



WILPINJONG COAL PTY LTD Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 12425

Link to Environment Protection Licence EPL12425

LICENCE MONITORING DATA MONTHLY SUMMARY REPORT

for

1 May 2017 to 31 May 2017





Air Monitoring

Air quality surrounding the Wilpinjong Coal Mine is monitored using:

- 1. tapered element oscillating microbalances (TEOM);
- 2. high volume air samplers (HV); and
- 3. dust deposition gauges (DG).

In terms of the above equipment:

- 1. the TEOM and HVAS measure fine dust particles up to 10 microns in diameter (i.e. PM10); and
- 2. the DG measure the total dust deposited in the gauge during the sample period.

All are influenced by mining as well as non mining activities in the local area.

The location of the above monitoring equipment in relation to Wilpinjong Coal Mine is shown in Figure 8.

A summary of the monitoring results for the month is provided in Table 1 and the yearly trends are also shown in Figures 1 to 3.





Table 1

EPL ID No.	Monitoring Point ID.	Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Monitoring Frequency required by EPL	No. of times measured during month	Min. Value	Max. Value	Mean Value	Measurement	Annual Average	Limit	Exceed ⁿ (yes/no)	Date Last Sampled	Date Reported
3	DG4	Particulates - TSM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.5				29/05/17	06/06/17
4	DG5	Particulates - TSM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				5.8	1.4	4.0	No	29/05/17	06/06/17
6	DG8	Particulates - TSM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				9.8				29/05/17	06/06/17
9	DG11	Particulates - TSM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.8				29/05/17	06/06/17
17	DG15	Particulates - TSM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.8				29/05/17	06/06/17
13	HV1	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	5.5	20.4	12.0			50		30/05/17	13/06/17
19	HV4	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	5.6	24.9	13.5			50		30/05/17	13/06/17
20	HV5	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	6.2	23.0	16.8			50		30/05/17	13/06/17
22	ТЕОМ3	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Continuous (24 Hr Average)	100.0%	1.5	16.7	7.5			50			
23	TEOM4	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Continuous (24 Hr Average)	100.0%	1.0	29.3	13.7			50			

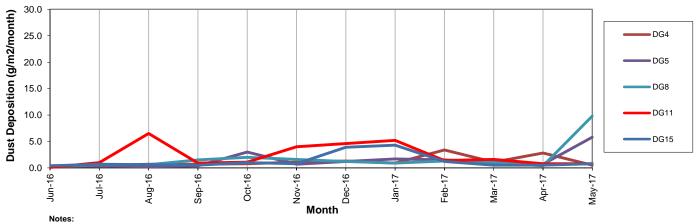
Notes:

1. Limits specified in the above table are from Project Approval 05-0021.



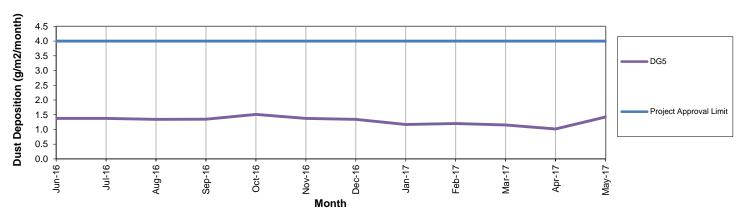


Figure 1a. DG Results - 12 Month Trend



- Limit of 4 g/m2/month (annual average) applies to DG5 (Wollar Village) refer Figure 1b.
- 2. DG5 and DG8 results in May contained 70% and 80% organic matter respectively.

Figure 1b. DG 5 Results - Annual Average

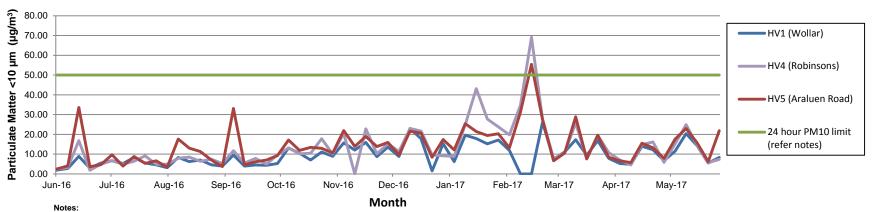


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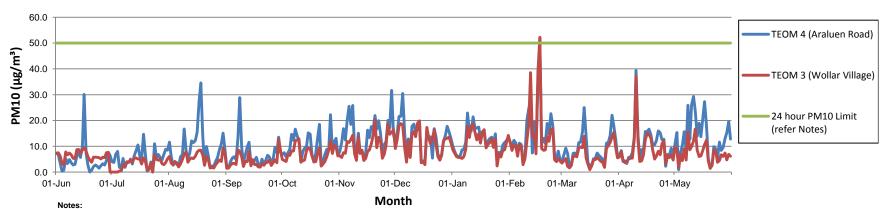


Figure 2. HV (PM10) Results - 12 Month Trend



- 1. Limit doesn't apply for extraordinary events such as bushfires, prescribed burning, or dust storms.
- 2. High PM10 dust levels recorded on 17 Feb 2017 caused by Kains Flat bushfire.
- 3. A power outage and instrument fault prevented dust sample being collected from HV1 on 6 March 2016 and 11 & 17 Feb 2017.
- 4. A power outage prevented dust sample being collected from HV4 on 13 November 2016.

Figure 3. TEOM (PM10) Results - 12 Month Trend



- 1. Limit dosen't apply for extraordinary events such as bushfires, prescribed burning or dust storms
- 2. Elevated PM10 dust levels recorded by both TEOMs 3 & 4 on 17 Feb 2017 caused by Kains Flat bushfire.
- 3. Elevated PM10 dust levels on 10 April 2017 due to regional dust event refer PM10 dust levels recorded by EPA on page 6 of this report.
- 4. TEOM 3 (Wollar Village) taken offline for repairs June 31 to July 4.
- 5. TEOM 4 (Araluen Rd) influenced by dust from Araluen Road generally during stable atmospheric conditions (i.e. temperature inversions)

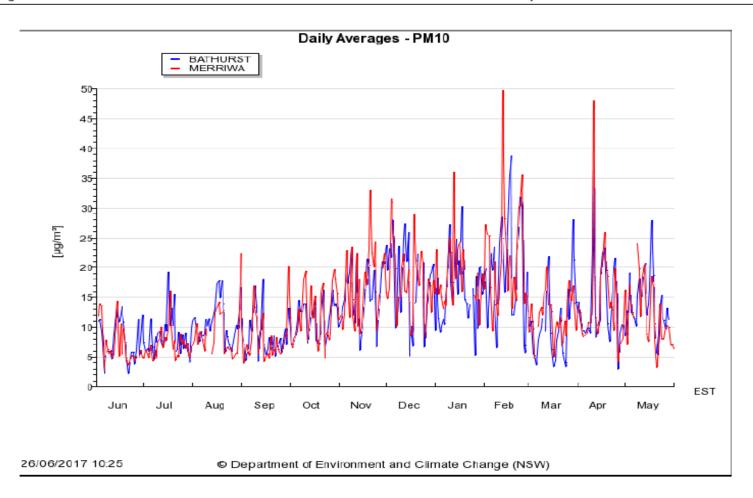




Shown below and for comparison with Figures 2 and 3 is the 24Hr Av. PM₁₀ dust levels recorded at Bathurst and Merriwa by NSW EPA from 1 June 2016 to 31 May 2017.

Daily Averages - PM10

Department of Environment and Climate Change (NSW)







Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water runoff is isolated and diverted around disturbed areas through the construction of water diversion bunds. Runoff from disturbed areas is diverted into on-site water retention dams.

A Reverse Osmosis (RO) Plant treats all water from the retention dams before it is discharged to Wilpinjong Creek. The EPL specifies limits for the quantity and quality of water that may be discharged from the site.

A summary of the monitoring results for the month is provided in Table 2. The continuous monitoring results for pH, conductivity and volume are also shown in Figures 4 to 6.

Table 2

EPL ID No.	Monitoring Point ID.	Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Monitoring Frequency required by EPL	No. of times measured during month	Min. Value	Max. Value	Mean Value	Measurement	Limit	Exceed ⁿ (yes/no)	Date Last Sampled	Date Reported
24	RO Plant Discharge	Conductivity	microSiemens per centimetre (uS/cm)	Continuous during discharge	100%	63	463	277		500	No		
		Oil and Grease	milligrams per litre (mg/L)	Weekly during any discharge	9	<2	<2	<2		10.0	No	29/05/17	05/06/17
		рН	pH Unit	Continuous during discharge	100%	6.8	8.3	7.1		≥6.5≤8.5	No		
		Total Suspended Solids	milligrams per litre (mg/L)	Weekly during any discharge	9	<1	2	1.2		50	No	29/05/17	05/06/17
		Volume discharged	megalitres per day	Continuous during discharge	100%	0.96	5.36	3.62		15.0	No		





Figure 4 - Volume discharged per day (ML)

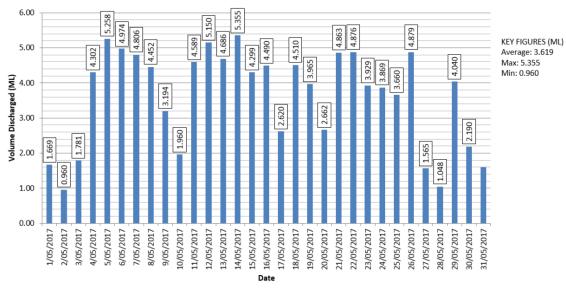


Figure 5 - Conductivity (max, min & average / day)

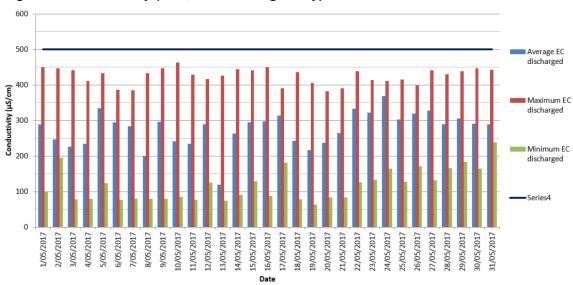
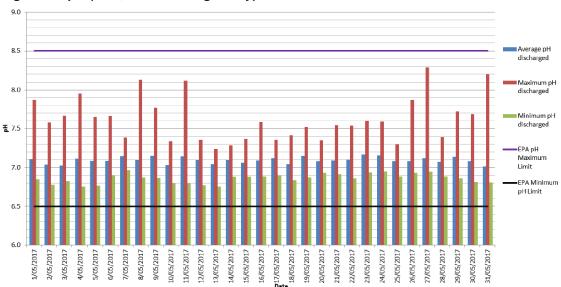


Figure 6 – pH (max, min & average / day)







Noise Monitoring

Environmental noise monitoring ("monitoring") is carried out on a monthly basis.

The purpose of the monitoring is to assess whether mining operations are consistent with the objectives of the EPL and the development consent conditions.

In terms of this monitoring, it is undertaken:

- 1. by an independent noise consultant;
- 2. during the night-time; and
- 3. at the sites shown in Figure 9.

On pages 10 and 11 of this report are the noise levels and findings from the consultant's environmental noise monitoring report (noise monitoring report).





Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ^{1,2}	VTG °C per 100m ^{1,2}	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies? ^{2,3}	WCP L _{Aeq,15min} dB ⁴⁵	Exceedance 6
N6	16/05/2017 23:14	0.7	4.0	35	No	<20	NA
N13	17/05/2017 01:27	0.0	3.4	36	No	<20	NA
N14	16/05/2017 22:43	0.0	4.6	35	No	IA	NA
N15	16/05/2017 23:36	0.7	3.0	35	Yes	IA	Nil
N16	17/05/2017 00:44	0.6	4.6	37	No	<20	NA
N17	17/05/2017 00:11	0.8	3.6	35	No	IA	NA
N18	16/05/2017 22:05	0.7	3.4	35	No	IA	NA

Notes:

- 1. Wind speed is sourced from WCP weather station, Vertical Temperature Gradient (VTG) is sourced from the WCP inversion tower;
- 2. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;
- Noise emission limits apply for winds up to and including 3 metres per second at a height of 10 metres, temperature inversion conditions between 1.5°C and 3°C/100m with winds up to and including 2 m/s, or temperature inversion conditions up to and including 3°C/100m;
- 4. These are results for WCP in the absence of all other noise sources;
- 5. Bolded results in red are those greater than the relevant criterion (if applicable); and
- NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent and so criterion is not
 applicable or criterion not specified.

Table 4.3: Lat Iminute GENERATED BY WCP AGAINST PROJECT APPROVAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT CRITERIA - MAY 2017

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ^{1,2}	VTG °C per 100m ^{1,2}	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies?	WCP L _{A1,1min} dB ⁴⁵	Exceedance ⁶
N6	16/05/2017 23:14	0.7	4.0	45	No	<20	NA
N13	17/05/2017 01:27	0.0	3.4	45	No	<20	NA
N14	16/05/2017 22:43	0.0	4.6	45	No	IA	NA
N15	16/05/2017 23:36	0.7	3.0	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N16	17/05/2017 00:44	0.6	4.6	45	No	24	NA
N17	17/05/2017 00:11	0.8	3.6	45	No	IA	NA
N18	16/05/2017 22:05	0.7	3.4	45	No	IA	NA

Notes:

- 1. Wind speed is sourced from WCP weather station, Vertical Temperature Gradient (VTG) is sourced from the WCP inversion tower;
- 2. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;
- Noise emission limits apply for winds up to and including 3 metres per second at a height of 10 metres, temperature inversion conditions between 1.5°C and 3°C/100m with winds up to and including 2 m/s, or temperature inversion conditions up to and including 3°C/100m;
- These are results for WCP in the absence of all other noise sources;
- 5. Bolded results in red are those greater than the relevant criterion (if applicable); and
- NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent and so criterion is not
 applicable or criterion not specified.



Table 4.4: LAea. 15 minute GENERATED BY WCP AGAINST EPL ASSESSMENT CRITERIA – MAY 2017

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ^{1,2}	VTG °C per 100m ^{1,2}	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies? ^{2,3}	WCP L _{Aeq,15min} dB ^{4,5}	Exceedance 6
N6	16/05/2017 23:14	0.7	4	35	No	<20	NA
N13	17/05/2017 01:27	0.0	3.4	35	No	<20	NA
N14	16/05/2017 22:43	0.0	4.6	35	No	IA	NA
N15	16/05/2017 23:36	0.7	3	36	Yes	IA	Nil
N16	17/05/2017 00:44	0.6	4.6	35	No	<20	NA
N17	17/05/2017 00:11	0.8	3.6	35	No	IA	NA
N18	16/05/2017 22:05	0.7	3.4	35	No	IA	NA

Notes:

- 1. Wind speed is sourced from WCP weather station, Vertical Temperature Gradient (VTG) is sourced from the WCP inversion tower;
- 2. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;
- Noise emission limits apply for wivels up to and including 3 metres per second (at a height of 10 metres), temperature inversion conditions
 of up to 3°C/100m with wirds up to and including 2 m/s, or temperature inversion conditions up to and including 3°C/100m;
- These are results for WCP in the absence of all other noise sources;
- 5. Bolded results in red are those greater than the relevant criterion (if applicable); and
- NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent and so criterion is not applicable or criterion not specified.

Table 4.5: LAI Iminute GENERATED BY WCP AGAINST EPL IMPACT ASSESSMENT CRITERIA – MAY 2017

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ^{1,2}	VTG °C per 100m ^{1,2}	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies? ^{2,3}	WCP L _{A1,1min} dB ^{4,5}	Exceedance 6
N6	16/05/2017 23:14	0.7	4	45	No	<20	NA
N13	17/05/2017 01:27	0.0	3.4	45	No	<20	NA
N14	16/05/2017 22:43	0.0	4.6	45	No	IA	NA
N15	16/05/2017 23:36	0.7	3	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N16	17/05/2017 00:44	0.6	4.6	45	No	24	NA
N17	17/05/2017 00:11	0.8	3.6	45	No	IA	NA
N18	16/05/2017 22:05	0.7	3.4	45	No	IA	NA

Notes:

- 1. Wind speed is sourced from WCP weather station, Vertical Temperature Gradient (VTG) is sourced from the WCP inversion tower;
- 2. Criterion may or may not apply due to rounding of meteorological data values;
- Noise emission limits apply for winds up to and including 3 metres per second (at a height of 10 metres), temperature inversion conditions
 of up to 3°C/100m with winds up to and including 2 m/s, or temperature inversion conditions up to and including 3°C/100m;
- 4. These are results for WCP in the absence of all other noise sources;
- 5. Bolded results in red are those greater than the relevant criterion (if applicable); and
- NA in exceedance column means atmospheric conditions outside conditions specified in development consent and so criterion is not
 applicable or criterion not specified.





6 SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE

Environmental noise monitoring described in this report was undertaken during the night period of 16/17 May 2017. Attended noise monitoring was conducted at seven sites. The duration of all measurements was 15 minutes.

6.1 Operational Noise Assessment

Wilpinjong Coal Project (WCP) complied with noise limits at the monitoring locations during the May 2017 monitoring period.

6.2 Low Frequency Assessment

During the May 2017 survey WCP complied with the relevant limits using the Broner and INP methods of assessing low frequency. No further assessment of low frequency noise was required.

Wilpinjong Coal received the noise monitoring report from Global Acoustics Pty Ltd on 30 May 2017.





Blasting

Monitoring is carried out near sensitive locations during blasting activities to determine the vibration in the air (overpressure) and earth (ground vibration). A summary of the results of this monitoring, and the limits specified in the EPL, are shown in Tables 3 and 4. Figure 7 shows the actual overpressure and vibration levels recorded during the month.

Table 3 – Overpressure Monitoring Results

Location	Month Number of Blasts		Minimum Maximum overpressure (dB(L)) (dB(L))		Mean overpressure (dB(L))	EPL overpressure Limits (dB(L))	Exceedance (yes/no)
Approx. 50m west of the Wollar Public School	May	18	67.9	114.8	85.0	115dB (95% blasts) 120 dB (100% blasts)	no

Table 4 – Vibration Monitoring Results

Location	Month Number of Blasts		Minimum vibration (mm/sec)	Maximum vibration (mm/sec)	Mean vibration (mm/sec)	EPL vibration Limits (mm/sec)	Exceedance (yes/no)
Approx. 50m west of the Wollar Public School	May	18	0.03	1.46	0.23	5 mm/s (95% blasts) 10 mm/s (100% blasts)	no





EPL Limit: 120 dBL EPL Limit: 10 mm/sec 120 1.6 1.4 100 1.2 Vibration (mm/sec) Overpressure (dBL) 80 60 0.4 20 0.2 05-May 03-Мау 06-May 08-May 10-May 13-May 16-May 27-May 30-Мау 02-May 04-May 07-Мау 09-Мау 11-May 12-May 14-May 15-May 17-May 18-May 19-May 20-Мау 22-May 24-May 26-May 28-May Date Overpressure (dBL) Vibration (mm/s)

Figure 7. Overpressure (dBL) and Vibration (mm/sec) recorded during Month





Weather Monitoring

Continuous weather monitoring occurs onsite at the location shown on Figures 8 and 9 (**Meteorological Station**). The Meteorological Station continuously monitors for: rainfall; relative humidity; temperature (i.e. at 2m, 10m & 60m), barometric pressure, wind speed, wind direction and temperature lapse rate.

The temperature lapse rate is a measure of stable atmospheric conditions and is determined by measuring air temperature at two elevations 58m apart (i.e. 2m and 60m from ground level) and extrapolating the temperature difference over 58m to determine the lapse rate per °C/100m.

Table 5 shows the meteorological data recorded during the month.

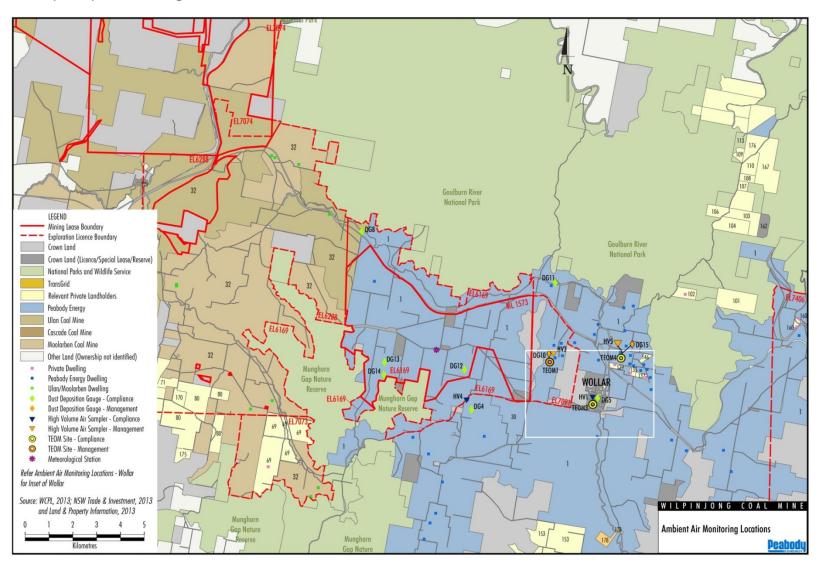
Table 5

				Tem	perature	e (°C)				Hu	ımidity (%)		Prevaili	ng Wind	ı	Rain	Bar	Lapse Rate
Date		2m		10m			60m						Speed		Dir	(mm)	(hPa)	(oC/100m)	
	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	(Deg)			Max
1/05/2017	14.8	7.8	23.4	15	8.5	23.1	15.5	9.8	22.3	70.3	30.8	98.8	1	0	4.6	284	0	1018.5	7.2
2/05/2017	14.7	6.6	22.8	15.1	7.3	22.4	15.4	9.1	21.6	63.2	35	96.1	1.4	0	4.6	246	0	1017.7	6.0
3/05/2017	12.3	5.6	17.7	12.4	6.3	17.2	12.6	8.3	16.1	74.5	54.6	98.3	2.4	0	5.4	87	0	1025.1	6.7
4/05/2017	15.1	12.5	17.7	15	13.2	17.5	14.5	12.9	16.7	65.6	54.9	73.9	3.5	1.5	5.5	95	0	1028.5	1.7
5/05/2017	13.5	7.4	21.5	13.9	7.9	20.8	14.6	9.1	20.1	72.6	43.1	96.7	0.6	0	2.6	87	0	1028.6	8.3
6/05/2017	14	5	23.1	14.4	5.7	22.7	14.7	6.9	21.8	71.2	37.1	99.4	1	0	4	271	0.6	1024.9	5.7
7/05/2017	12.7	3.2	20.4	13.1	4.1	19.9	14	7.7	18.9	62.4	19.1	98.8	1.4	0	3.8	266	0.2	1024.2	9.1
8/05/2017	10.3	1.2	18.7	10.5	1.9	17.9	11	3.5	17.2	62.4	33.2	83.2	1.1	0	3.1	92	0	1025.5	7.4
9/05/2017	11.7	4.4	18.9	12.2	5.1	18.4	12.5	6.5	17.5	69.8	44.6	97.7	1.3	0	5	87	0	1024.8	6.9
10/05/2017	10.2	2.8	20.4	10.6	3.5	20.2	11.5	5.3	18.8	72.3	29.1	99.8	0.4	0	2.3	56	0	1024.1	6.7
11/05/2017	10.5	1.9	21.3	11	2.7	20.8	11.8	4.4	20.2	71.3	33.3	98	0.2	0	2.3	31	0	1023.8	7.6
12/05/2017	11.6	3.2	18.1	11.8	4.2	17.5	12	5.5	16.7	79.6	58.4	99.1	1.2	0	3.8	83	0	1025.1	6.2
13/05/2017	14.1	7.7	19.5	14.3	8.7	19.1	14.4	10.2	18.4	75.4	50.4	97	1.1	0	2.6	100	0	1022.9	7.4
14/05/2017	12.4	5.6	20.5	12.8	6	19.8	13	7.1	18.4	80.6	45.9	99.6	0.7	0	3.5	83	0	1019.7	5.7
15/05/2017	13	7.2	19.6	13.2	8.3	19.1	13.4	10.2	17.8	76.1	45.8	98.1	0.1	0	5.5	184	0	1016.7	6.4
16/05/2017	10.9	3.5	19.8	11.3	4.6	19.1	11.9	5.6	18.2	68.6	30.8	99.6	0.8	0	4.2	268	0	1018.3	6.7
17/05/2017	10.6	2	20	11.1	2.6	19.4	11.9	4	18.5	68.1	37.6	98	0.8	0	3.5	90	0	1021.8	9.0
18/05/2017	12.8	4.6	20.7	13.1	5.4	20.3	13.5	6.7	19.4	75.3	48.9	98.2	1.7	0	4.1	84	0	1024.3	8.3
19/05/2017	14.5	11.8	15.7	14.6	12.8	15.8	14.3	13.3	15.4	90.5	74.7	98.1	1.8	0	3.4	91	18.8	1021.7	3.3
20/05/2017	16.1	12.8	21	16.2	13.4	20.4	15.8	13.3	19.3	89.5	60.7	98.8	0.1	0	2.6	351	12.2	1017.2	2.2
21/05/2017	14.9	10.9	21.8	14.9	10.8	21.1	14.7	10.4	20.2	86.8	43.8	100	0.3	0	1.9	28	0.2	1019.6	4.0
22/05/2017	15.1	11.9	19.3	15.3	12.4	19	15.3	13.2	18.2	84.9	58.2	98.7	1	0	3.2	85	0	1022.1	6.0
23/05/2017	15.3	10.4	21.4	15.5	11	20.6	15.4	11.6	19.7	82.3	50.2	98.5	0.7	0	4.4	283	0	1020.1	3.3
24/05/2017	12.9	8	19.5	13.1	8.2	19	13.3	8.7	18.1	75	37.6	100	1.7	0	5.1	261	0	1017.6	8.4
25/05/2017	10.6	4.3	19.3	10.8	4.7	18.5	11.3	5.9	17.5	76.3	37.1	99.5	0.3	0	2.5	11	0	1020.6	5.3
26/05/2017	10.2	3.2	20.5	10.7	3.9	19.8	11.5	4.9	19.1	77.5	31.8	100	0.6	0	3.1	296	0.2	1020.7	8.4
27/05/2017	10.1	2.8	21	10.4	3	20.3	11	3.6	19	83.9	44.7	100	0.4	0	2.6	71	0	1020.1	6.6
28/05/2017	12.9	5.8	20.6	12.9	5.9	20.1	13.1	6.3	19.1	70.9	34	100	2.3	0	7.1	281	0.2	1014.1	4.1
29/05/2017	8.8	1.8	14.3	9.1	3.2	13.8	9.3	4.7	12.8	60.4	28.6	87.3	2.1	0	9.1	271	0	1061.6	6.2
30/05/2017	6.5	-1.2	14.2	6.8	-0.5	13.7	7.2	1.1	12.6	71.9	40.1	99	1.6	0	4.6	272	0	1024.3	5.9
31/05/2017	7.8	0.3	14	8.2	1.5	13.2	8.7	3.8	12.1	67.7	37.2	97.4	1.3	0	5.5	218	0	1026.9	6.9





Figure 8 – Air (Dust) Monitoring Locations



Peabody



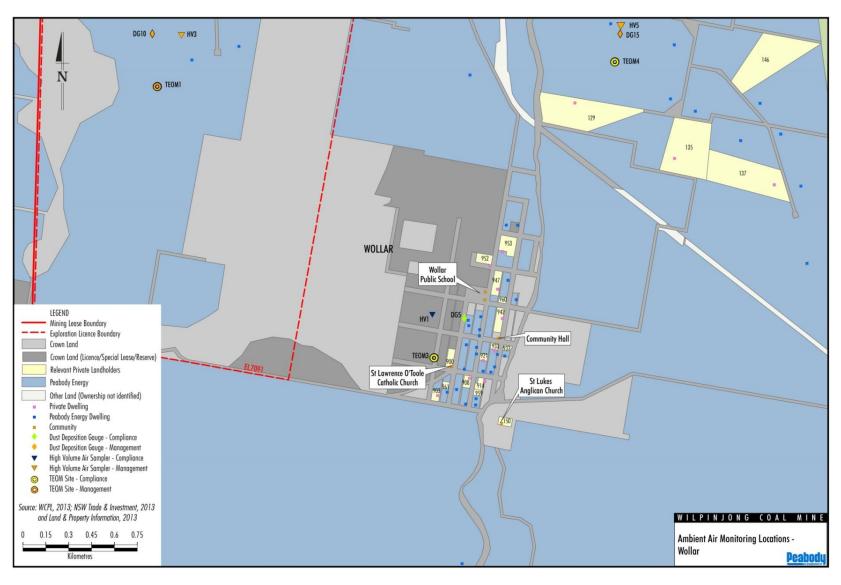






Figure 9 – Attended Noise Monitoring Locations

