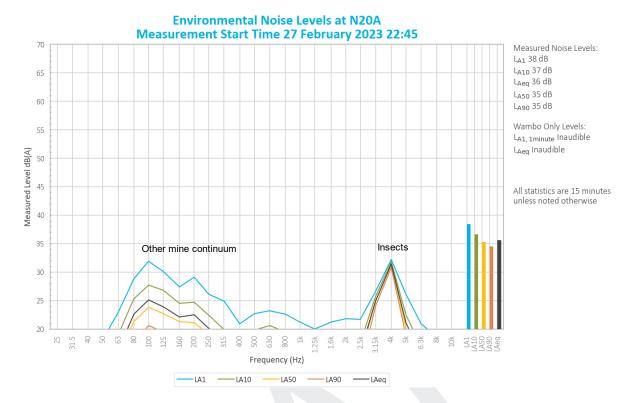


Figure 5.4 Environmental noise levels, N20A – Redmanvale Road Central

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Continuum from another mining operation and insects combined to generate measured noise levels.

Noise from a rattling fence, distant road traffic and breeze in foliage was also noted.

#### 5.1.4 N21

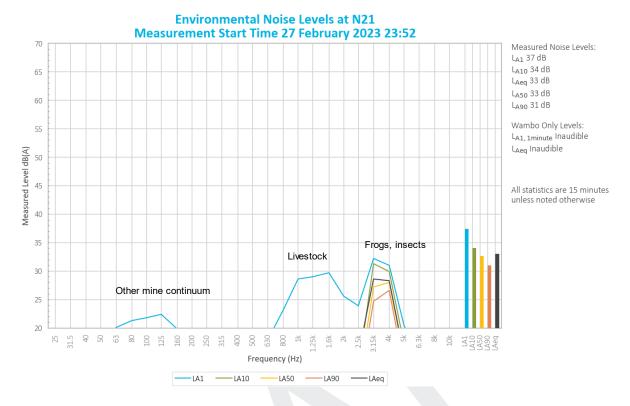


Figure 5.5 Environmental noise levels, N21 – Wambo South

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Insects were primarily responsible for measured noise levels. Livestock contributed to the measured L<sub>A1</sub>.

Continuum from another mining operation was also noted at low levels.

#### 5.1.5 N26

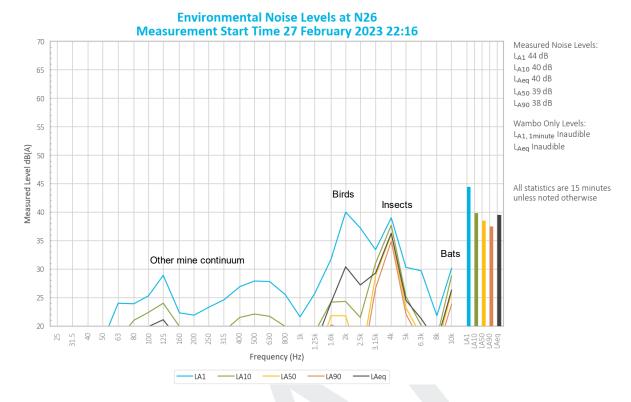


Figure 5.6 Environmental noise levels, N26 – Redmanvale Road South

WCM was inaudible during the measurement.

Insects were primarily responsible for measured levels. Birds contributed to the measured L<sub>A1</sub>.

Continuum from another mining operation and noise from dogs barking were also noted.

## **6** Summary

EMM was engaged by Wambo Coal Pty Limited to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at WCM and WCRS. The survey purpose was to quantify the acoustic environment and compare site noise levels against specified limits.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was done during the night period of 27/28 February 2023 at five monitoring locations.

Noise levels from site complied with relevant limits at all monitoring locations during the February 2023 survey.



## Appendix A

Noise perception and examples



#### A.1 Noise levels

Table A.1 gives an indication as to how an average person perceives changes in noise level. Examples of common noise levels are provided in Figure A.1.

Table A.1 Perceived change in noise

Change in sound pressure level (dB)	Perceived change in noise		
up to 2	Not perceptible		
3	Just perceptible		
5	Noticeable difference		
10	Twice (or half) as loud		
15	Large change		
20	Four times (or quarter) as loud		

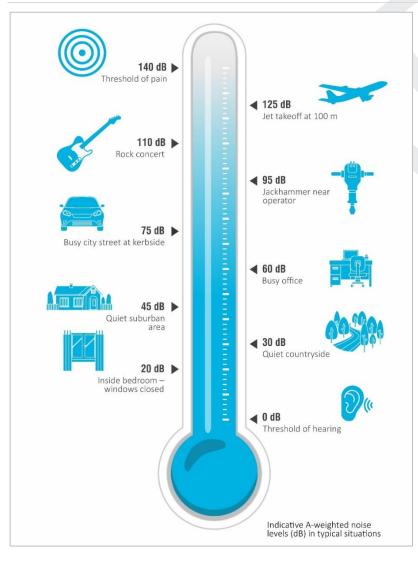


Figure A.1 Common noise levels

# Appendix B Regulator documents



#### B.1 Wambo Coal Mine development consent

#### NOISE

#### **Operational Noise Criteria**

B12. During Phase 1, the Applicant must ensure that the noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex does not exceed the criteria in Table 3 at any residence® on privately-owned land.

Table 3: Operational noise criteria dB(A) for Phase 1

Noise Assessment Location	Day L <sub>Aeq (15 min)</sub>	Evening/Night L <sub>Aeq (15 min)</sub>	Night L <sub>A1 (1 min)</sub>
R016			
R025			
R029	40	40	50
R033	40	40	50
R320 (previously 15B)			
R345 (previously 15B)			
R006			
R007	39	39	50
R048	39		50
R343 (previously 37)			
R030 (previously 38)		38	
R049			
R075	38		50
R346			
R348			
R163	37	37	50
R344 (previously 137)	31	31	30
All other privately-owned residences	35	35	50

a The Noise Assessment Locations referred to in Table 3 are shown in Appendix 4.

B13. During Phase 2 and Phase 3, the Applicant must ensure that the noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex does not exceed the criteria in Table 4 at any residence<sup>a</sup> on privately-owned land.

Table 4: Operational noise criteria dB(A) for Phase 2 and Phase 3

Noise Assessment Area	Noise Assessment Location	Day LAeq (15 min)	Evening Laeq (15 min)	Night Laeq (15 min)	Night La1 (1 min)
Area 1 - North	R007	37	37	37	47
Bulga	All other privately- owned residences	35	35	35	45
Area 2 - South	R025	39	39	39	49
Wambo	All other privately- owned residences	35	35	35	45
Area 3 - Warkworth Village	All other privately- owned residences	44	44	43	53
All other areas	All privately- owned residences	35	35	35	45

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> The Noise Assessment Areas referred to in Table 4 are shown in Appendix 4.

- B14. Noise generated by the Wambo Mining Complex must be measured in accordance with the relevant requirements and exemptions (including certain meteorological conditions) of the NSW Industrial Noise Policy (EPA, 2000). Appendix 5 of this consent sets out the meteorological conditions under which these criteria apply and the requirements for evaluating compliance with these criteria.
- B15. The noise criteria in Table 3 and Table 4 do not apply if the Applicant has an agreement with the owner/s of the relevant residence or land to exceed the noise criteria, and the Applicant has advised the Department in writing of the terms of this agreement.

#### **Noise Operating Conditions**

- B16. The Applicant must:
  - take all reasonable steps to minimise all noise from construction and operational activities, including low frequency and other audible characteristics, as well as road noise associated with the development;
  - monitor and record all major equipment use and make this data readily available at the request of the Department or the EPA;
  - (c) operate a noise management system commensurate with the risk of impact to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this consent:
  - take all reasonable steps to minimise the noise impacts of the development during noise-enhancing meteorological conditions when the noise criteria in this consent do not apply (see Appendix 5); and
  - (e) carry out regular attended noise monitoring (at least once a month, unless otherwise agreed by the Planning Secretary) to determine whether the development is complying with the relevant conditions of this consent.

#### Noise Management Plan

- B17. The Applicant must prepare a Noise Management Plan for the Wambo Mining Complex to the satisfaction of the Planning Secretary. This plan must:
  - (a) be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced person/s;
  - (b) be prepared in consultation with the EPA;
  - (c) describe the measures to be implemented to ensure:
    - (i) compliance with the noise criteria and operating conditions in this consent;
    - (ii) best practice management is being employed; and
    - (iii) noise impacts of the development are minimised during noise-enhancing meteorological conditions under which the noise criteria in this consent do not apply (see Appendix 5);
  - (d) seek to minimise road traffic noise generated by employee commuter vehicles on public roads;
  - (e) describe the noise management system in detail; and
  - (f) include a monitoring program that:
    - uses a combination of real-time and supplementary attended monitoring to evaluate the performance of the development;
    - includes a program to calibrate and validate the real-time noise monitoring results with the attended monitoring results over time;
    - (iii) adequately supports the noise management system; and
    - (iv) includes a protocol for distinguishing noise emissions between the Wambo Mining Complex and United Wambo open cut coal mine; and
    - includes a protocol for identifying any noise-related exceedance, incident or non-compliance and for notifying the Department and relevant stakeholders of any such event.
- B18. The Applicant must not commence Phase 2 until the Noise Management Plan is approved by the Planning Secretary.
- B19. The Applicant must implement the Noise Management Plan as approved by the Planning Secretary.

#### APPENDIX 5 NOISE COMPLIANCE ASSESSMENT

#### **Applicable Meteorological Conditions**

- 1. The noise criteria in condition B12 are to apply under all meteorological conditions except the following:
  - (a) where 3°C/100 metres (m) lapse rates have been assessed, then:
    - (i) wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second (m/s) measured at 10m above ground level;
    - (ii) temperature inversion conditions between 1.5°C and 3°C/100m and wind speeds greater than 2m/s measured at 10m above ground level; or
    - (iii) temperature inversion conditions greater than 3°C/100m.
  - (b) where Pasquill Stability Classes have been assessed, then:
    - (i) wind speeds greater than 3m/s at 10m above ground level;
    - stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2m/s at 10m above ground level;
    - (iii) stability category G temperature inversion conditions.

#### **Determination of Meteorological Conditions**

Except for wind speed at microphone height, the data to be used for determining meteorological conditions shall be that recorded by the meteorological station required under condition B50.

#### Compliance Monitoring

- Unless otherwise agreed by the Planning Secretary, this monitoring must be carried out in accordance with the
  relevant requirements for reviewing performance set out in the NSW Industrial Noise Policy (EPA, 2000), in particular
  the requirements relating to:
  - (a) monitoring locations for the collection of representative noise data;
  - (b) meteorological conditions during which collection of noise data is not appropriate;
  - equipment used to collect noise data, and conformity with Australian Standards relevant to such equipment;
     and
  - (d) modifications to noise data collected, including for the exclusion of extraneous noise and/or penalties for modifying factors apart from adjustments for duration,

with the exception of applying appropriate modifying factors for low frequency noise during compliance testing. This should be undertaken in accordance with Fact Sheet C of the NSW Noise Policy for Industry (EPA, 2017).

#### B.2 Wambo Rail Spur development consent

#### PART B SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

#### NOISE

#### **Noise Operating Conditions**

- B1. The Applicant must:
  - take all reasonable steps to minimise all noise associated with the development, including during noiseenhancing meteorological conditions;
  - operate a noise management system commensurate with the risk of impact to ensure compliance with the relevant conditions of this consent;
  - only use locomotives and rolling stock that are approved to operate on the NSW rail network in accordance with the noise limits in ARTC's EPL and use reasonable endeavours to ensure that rolling stock is selected to minimise noise;
  - (d) use all reasonable efforts to co-ordinate noise management on the site with the noise management at Wambo mine; and
  - (e) carry out regular attended noise monitoring to determine whether the development is complying with the relevant conditions of this consent.



## B.3 Environmental protection licence

#### L5 Noise limits

L5.1 Noise generated at the premises must not exceed the noise limits presented in the table below. The noise limits in the table below represent the noise contribution from the premises.

Receiver Land Number	Day LAeq(15 minute)	Evening LAeq(15 minute)	Night LAeq(15 minute)	Night LA1(1 minute)
EPA Point 20 in NMG1	40	40	40	50
EPA Point 21 in NMG2	40	40	40	50
EPA Point 22 in NMG3	40	40	40	50
EPA Point 23 in NMG4	38	38	38	50
Residence 019	59	59	59	
Residence 003 and 025 in NMG3	40	40	40	50
Residence 016 and 039 in NMG1	40	40	40	50
Residence 029, 042 and 345 in NMG4	40	40	40	50
Residence 033 and 320 in NMG2	40	40	40	50
Residence 006 and 007 in NMG3	39	39	39	50
Residence 048 and 343	39	39	39	50
Residence 017 in NMG1	38	38	38	50
Residence 030, 035, 049, 075 and 379	38	38	38	50
Residence 346 and 348 in NMG4	38	38	38	50
Residence 344 in NMG2	37	37	37	50
Residence 043, 163, 380 and 381	37	37	37	50

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All other privately owned residences	35	35	35	50
in Appendix 4 of				
DA 305-7-2003 29				
August 2019				

- L5.2 For the purpose of Condition L5.1:
  - a) Day is defined as the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday and 8am to 6pm Sundays and Public Holidays;
  - b) Evening is defined as the period from 6pm to 10pm; and
  - c) Night is defined as the period from 10pm to 7am Monday to Saturday and 10pm to 8am Sundays and Public Holidays.
- L5.3 The noise limits set out in condition L5.1 apply under all meteorological conditions except for the following:
  - a) Wind speeds greater than 3 metres/second at 10 metres above the ground level;
  - b) Stability category F temperature inversion conditions and wind speeds greater than 2 metres/second at 10 metres above ground level; or
  - c) Stability category G temperature inversion conditions.
- L5.4 For the purposes of condition L5.5:
  - a) Data recorded by the closest and most representative meteorological station installed on the premises at EPA Identification Point 17 must be used to determine meteorological conditions; and
  - b) Temperature inversion conditions (stability category) are to be determined by the methods referred to in Fact Sheet D of the Noise Policy for Industry (2017).

Note: For the purposes of condition L5.1:

- Noise receiver locations and associated noise limits are defined in Appendix 4 of development consent DA 305-7-2003 dated 29 August 2019 at EPA reference: DOC19/1117963.
- Noise monitoring groups (NMG) are defined in the document titled 'Wambo Coal Mine Noise
   Monitoring Groups Noise Modelling Evaluation' dated 16 August 2019 at EPA reference DOC19/704212.

#### M9 Noise monitoring

M9.1 To assess compliance with the noise limits specified within this licence, the licensee must undertake operator attended noise monitoring at each specified noise monitoring point in accordance with the table below.

#### POINT 20,21,22,23

Assessment period	Minimum frequency in a reporting period	Minimum duration within assessment period	Minimum number of assessment period
Night	Monthly	15 minutes	1 operation day

- M9.2 To assess compliance with condition L5.1, attended noise monitoring must be undertaken in accordance with Conditions L5.4 to L5.6:
  - a) at the EPA points 20,21,22 and 23 identified in P1.3;
  - b) occur every calendar month in a reporting period; and
  - c) occur during one night time period as defined in the Noise Policy for Industry 2017 for a minimum of 15 minutes at each location from a), and when relevant b) during the night.
- M9.3 For the purposes of compliance monitoring and determining the noise generated at the premises the modification factors in the EPA's Fact Sheet C of the Noise Policy for Industry (2017) must be applied, as appropriate, to the noise levels measured by noise monitoring equipment.

#### Definitions

Noise refers to 'sound pressure levels' for the purpose of conditions L5.1 to L5.6 and condition M10.

#### B.4 Noise management plan

#### 5.0 Noise Monitoring Program

#### 5.1 Attended Noise Monitoring

WCPL attended noise monitoring is carried out monthly. The monitoring is conducted by a WCPL appointed acoustic specialist who measures and describes the acoustic environment at each attended monitoring location. The attended noise monitoring results are compared with noise impact assessment criteria (as defined in Section 3.1) to assess compliance. Attended noise monitoring is considered the preferred method for determining compliance with prescribed limits because it allows for an accurate determination of the contribution, if any, made by industrial noise sources to measured ambient noise levels.

Operator attended noise measurements are conducted during night period<sup>3</sup> operations to quantify noise emissions from WCPL as well as the overall level of ambient noise.

Noise levels (LA<sub>max</sub> and LA<sub>eq</sub>) from the Mine are quantified over a 15 minute measurement period. In addition, the overall levels of ambient noise (i.e. LA<sub>max</sub>, LA<sub>10</sub>, LA<sub>10</sub>, LA<sub>50</sub>, LA<sub>50</sub>, and LA<sub>eq</sub>) over the 15 minute period will be quantified and characterised.

Attended noise monitoring will be conducted at a representative location in accordance with the NPfl and Australian Standard AS 1055 'Acoustics, Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise'.

Attended noise monitoring is undertaken at five locations as shown in Table 5. The attended noise monitoring network locations have been strategically chosen to provide sufficiently appropriate noise monitoring coverage (refer to Figure 5).

Table 5: Attended Noise Monitoring Locations

Noise Assessment	Site Ref EPL529 ID	Description	Approximate Co-ordinates (MGA 94, z56)		Representative Addresses		
Area*				Easting	Northing	Addresses	
1	N01	N/A	North Bulga	313352	6388696	3, 7, 379	
2	N21	22	South Wambo	310586	6390149	25, 35a	
	N16	20	Jerrys Plains Road	308000	6399785	Privately owned residences near Jerry's Plains	
1921	N20A	21	Redmanvale Road Central	304666	6399100	Privately owned residences near Jerry's Plains	
	N26	23	Redmanvale Road South	304172	6398160	Privately owned residences near Jerry's Plains	

Notes for Table 5

Measurement of rail pass-by noise levels was removed from the monitoring program in Version 5 of the NMP, following a demonstrated history of compliance. Monitoring will be recommenced if triggered by complaint or change in rolling stock used to transport coal from WCPL.

Meteorological data from the WCPL meteorological station will be utilised to correlate atmospheric parameters and measured noise levels. Ground level atmospheric condition measurement is also undertaken during attended monitoring. Noise criteria only apply in meteorological conditions specified in the conditions. A detailed Compliance Assessment Methodology has been developed to determine the individual noise contributions of the separate United Wambo and Wambo operations (Section 6.1).

Modifying factors will be assessed in accordance with the NPfl.

<sup>1</sup> The Noise Assessment Areas are shown on Figure 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>In general, weather enhancing conditions are more likely to occur at night which has the greatest potential to cause an exceedance. This approach is consistent with the NSW Oraff Guidelines: Mining Noise Monitoring Application Note. However WCPL will review the data in accordance with this Noise Management Plan to determine if there are compelling reasons to revert back to day time attended monitoring. Please note that evening and night time noise level criteria are the same.

## Appendix C Calibration certificates



#### **C.1** Calibration certificates



North Rocks NSW AUSTRALIA 2151 Ph: +61 2 9484 0800 A.B.N. 65 160 399 119 Ltd www.acousticresearch.com.au

#### **Sound Level Meter** IEC 61672-3.2013

#### **Calibration Certificate**

Calibration Number C21344

Client Details Global Acoustics Pty Ltd

12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Rion NA-28 Instrument Serial Number: 00701424

Microphone Serial Number: 01916 Pre-amplifier Serial Number: 01463

Pre-Test Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: 20.6°C

Relative Humidity: 47% Barometric Pressure: 101.05kPa Post-Test Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: 22.4°C

Relative Humidity: 44% Barometric Pressure: 100.91kPa

Calibration Technician: Jeff Yu Secondary Check: Harrison Kim Calibration Date: 2 Jun 2021 Report Issue Date: 2 Jun 2021

Approved Signatory : Allems

Ken Williams

100000					
Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result	Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result		
12: Acoustical Sig. tests of a frequency weighting	Pass	17: Level linearity incl. the level range control	Pass		
13: Electrical Sig. tests of frequency weightings	Pass	18: Toneburst response	Pass		
14: Frequency and time weightings at 1 kHz	Pass	19: C Weighted Peak Sound Level	Pass		
15: Long Term Stability	Pass	20: Overload Indication	Pass		
16: Level linearity on the reference level range	Pass -	21: High Level Stability	Pass		

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation test performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2013, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2013, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2013.

		Least Uncertainties of Measurement -		
Acoustic Tests		Environmental Conditions		
125Hz	±0.12dB	Temperature	±0.2°C	
1kHz	$\pm 0.11dB$	Relative Humidity	±2.4%	
8kHz	±0.13dB	Barometric Pressure	±0.015kPa	
Electrical Tests	$\pm 0.10dB$			

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - calibration.

The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to SI

NATA is a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement for the mutual recognition of the equivalence of testing, medical testing, calibration and inspection reports.

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#### Sound Level Meter IEC 61672-3:2013

#### Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C22373

Client Details EMM Consulting

Suite 6, Level 1, 146 Hunter Street

Newcastle NSW 2300

Equipment Tested/ Model Number: Rion NA-28

Instrument Serial Number: 01070590 Microphone Serial Number: 08184 Pre-amplifier Serial Number: 52329

Pre-Test Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: 25.7°C Relative Humidity: 31.9%

Post-Test Atmospheric Conditions Ambient Temperature: 25.4℃ Relative Humidity: 32.4% Barometric Pressure: 100.18kPa Barometric Pressure: 100.11kPa

Calibration Technician : Lucky Jaiswal Calibration Date : 9 Jun 2022 Secondary Check: Max Moore Report Issue Date: 20 Jun 2022

Approved Signatory: Hallens

Ken Williams

Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result	Clause and Characteristic Tested	Result
12: Acoustical Sig. tests of a frequency weighting	Pass	17: Level linearity incl. the level range control	Pass
<ol><li>Electrical Sig. tests of frequency weightings</li></ol>	Pass	18: Toneburst response	Pass
14: Frequency and time weightings at 1 kHz	Pass	<ol><li>C Weighted Peak Sound Level</li></ol>	Pass
15: Long Term Stability	Pass	20: Overload Indication	Pass
16: Level linearity on the reference level range	Pass	21: High Level Stability	Pass

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

However, no general statement or conclusion can be made about conformance of the sound level meter to the full requirements of IEC 61672-1:2013 because evidence was not publicly available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for pattern approvals, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2013 and because the periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2013 cover only a limited subset of the specifications in IEC 61672-1:2013.

		Uncertainties of Measurement -	
Acoustic Tests		Environmental Conditions	
125 <b>H</b> z	±0.13dB	Temperature	±0.1°C
1 <i>kH</i> z	±0.13dB	Relative Humidity	±1.9%
8kHz	±0.14dB	Barometric Pressure	±0.014kPa
Electrical Tests	$\pm 0.13dB$		

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Calibration.

The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to SI

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Ph: +61 2 9484 0800 A.B.N. 65 160 399 119 Labs Pty Ltd | www.acousticresearch.com.au

#### **Sound Calibrator** IEC 60942-2017

#### **Calibration Certificate**

Calibration Number C21341

Client Details Global Acoustics Ptv Ltd

12/16 Huntingdale Drive Thornton NSW 2322

Equipment Tested/ Model Number : Pulsar Model 106

> Instrument Serial Number: 79631

> > Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature: 22.7°C Relative Humidity: 47.5% Barometric Pressure: 100.64kPa

Calibration Technician: Jeff Yu Secondary Check: Harrison Kim Calibration Date: 26 May 2021 Report Issue Date : 26 May 2021

> Approved Signatory : Allems Ken Williams

Characteristic Tested	Result	
Generated Sound Pressure Level	Pass	
Frequency Generated	Pass	
Total Distortion	Pass	

Nominal Level	Nominal Frequency	Measured Level	Measured Frequency
94	1000	94.02	1000,40

The sound calibrator has been shown to conform to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942:2017 for the sound pressure level(s) and frequency(ies) stated, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

Least Uncertainties of Measurement -Environmental Conditions Specific Tests

Generated SPL  $\pm 0.14dB$ ±0.09% Relative Humidity Barometric Pressure Frequency +2 4% Distortion ±0.015kPa

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.

\* The tests <1000 kHz are not covered by Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd NATA accreditation.

This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.



Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - calibration.

The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to SI

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#### Sound Calibrator IEC 60942:2017

#### Calibration Certificate

Calibration Number C22374

Client Details

EMM Consulting Suite 6, Level 1, 146 Hunter Street

Newcastle NSW 2300

Equipment Tested/ Model Number : Pulsar Model 106

Instrument Serial Number: 74813

Atmospheric Conditions

Ambient Temperature : 25.8°C Relative Humidity : 33.6% Barometric Pressure: 100.19kPa

Calibration Technician : Lucky Jaiswal Max Moore Secondary Check: Calibration Date: 09 Jun 2022 Report Issue Date: 20 Jun 2022

Approved Signatory : Allemo

Ken Williams

Characteristic Tested Result Generated Sound Pressure Level Pass Frequency Generated Pass Total Distortion Pass

Measured Frequency Nominal Level Nominal Frequency Measured Level 1000 1000.30

The sound calibrator has been shown to conform to the class 2 requirements for periodic testing, described in Annex B of IEC 60942:2017 for the sound pressure level(s) and frequency(ies) stated, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed.

Specific Tests Environmental Conditions Generated SPL Temperature Relative Humidity ±0.1°C ±1.9% ±0.10dB Frequency Distortion ±0.13% ±0.20% Barometric Pressure ±0.014kPa

All uncertainties are derived at the 95% confidence level with a coverage factor of 2.



This calibration certificate is to be read in conjunction with the calibration test report.

Acoustic Research Labs Pty Ltd is NATA Accredited Laboratory Number 14172. Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 - Calibration.

The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to SI

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