UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): September 6, 2023

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

1-16463 Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of (Commission File Number) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) incorporation) 701 Market Street, St. Louis, Missouri 63101-1826 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (314) 342-3400 $Check \ the \ appropriate \ box \ below \ if the \ Form \ 8-K \ filing \ is \ intended \ to \ simultaneously \ satisfy \ the \ filing \ obligation \ of \ the \ registrant \ under \ any \ of \ the \ following \ provisions:$ $\hfill\square$ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425) \square Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12) ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b)) ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c)) Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class Trading Symbol(s) Name of each exchange on which registered

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this

BTU

Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share

Emerging growth company $\ \square$

New York Stock Exchange

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

Peabody Energy Corporation's Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Mark A. Spurbeck, will be attending the Jefferies Industrials Conference on Wednesday, September 6, 2023. Mr. Spurbeck intends to share an overview of the Company's strategic focus, business developments, and recent trends. A copy of the slides that will be discussed during the conference is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference. These presentation materials should be read together with the information included in the Company's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 and Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

The information set forth in and incorporated into this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K is being furnished pursuant to Item 7.01 of Form 8-K and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any of the Company's filings under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date hereof and regardless of any general incorporation language in such filings, except to the extent expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing. The filing of this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information herein that is required to be disclosed solely by reason of Regulation FD.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No. Description of Exhibit

99.1 <u>Investor Presentation, dated September 6, 2023.</u>

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PEABODY ENERGY CORPORATION

September 6, 2023

By: /s/ Scott T. Jarboe
Name: Scott T. Jarboe
Title: Chief Administrative Officer and Corporate Secretary



Jefferies Industrials Conference



September 6/7, 2023

Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

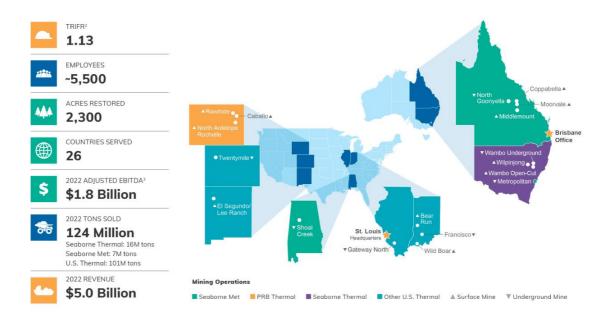
Peabody

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the securities laws. Forwardlooking statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. They often include words or variation of words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "projects," "forecasts," "targets," "would," "will," "should," "goal," "could" or "may" or other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements provide management's or the Board's current expectations or predictions of future conditions, events or results. All statements that address operating performance, events, or developments that may occur in the future are forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the shareholder return framework, execution of Peabody's operating plans, market conditions, reclamation obligations, financial outlook and liquidity requirements. They may include estimates of sales and other operating performance targets, cost savings, capital expenditures, other expense items, actions relating to strategic initiatives, demand for the company's products, liquidity, capital structure, market share, industry volume, other financial items, descriptions of management's plans or objectives for future operations and descriptions of assumptions underlying any of the above. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made and reflect Peabody's good faith beliefs, assumptions and expectations, but they are not guarantees of future performance or events. Furthermore, Peabody disclaims any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as required by law. By their nature, forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forwardlooking statements. Factors that might cause such differences include, but are not limited to, a variety of economic, competitive, and regulatory factors, many of which are beyond Peabody's control, that are described in Peabody's periodic reports filed with the SEC including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31, 2022 and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended Mar. 31, 2023, and June 30, 2023, and other factors that Peabody may describe from time to time in other filings with the SEC. You may get such filings for free at Peabody's website at www.peabodyenergy.com. You should understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors and, consequently, you should not consider any such list to be a complete set of all potential risks or uncertainties.

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Peabody Quick Facts¹

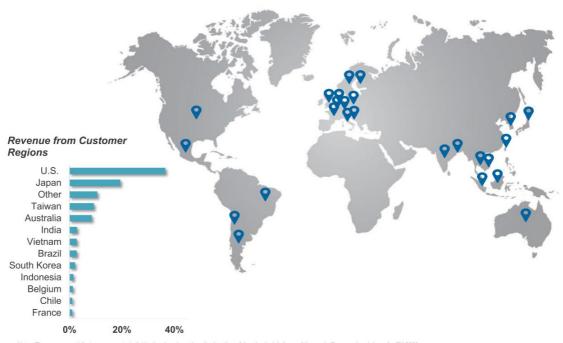
<u>Peabody</u>



- 1 All statistics are for the year ended December 31, 2022.
 2 Total Recordable incident Frequency Rate ("TRIFR") equals recordable incidents per 200,000 hours worked; MSHA reported total U.S. TRIFR for 2022 of 2.77
 3 Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the definitions and reconciliations to the nearest GAAP measures in the appendix.

Peabody Serves Broad Global Customer Base

<u>Peabody</u>



Note: The company attributes revenue to individual regions based on the location of the physical delivery of the coal. Revenue breakdown for FY 2022

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Peabody's Business Segments

Peabody

		Mines	Full Year 2022	
Seaborne Thermal		WilpinjongWambo UndergroundWambo OC JV	 Tons Sold (millions) Revenue per Ton Costs per Ton Adjusted EBITDA Margin per Ton Adjusted EBITDA (millions) 	15.6 \$86.07 \$44.65 \$41.42 \$647.6
Seaborne Metallurgical	1	Shoal Creek Metropolitan Coppabella / Moorvale (CMJV)	 Tons Sold (millions) Revenue per Ton Costs per Ton Adjusted EBITDA Margin per Ton Adjusted EBITDA (millions) 	6.6 \$243.78 \$125.92 \$117.86 \$781.7
Powder River Basin	TANK BENEFIT	North Antelope RochelleCaballoRawhide	 Tons Sold (millions) Revenue per Ton Costs per Ton Adjusted EBITDA Margin per Ton Adjusted EBITDA (millions) 	82.6 \$12.89 \$12.06 \$0.83 \$68.2
Other U.S. Thermal	THE PARTY NAME AND TO PARTY.	 Bear Run Francisco Underground Wild Boar Gateway North Twentymile El Segundo / Lee Ranch 	 Tons Sold (millions) Revenue per Ton Costs per Ton Adjusted EBITDA Margin per Ton Adjusted EBITDA (millions) 	18.4 \$51.82 \$38.63 \$13.19 \$242.4

rie: Revenue per Lon, costs per Lon and Adjusted EBI IDA Margin per Lon are non-JAAP operatingstrations are never revenue per Lon and Adjusted EBITDA Margin per Lon are equal to revenue by segment and Adjusted EBITDA by segment, respectively, divided by segment tons sold. Costs per Ton is equal to Revenue per Ton less Adjusted EBITDA Margin per Ton. Adjusted EBITDA and an an accordance of the segment tons sold. Costs per Ton is equal to Revenue per Ton less Adjusted EBITDA Margin per Ton. Adjusted EBITDA and accordance of the segment tons of the segment to the segment of the segment to the segment t



Financial Strength



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Financial Strategy

Peabody

Free Cash Flow Generation

Generate cash in excess of liquidity and capital requirements

Balance Sheet Resiliency

Secured Debt ARO / Other Debt-Like

Shareholder Returns & Strategic Investments

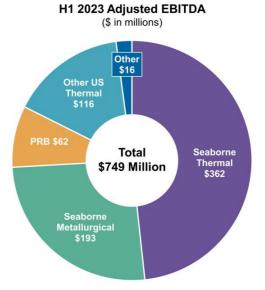
Shareholder Returns Reinvest in the Portfolio

- · Eliminated all senior secured debt
- Pre-funded all final reclamation at full estimated cost to defease liability
- Other debt-like obligations include legacy retiree healthcare, pension and black lung liabilities
- Commenced a shareholder return program that is sustainable and based on Available Free Cash Flow generation
- Investments focused on organic project pipeline (e.g., North Goonyella)

Financial Strength from Portfolio Diversity

<u>Peabody</u>

- Global scale and diversification to target the most attractive markets
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$749 million in H1 2023 driven by strong seaborne pricing
- Shareholder return program returned \$262 million through July 19, 2023
 - Repurchased more than 8% of shares outstanding
- Proven performance as a safe, regulatory compliant producer on two continents
- Continue to reweight assets to seaborne opportunities



Note: Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the definitions and reconciliations to the nearest GAAP measure in the appendi

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Shareholder Return Program

Peabody

	Quarte	Quarter Ended		Six Months Ended	
	Jun.	2023	Jun	. 2023	
(Dollars in millions)					
Cash Flow from Operations:	\$	353.4	\$	739.7	
- Cash Flows Used in Investing Activities		(61.5)		(120.0)	
- Distributions to Noncontrolling Interest		-		(22.8)	
+/- Changes to Restricted Cash and Collateral (1)		82.8		39.7	
- Anticipated Expenditures or Other Requirements				_	
Available Free Cash Flow (AFCF) (2)	\$	374.7	\$	636.6	
Allocation for shareholder returns				65%	
Total shareholder returns			\$	413.8	
- Dividends paid (3)				(10.8)	
- Share repurchases (4)				(251.0)	
- Declared dividends (5)				(10.0)	
Total available for shareholder returns		. <u>-</u>	\$	142.0	

This amount is equal to the total change in Restricted Cash and Collateral on the balance sheet, excluding partially offsetting amounts already included in cash flow from operations of \$71 million and \$117 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively and the \$660 million one-time funding related to the surety program in the first quarter.
 Available Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial measure defined as quarterly operating cash flow minus investing cash flow and distributions to noncontrolling interests; plus/minus changes to restricted cash and collateral (excluding one-time effects of the recent surety agreement amendment) and other anticipated expenditures. Available Free Cash Flow is used by management as a measure of our ability to generate excess cash flow from our business operations.
 Does not include \$0.1 million of non-cash dividend equivalent units issued.
 Includes share repurchases through July 19, 2023.
 Represents dividends declared that remained payable as of July 27, 2023. The dividend was paid on August 30, 2023.

Balance Sheet Strength

Eliminated All Secured Funded Debt; Fully Funded ARO Liability; \$1 Billion of Cash Liquidity at June 30, 2023

Funded Debt and Cash Balances (\$ in millions)



Note: Reflects principal amount of funded debt outstanding at end of period, excluding finance lease obligations and debt issuance costs



Market Overview



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Supply Side Response Limited Due to High Barriers to Entry

Peabody

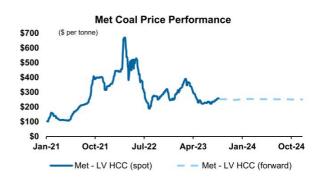


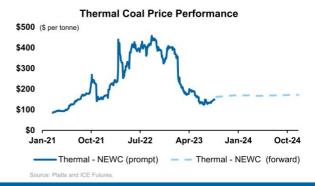
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Seaborne Market Dynamics

Peabody

- Fundamental demand profile and supply constraints favor prices staying higher than historical levels
- Supply response challenged by lack of capital investment and ever-increasing barriers to entry
- Recent price action reflects a reduction in inventories following a warm winter in the Northern Hemisphere
- Peabody positioned to benefit from market with near-term price exposure to both seaborne and U.S. markets

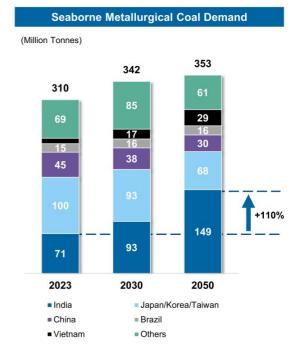




Seaborne Met Coal Demand Growing – Supply Response Constrained – Organic N. Goonyella Development



- China's rapid urbanization drove met coal consumption growth the last 15 years; India is projected to drive the next ~25 years
- Australia projected to continue to dominate seaborne met coal supply, advantaged by high-quality products, low-cost operations, and proximity to demand centers
- Most new met coal supply projections are from restarts and expansions.
 Greenfield projects face ongoing challenges
- Peabody's existing met coal portfolio positioned to capture value from demand growth. The restart of North Goonyella significantly increases Peabody's premium HCC production profile

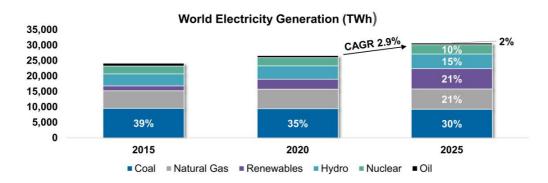


Source: The graph was obtained from Wood Mackenzie Long Term Outlook (May 2023).

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Thermal Coal Leads all Generation Sources Global Electricity Demand Continues to Grow

Peabody



- Global electricity demand expected to grow by 2.9% between 2020 and 2025
- Coal is forecasted to remain the largest source of electricity generation through 2025
- On average, ~70 GW of global coal generation capacity has been added annually between 2010 and 2020, and another ~150 GW of new coal generation capacity is currently under construction
- Seaborne thermal coal demand expected to hold steady over the next several years, coupled with potential supply reductions supports elevated price projections

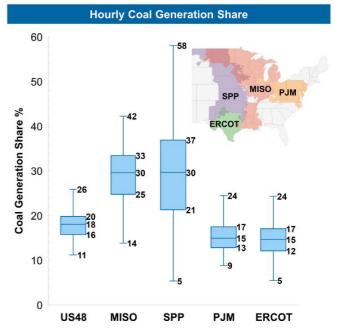
Source: S&P Capital IQ World Electric Power Plants Mar 2023

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U.S. Electricity Generation Mix Remains Very Reliant on Coal Generation

Peabody

- Difficult to match reliability characteristics of coal generation
- High coal share when renewables are not dispatching and natural gas prices are elevated
- MISO and SPP continue to rely heavily on coal to meet power demand
- Hourly data for the past 12 months shows significant regional differences in coal's contribution to the generation mix
- Coal generators face substantially lower fuel price volatility compared to natural gas fleet



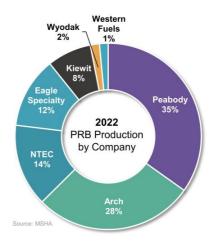
Source: Graph based on EIA, S&P Capital IQ, ISOs and Peabody analysis (8/20/2022 – 8/19/2023). Each dataset is represented by a boxed area where the central line signifies the median (P50) value, the bottom edge represents the 25th percentile, and the tox edge represents the 75th percentile, and the tox of the present is encompassed.

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U.S. Thermal - Best and Most Diverse Assets in the Right Regions

Peabody

- Peabody is the largest producer in the PRB and is committed to serve customers' long-term needs – a differentiator
- Peabody has a unique ability to supply low-cost products out of the PRB with various qualities ranging from 8,200 Btu up to ~8,900 Btu with ultra low sulfur (<0.50 lbs SO2) and low ash
- Peabody's ILB mines have the ability to meet customer requests as they change quality needs



- Twentymile accepted in the Atlantic seaborne thermal market as quality is comparable to Russia, Colombia, and South Africa coals with less political / execution risk
- El Segundo/Lee Ranch signed a new, long-term coal supply agreement extending the life of the mine

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Business Operations



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Seaborne Met Business Segment Operations Overview

Peabody

Metropolitan Mine Production: 1.8 million tons

Reserves: 10 million tons

Type: Underground - Longwall

Product: Semi-hard (65%), PCI (25%), Thermal

(10%

Port: Port Kembla Coal Terminal (PKCT) Location: New South Wales, Australia



Strategic
Advantage:
Multiple locations and products, positioned to serve Asia Pacific and Atlantic market

CMJV (Coppabella Mine and Moorvale Mine)

Production: 3.9 million tons Reserves: 14 million tons

Type: Surface - Dragline, Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel

Product: Premium Low Volatile PCI
Port: Dalrymple Bay Coal Terminal (DBCT)
Location: Queensland, Australia

Shoal Creek Mine

Production: 0.8 million tons Reserves: 17 million tons Type: Underground - Longwall Product: Coking – High Vol A

Port: Barge coal to McDuffie Terminal (Mobile, AL)

Location: Alabama

Note: Production is for full year 2022. Reserves are shown as of December 31, 2023



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Seaborne Thermal Business Segment Operations Overview

Peabody

Strategic
Advantage:
High margin
operations positioned
to serve Asia Pacific

market

Wilpinjong Mine

Production: 12.1 million tons (export and domestic) Reserves: 67 million tons

Type: Surface – Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel

Product: Export (5,000-6,000 kcal/kg NAR)
Port: Newcastle Coal Infrastructure Group (NCIG)

and Port Waratah Coal Services (PWCS)
Location: New South Wales, Australia



Wambo Open-Cut

Production: 2.0 million tons Reserves: 31 million tons Type: Surface - Truck/Shovel

Product: Premium Export (~6000 kcal/kg NAR)

Port: NCIG and PWCS

Location: New South Wales, Australia

Wambo Underground

Production: 1.1 million tons Reserves: 5 million tons Type: Underground - Longwall

Product: Premium Export (~6000 kcal/kg NAR)

Port: NCIG and PWCS

Location: New South Wales, Australia



Note: Production is for full year 2022. Reserves are shown as of December 31, 2022.

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PRB Business Segment

Operations Overview

Peabody

North Antelope Rochelle Mine (NARM)

Production: 60.4 million tons Reserves: 1,423 million tons

Type: Surface - Dragline, Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel Product: Sub-Bit Thermal (~8,800 BTU/lb, <0.50 lbs

SO2)

Rail: BNSF and UP Location: Wyoming



Strategic
Advantage:
Low-cost operations,
largest producer,
significant reserves,
shared resources,
technologies

Caballo Mine Production: 12.1 million tons

Reserves: 342 million tons Type: Surface – Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel

Type: Surface – Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel Product: Sub-Bit Thermal (~8,500 BTU/lb, 0.80 lbs.

SO2)

Rail: BNSF and UP Location: Wyoming



Production: 10.3 million tons Reserves: 117 million tons

Type: Surface – Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel Product: Sub-Bit Thermal (~8,200-8,300 BTU/lb,

0.85 lbs. SO2) Rail: BNSF Location: Wyoming



Note: Production is for full year 2022. Reserves are shown as of December 31, 2022.

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Other U.S. Thermal Business Segment Operations Overview

Peabody

Bear Run Mine

Production: 6.7 million tons Reserves: 136 million tons

Type: Surface - Dragline, Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel Product: Thermal ~11,000 Btu/lb, 4.5 lbs. SO2 Rail: Indiana Railroad to Indiana Southern / NS and

CSX

Location: Indiana



Strategic
Advantage:
Located
to serve regional
customers in high coal
utilization regions

Wild Boar Mine

Production: 2.3 million tons Reserves: 15 million tons

Type: Surface - Dragline, Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel Product: Thermal ~11,000 Btu/lb, 5.0 lbs. SO2

Rail: NS or Indiana Southern

Location: Indiana

Francisco Underground

Production: 1.8 million tons Reserves: 7 million tons

Type: Underground – Continuous Miner Product: Thermal ~11,500 Btu/lb, 6.0 lbs. SO2

Rail: NS

Location: Indiana



vote: Production is for full year 2022. Reserves are shown as or December

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Other U.S. Thermal Business Segment Operations Overview (continued)

Peabody

Gateway North Mine

Production: 2.4 million tons Reserves: 43 million tons

Type: Underground – Continuous Miner Product: Thermal ~11,000 Btu/lb, 5.4 lbs. SO2 Rail: UP

Rail: UP Location: Illinois



with competitive cost operations and ample reserves / resources

Twentymile Mine

Production: 1.5 million tons Reserves: 11 million tons Type: Underground – Longwall

Product: Thermal ~11,200 Btu/lb, 0.80 lbs SO2

Rail: UP

Location: Colorado



El Segundo / Lee Ranch Mine

Production: 3.7 million tons Reserves: 14 million tons

Type: Surface - Dragline, Dozer/Cast, Truck/Shovel Product: Thermal ~9,250 Btu/lb, 2.0 lbs SO2

Rail: BNSF

Location: New Mexico



Note: Production is for full year 2022. Reserves are shown as of December 31, 202.

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Organic Development



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North Goonyella Redevelopment **World-Class Infrastructure in Place**

Peabody

- Brownfield redevelopment benefits from significant infrastructure with replacement cost estimated at more than \$1 billion
- · Infrastructure includes:



Coal Handling Prep Plant (CHPP) with successful history



the surface



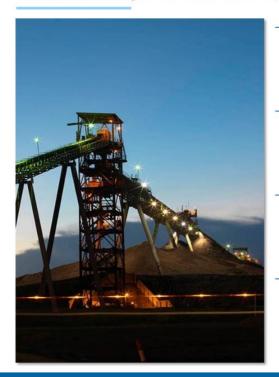
Dedicated accommodation village for over 400 workers



Dedicated rail loop connected to Goonyella rail system

Unique Organic Growth Opportunity: North Goonyella Redevelopment Takeaways

<u>Peabody</u>



Redevelopment utilizing existing infrastructure and equipment in place

Premium grade hard coking coal, considered the cornerstone of coking coal feedstocks globally

Proximity advantage to supply India and wider Asia. Regions with strong demand growth forecasts

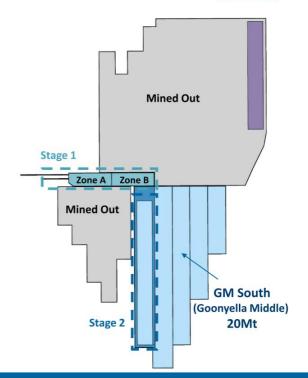
Staged redevelopment for initial 20 million tons delivers attractive financial returns of approximately 25 percent IRR

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North Goonyella Redevelopment Project Stages Map

<u>Peabody</u>

- Stage 1 capital of \$140 million anticipated to be completed in early 2024
- Stage 2 capital of \$240 million, over two years, to complete development and allow longwall mining of 20 million tons beginning in 2026
- The only approval needed from regulators is to re-enter Zone B
- Various options for extension and/or expansions
 - Goonyella lower seam (GLB2) reserves (~50 million tons – company controlled), directly below Goonyella middle seam (pictured)



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Seaborne Thermal Life-Extension Opportunities

Peabody

Wilpinjong

- Targeting to prove 50Mt+ of reserves in area immediately adjacent to Wilpinjong
- Extensive drilling program in progress throughout 2023
- Environmental baseline fieldwork surveys underway



Wambo Underground

- Recently re-oriented mine plan extending current UG mine life to 2026
- Assessing development options for South Wambo UG with potential for 70Mt+ of reserves within existing approved mining lease

Wambo Open-Cut Evaluating option for 14Mt+ of reserves through the mining of the lower coal seams within the existing mining area

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ESG Focus



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Emphasis on ESG for Stakeholder Engagement

Peabody

Environmental.



- Responsible coal mining, reducing impact from operations and making best use of natural resources while creating economic value
- Targets for greenhouse gas reduction and land reclamation
- Collaborating with stakeholders on a pipeline of projects aimed at reducing emissions and creating future carbon offsets
- Supporting research and innovation to position our industry for the future

Social



- · Safety is our first value and leading measure of excellence
- Strive for diversity of backgrounds, thoughts and experiences by emphasizing inclusive hiring practices and workplaces
- · Active engagement with communities and indigenous stakeholders
- · Significant contributions to regions through taxes, fees and royalties
- Member of U.N. Global Compact and signatory to CEO Action for Diversity & Inclusion pledge

Governance



- Focus on good governance, strategy and management, with integrity a driving value
- Independent Board Chair and committees
- Executive compensation designed to align management with stockholders, and incorporates measurable ESG metrics

Opportunity to Create Additional Value with Our Existing Assets

- Land: 175,000+ surface acres owned in U.S.
 - Opportunity: develop solar energy and storage projects such as R3 Renewables
 - Potential for carbon capture and underground storage
- Water: 38 million gallons managed per day
 - Opportunity: develop pumped hydro generation
 - Potential sale of water
- Methane Gas: 60,000+ tons per year
 - Opportunity: capture methane from underground facilities
 - Potential sale for energy generation



Joint venture in collaboration with Riverstone Holdings and Summit Partners

Pursue development of over 3.0 GW of utility-scale solar PV and 1.2 GW of battery storage

Eight potential sites on large tracts of land on or near previous coal mining operations in Indiana and Illinois

Technology and Collaboration

Peabody

- We support research and key initiatives in low emissions projects and partnerships such as:
 - Low Emission Technology Australia (LETA)
 - Carbon Utilization Research Council (CURC)
- University of Wyoming School of Energy Resources
 - Peabody Advanced Coal Technology
 - Carbon engineering
 - Carbon Capture, Use and Storage
 - Coal-derived products
- Washington University in St. Louis
 - Supports the Consortium for Clean Coal Utilization research on carbon capture and storage





Appendix Materials



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Segment Performance

	2023 Full Year				
	Total Volume (millions of short tons)	Priced Volume (millions of short tons)	Priced Volume Pricing per Short Ton	Average Cost per Short Ton	
Seaborne Thermal	15 - 16	11	\$87.00	\$50.00 - \$55.00	
Seaborne Thermal (Export)	9.5 - 10.5	5.5	\$148.85	NA	
Seaborne Thermal (Domestic)	~5.5	5.5	\$25.20	NA	
Seaborne Metallurgical	6.5 - 7.5	3.5	\$202.00	\$120.00 - \$130.00	
PRB U.S. Thermal	80 - 85	91	\$13.63	\$11.50 - \$12.25	
Other U.S. Thermal	16.5 - 17.5	18	\$52.12	\$38.00 - \$42.00	

Other Annual Financial Metrics (\$ in millions)

	2023 Full Year
SG&A	\$90
Major Project / Growth Capital Expenditures	\$200
Total Capital Expenditures	\$325
ARO Cash Spend	\$65 - \$75

Supplemental Information

Seaborne Thermal	40% of unpriced export volumes are expected to price on average at Globalcoal "NEWC" levels and 60% are expected to have a higher ash content and price at 80-95% of API 5 price levels.
Seaborne Metallurgical	On average, Peabody's unpriced metallurgical sales are anticipated to price at 70-80% of the premium hard-coking coal index price (FOB Australia).
PRB and Other U.S. Thermal	PRB and Other U.S. Thermal volumes reflect volumes priced at June 30, 2023. Weighted average quality for the PRB segment 2023 volume is approximately 8650 BTU.

Certain forward-looking measures and metrics presented are non-GAAP financial and operating/statistical measures. Due to the volatility and variability of certain items needed to reconcile these measures to their nearest GAAP measure, no reconciliation can be provided without unreasconable cost or effort.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

<u>Peabody</u>

	Year Ended				
	Dec	H1 2023			
Tons Sold (In Millions)					
Seaborne Thermal		15.6		7.6	
Seaborne Metallurgical		6.6		3.3	
Powder River Basin		82.6		40.9	
Other U.S. Thermal		18.4		8.3	
Total U.S. Thermal		101.0		49.2	
Corporate and Other		0.5		0.3	
Total		123.7		60.4	
Revenue Summary (In Millions)					
Seaborne Thermal	\$	1,345.6	\$	746.0	
Seaborne Metallurgical		1,616.9		660.9	
Powder River Basin		1,065.5		565.0	
Other U.S. Thermal		952.2		449.3	
Total U.S. Thermal		2,017.7		1,014.3	
Corporate and Other (1)		1.7		211.6	
Total	\$	4,981.9	\$	2,632.8	
Total Reporting Segment Costs Summary (In Millions) (2)					
Seaborne Thermal	\$	698.0	\$	384.5	
Seaborne Metallurgical		835.2		467.6	
Powder River Basin		997.3		503.0	
Other U.S. Thermal		709.8		333.2	
Total U.S. Thermal		1,707.1		836.2	
Corporate and Other		2.0		2.7	
Total	\$	3,242.3	\$	1,691.0	
Adjusted EBITDA (In Millions) (3)					
Seaborne Thermal	\$	647.6	\$	361.5	
Seaborne Metallurgical		781.7		193.3	
Powder River Basin		68.2		62.0	
Other U.S. Thermal		242.4		116.1	
Total U.S. Thermal	· ·	310.6		178.1	
Middlemount (4)		132.8		6.0	
Resource Management Results (5)		29.3		8.3	
Selling and Administrative Expenses		(88.8)		(44.5	
Other Operating Costs, Net (6)	3) <u>-</u>	31.5		46.1	
Adjusted EBITDA (3)	\$	1,844.7	\$	748.8	
Note: Defects definitions and featurities on stide 27		-		- Chapter	

BUILDING BRIGHTER FUTURES

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

<u>Peabody</u>

		ear Ended c. 31, 2022		11 2023
Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (In Millions)	11	- 3	1.51	
Income from Continuing Operations, Net of Income Taxes	\$	1,317.4	\$	488.2
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization		317.6		156.9
Asset Retirement Obligation Expenses		49.4		30.9
Restructuring Charges		2.9		2.1
Asset Impairment		11.2		2.0
Provision for NARM and Shoal Creek Loss				33.7
Changes in Amortization of Basis Difference Related to Equity Affiliates		(2.3)		(0.7)
Interest Expense		140.3		31.7
Net Loss on Early Debt Extinguishment		57.9		8.8
Interest Income		(18.4)		(36.2)
Net Mark-to-Market Adjustment on Actuarially Determined Liabilities		(27.8)		-
Unrealized Losses (Gains) on Derivative Contracts Related to Forecasted Sales		35.8		(159.0)
Unrealized Losses (Gains) on Foreign Currency Option Contracts		2.3		(0.6)
Take-or-Pay Contract-Based Intangible Recognition		(2.8)		(1.2
Income Tax (Benefit) Provision		(38.8)		192.2
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽³⁾	\$	1,844.7	\$	748.8
Operating Costs and Expenses	\$	3,290.8	\$	1,708.6
Unrealized (Losses) Gains on Foreign Currency Option Contracts		(2.3)		0.6
Take-or-Pay Contract-Based Intangible Recognition		2.8		1.2
Net Periodic Benefit Credit, Excluding Service Cost		(49.0)		(19.4)
Total Reporting Segment Costs (2)	\$	3,242.3	\$	1,691.0

Note: Refer to definitions and footnotes on slide 37.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures: Definitions



Note: Management believes that non-GAAP performance measures are used by investors to measure our operating performance. These measures are not intended to serve as alternatives to U.S. GAAP measures of performance and may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures presented by other companies.

(1) Includes net (losses) gains related to unrealized mark-to-market adjustments on derivatives related to forecasted sales of:

	Yea	r Ended		
	Dec.	31, 2022	Н	1 2023
		(In Mil	llions)	
Net unrealized (loss) gain	\$	(35.8)	\$	159.0

- (2) Total Reporting Segment Costs is defined as operating costs and expenses adjusted for the discrete items that management excluded in analyzing each of our segment's operating performance as displayed in the reconciliation above. Total Reporting Segment Costs is used by management as a component of a metric to measure each of our segment's operating performance.
- (3) Adjusted EBITDA is defined as income from continuing operations before deducting net interest expense, income taxes, asset retirement obligation expenses and depreciation, depletion and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is also adjusted for the discrete items that management excluded in analyzing each of our segment's operating performance as displayed in the reconciliation above. Adjusted EBITDA is used by management as the primary metric to measure each of our segment's operating performance and allocate resources.
- (4) We account for our 50% equity interest in Middlemount Coal Pty Ltd. (Middlemount), which owns the Middlemount Mine, under the equity method. Middlemount's standalone results exclude the impact of related changes in amortization of basis difference recorded by the Company in applying the equity method. Middlemount's standalone results include (on a 50% attributable basis):

	Year	Ended			
	Dec. 31, 2022		H:	H1 2023	
		(In Mi	llions)		
Tons sold		1.6		0.6	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization and asset retirement obligation expenses	\$	7.4	\$	3.3	
Net interest expense		-		-	
Income tax provision		55.3		2.6	

- (5) Includes gains (losses) on certain surplus coal reserve and surface land sales and property management costs and revenue.
- (6) Includes trading and brokerage activities; costs associated with post-mining activities; minimum charges on certain transportation-related contracts; costs associated with suspended operations including the North Goonyella Mine; and revenue of \$19.2 million related to the Q1 2023 assignment of port and rail capacity.