



WILPINJONG COAL PTY LTD

Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 12425

Link to Environment Protection Licence EPL12425

LICENCE MONITORING DATA MONTHLY SUMMARY REPORT

for

1 April 2022 to 31 April 2022





Air Monitoring

Air quality surrounding the Wilpinjong Coal Mine is monitored using:

- 1. tapered element oscillating microbalances (TEOM);
- 2. high volume air samplers (HV); and
- 3. dust deposition gauges (DG).

In terms of the above equipment:

- 1. the TEOM and HVAS measure fine dust particles up to 10 microns in diameter (i.e. PM10); and
- 2. the DG measure the total dust deposited in the gauge during the sample period.

All are influenced by mining as well as non-mining activities in the local area.

The location of the above monitoring equipment in relation to Wilpinjong Coal Mine is shown in **Figures 6** and **8**.

A summary of the monitoring results for the month is provided in **Table 1** and the yearly trends are also shown in **Figures 1** to **3**.

For comparison with **Figures 2** and **3**, **Figure 4** displays the Regional 24Hr PM10 Average. PM10 dust levels for the month have been recorded in Bathurst and Merriwa by NSW EPA.





Table 1 - Air Monitoring

EPL ID No.	Monitoring Point ID.	Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Monitoring Frequency required by EPL	No. of times measured during month	Min. Value	Max. Value	Mean Value	Measurement	Annual Average	Limit	Exceed* (yes/no)	Date Last Sampled	Date Reported
3	DG4	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				1.2				22/04/22	31/05/22
4	DG5	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.9	1.4	4.0	No	22/04/22	31/05/22
6	DG8	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.8				22/04/22	31/05/22
9	DG11	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.9				22/04/22	31/05/22
17	DG15	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.6				22/04/22	31/05/22
13	HV1	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	8.1	18.9	11.8			50	No	28/04/22	09/05/22
19	HV4	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	8.6	26.2	14.5			50		28/04/22	09/05/22
20	HV5	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	6.8	24.8	14.3			50		28/04/22	09/05/22
22	TEOM3	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Continuous (24 Hr Average)	100.0%	2.8	10.7	5.3			50	No		
23	TEOM4	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Continuous (24 Hr Average)	96.7%	5.3	15.3	8.6			50			

Notes:

1. Limits specified in the above table are from Development Consent SSD-6764.









1. Limit of 4 g/m2/month (annual average) applies to DG5 (Wollar Village) - refer Figure 1b.

2. In February 2022, DG4 recorded 5.3g/m² of total insoluble matter. Upon further inspection, only 5% if the composition was attributed to dark particles indicating that the result was not due to mining operations. The result predominantly consisted of organic matter (80%).

3. In May 2021, DG5 recorded 4.4g/m² of total insoluble matter. The sampler recorded a dead mouse as being present in the funnel majorly contributing to the exceedance. It is determined that mining operations did not majorly impact the result.

4. In July 2021, DG11 was shot three times damaging the monitoring site. A result was not obtainable for the month.

5. In November 2021, DG4 recorded 15.2g/m² of total insoluble matter of which 75% was organic material. It is therefore determined that the influence of mining operations contributed less than the limit of 4g/m²/month. 6. In December 2021, DG4 recorded 6.1g/m² of total insoluble matter. The sampler recorded insects and spider webs within the funnel most likely influencing the result.





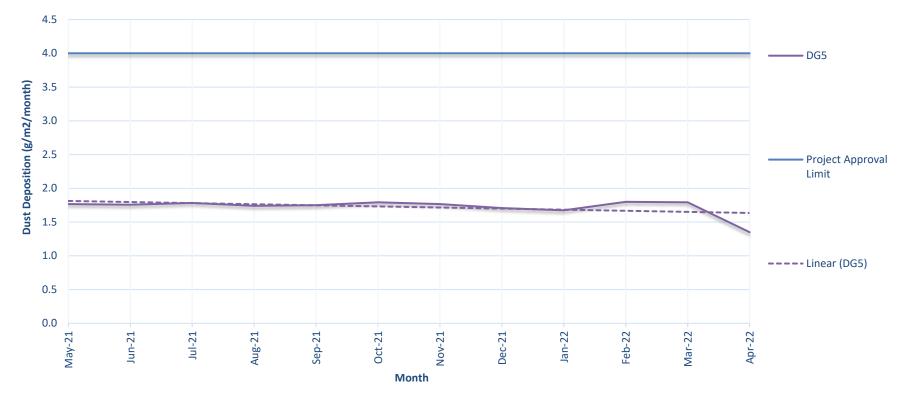
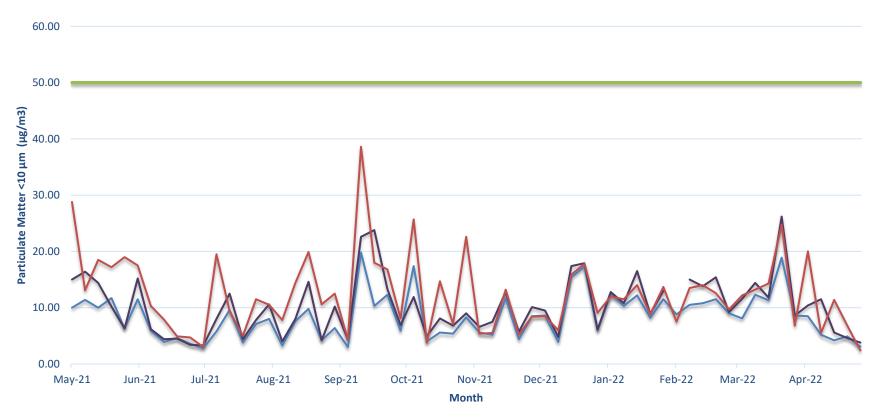


Figure 1b. DG 5 Results - Annual Average





Figure 2. HV (PM10) Results - 12 Month Trend



Notes:

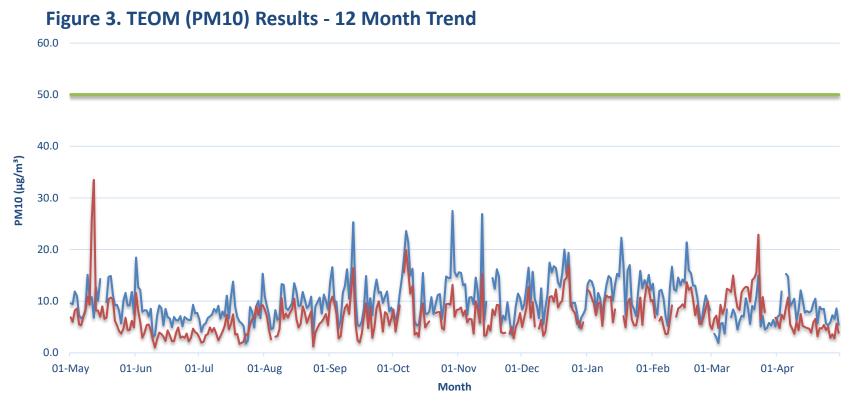
1. Limit doesn't apply for extraordinary events such as bushfires, prescribed burning, or dust storms.

2. A power outage prevented a sample from being collected at HV4 on 3 February 2022.









Notes:

1. Limit dosen't apply for extraordinary events such as bushfires, prescribed burning or dust storms

2 Power outages and maintenance during March 2022 resulted in periods of no data at TEOM 3 and 4.

3. The operating system of TEOM 4 locked up on 16 May 2021 preventing accurate data recording until 18 May 2021. The same occurence caused invalid data between 15-16 November at this unit.

4. Plenned power outages on 5 August 2021 and 5 October 2021 prevented a valid 24 hour average value from being recorded at TEOM 3.

5. Planned maintenance prevented valid 24 hour average values from being recorded between October 19 and 20 2021 at TEOM 3.

6. Unplanned power outages on 5 October, 24 November, 8 and 31 December 2021 and 15-17 January and 3 February 2022 prevented valid 24 hour average values from being recorded at TEOM 3 during those dates.

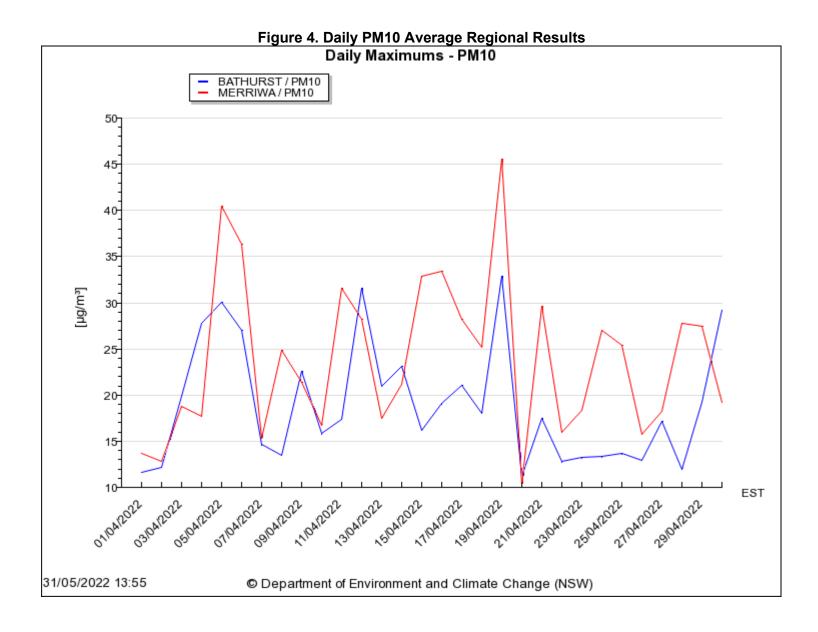
7. Communication with TEOM 3 was interrupted until the system was remotely restarted on 11 February 2022. This interruption led to inadequate data capture to yield an accurate 24-hour average on that day.

8. On April 4, 2022, electrical work was undertaken to install an adjacent monitoring unit at TEOM 4 during which time the unit was down (10:30am to 5:45pm)

TEOM 4 (Araluen Rd) TEOM 3 (Wollar) 24 hour PM10 Limit (refer Notes)











Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water runoff is isolated and diverted around disturbed areas through the construction of water diversion bunds. Runoff from disturbed areas is diverted into on-site water retention dams.

A Reverse Osmosis (RO) Plant treats all water from the retention dams before it is discharged to Wilpinjong Creek. The EPL specifies limits for the quantity and quality of water that may be discharged from the site.

Table 2 - Site Water Discharge Monitoring

EPL ID No.	Monitoring Point ID.	Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Monitoring Frequency required by EPL	No. of times measured during month	Min. Value	Max. Value	Mean Value	Limit	Exceed* (yes/no)	Date Last Sampled	Date Reported
24	RO Plant Discharge	Conductivity	microSiemens per centimetre (uS/cm)	Continuous during discharge	100%	233	462	385	500	No		
		Oil and Grease	milligrams per litre (mg/L)	Weekly during any discharge	4	<5	<5	<5	10.0	No	27-Apr-2022	10-May-2022
		pН	pH Unit	Continuous during discharge	100%	6.6	8.3	7.2	≥6.5≤8.5	No		
		Total Suspended Solids	milligrams per litre (mg/L)	Weekly during any discharge	4	<1	<1	<1	50	No	27-Apr-2022	10-May-2022
		Volume discharged	megalitres per day	Continuous during discharge	100%	0.335	4.950	3.361	5.0	No		
30	Clean Water Dam Discharge	Turbidity	Nephelometric Turbidity Units	Continuous during discharge	100%	No disch	arge recorde month	d for the	As per EPL 12425	No		





Noise Monitoring

Environmental noise monitoring ("monitoring") is carried out monthly.

The purpose of the monitoring is to assess whether mining operations are consistent with the objectives of the EPL and the development consent conditions.

In terms of this monitoring, it is undertaken:

- 1. by an independent noise consultant;
- 2. during the night-time; and
- 3. at the sites shown in **Figure 7**.

On pages 11 and 12 of this report are the noise levels and findings from the consultant's report.





Table 4.2: LAeq,15minute GENERATED BY WCP AGAINST PROJECT SPECIFIC CRITERIA – APRIL 2022

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ¹	Stability Class ¹	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies? ²	WCP L _{Aeq,} 15min dB³	Exceedance 4
N6	29/04/2022 01:15	0.8	Е	37	Yes	<20	Nil
N14	28/04/2022 23:46	0.0	D	35	Yes	<25	Nil
N15	28/04/2022 23:00	0.0	Е	37	Yes	23	Nil
N17	28/04/2022 22:25	0.0	Е	38	Yes	<20	Nil
N19	28/04/2022 22:00	0.0	Е	35	Yes	IA	Nil
N20	29/04/2022 00:30	1.2	Е	35	Yes	<25	Nil

Notes:

1. Wind speed is sourced from the WCP weather station, stability class is determined based on WCP inversion tower data;

 Noise emission limits apply for all meteorological conditions, except for the following: wind speeds greater than 3 m/s above ground level; or stability category F temperature inversions and wind speeds greater than 2 m/s at 10m above ground level; or stability category G temperature inversion conditions;

3. Site-only LAeq,15minute attributed to WCP, including modifying factors if applicable; and

4. NA in exceedance column means criterion was not applicable due to atmospheric conditions outside those specified in EPL.

Table 4.3: LA1.1minute GENERATED BY WCP AGAINST PROJECT SPECIFIC CRITERIA – APRIL 2022

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ¹	Stability Class ¹	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies? ²	WCP L <u>A1,1min</u> dB ³	Exceedance 4
N6	29/04/2022 01:15	0.8	Е	45	Yes	23	Nil
N14	28/04/2022 23:46	0.0	D	45	Yes	<25	Nil
N15	28/04/2022 23:00	0.0	Е	45	Yes	32	Nil
N17	28/04/2022 22:25	0.0	Е	45	Yes	23	Nil
N19	28/04/2022 22:00	0.0	Е	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N20	29/04/2022 00:30	1.2	Е	45	Yes	<25	Nil

Notes:

1. Wind speed is sourced from the WCP weather station, stability class is determined based on WCP inversion tower data;

 Noise emission limits apply for all meteorological conditions, except for the following: wind speeds greater than 3 m/s above ground level; or stability category F temperature inversions and wind speeds greater than 2 m/s at 10m above ground level; or stability category G temperature inversion conditions;

3. Site-only LA1,1minute attributed to WCP; and

4. NA in exceedance column means criterion was not applicable due to atmospheric conditions outside those specified in EPL.





6 SUMMARY

Global Acoustics was engaged by Wilpinjong Coal Pty Ltd to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at WCP, an open cut coal mine located approximately 40 kilometres north east of Mudgee. The purpose of the attended noise monitoring survey is to quantify and describe the acoustic environment around the site and compare results with specified limits.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was undertaken during the night period of 28/29 April 2022 at eight monitoring locations.

Noise levels from WCP complied with relevant noise limits at all monitoring locations during the April 2022 monitoring. Criteria may not always be applicable due to meteorological conditions at the time of monitoring.

Global Acoustics Pty Ltd

Wilpinjong Coal received the report from Global Acoustics Pty Ltd on 30th May 2022.





Blasting

Monitoring is carried out near sensitive locations during blasting activities to determine the vibration in the air (overpressure) and earth (ground vibration). A summary of the results of this monitoring, and the limits specified in the EPL, are shown in **Tables 3** and **4**. **Figures 7 & 8** shows the actual overpressure and vibration levels recorded during the month.

Table 3 – Overpressure Monitoring Results

Location	Month	Number of Blasts	Minimum overpressure (dB(L))	Maximum overpressure (dB(L))	Mean overpressure (dB(L))	EPL overpressure Limits (dB(L))	Exceedance (yes/no)	
Approx. 50m west of the Wollar Public School	April	6	80.4	94.8	89.5	115dB (95% blasts) 120dB (100% blasts)	no	

Table 4 – Vibration Monitoring Results

Location	Month	Number of Blasts	Minimum vibration (mm/sec)	Maximum vibration (mm/sec)	Mean vibration (mm/sec)	EPL vibration Limits (mm/sec)	Exceedance (yes/no)	
Approx. 50m west of the Wollar Public School	April	6	0.03	0.25	0.15	5 mm/s (95% blasts) 10 mm/s (100% blasts)	no	





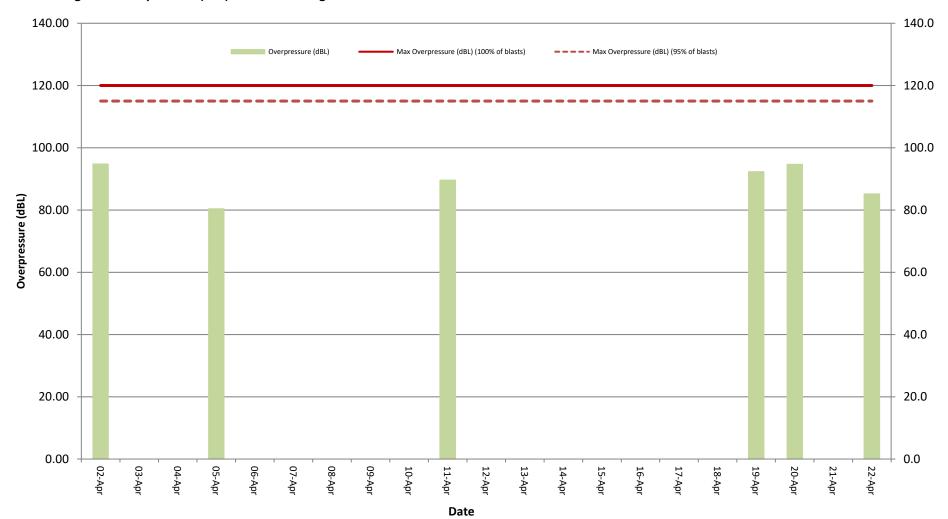
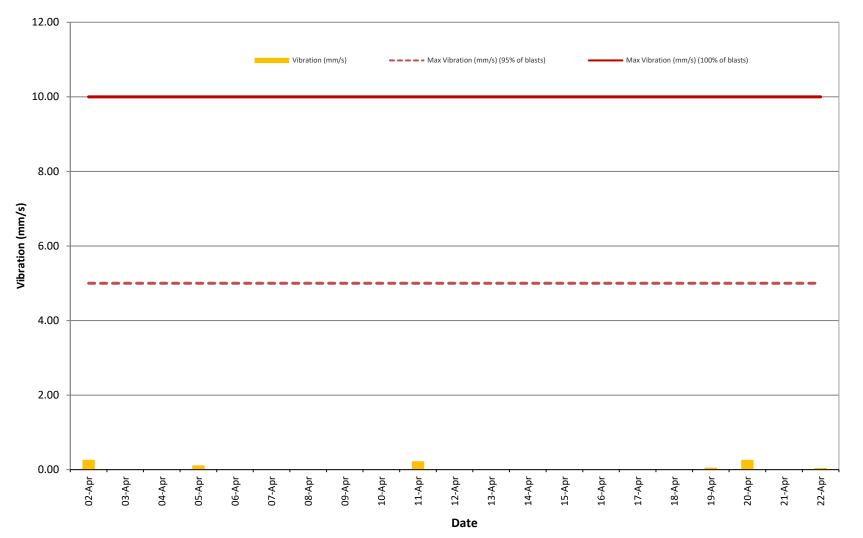


Figure 7. Overpressure (dBL) recorded during Month





Figure 8. Vibration (mm/s) recorded during Month







Continuous weather monitoring occurs onsite at the location shown on Figures 5 and 6 (**Meteorological Station**). The Meteorological Station continuously monitors for: rainfall; relative humidity; temperature (i.e. at 2m, 10m & 60m), barometric pressure, wind speed, wind direction and temperature lapse rate.

The temperature lapse rate is a measure of stable atmospheric conditions and is determined by measuring air temperature at two elevations 58m apart (i.e. 2m and 60m from ground level) and extrapolating the temperature difference over 58m to determine the lapse rate per $^{\circ}C/100m$.

Table 5 shows the meteorological data recorded during the month.

	Temp					e (°C)	Humidity (%)						Prevaili	ing Win	d	Rain	Bar	Lapse Rate	
Date	2m			10m				60m				Speed			Dir	(mm)	(hPa)	(oC/100m)	
	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	(Deg)			Max
1/04/2022	15.3	8.6	20.8	15.4	9	19.9	15.6	11.4	19.2	67.1	49.8	91.9	1.9	0	5.7	126	0	1014.4	6.1
2/04/2022	14.7	6.9	22.9	14.8	7.4	22	15.3	8.4	21	69.9	36.4	96.4	0.7	0	3.6	250	0	1012.7	6.1
3/04/2022	14.6	6.7	22.8	14.9	7.2	22	15.6	8.6	21.3	69.9	32.1	96	0.9	0	4.8	270	0	1012.9	6.0
4/04/2022	16.1	8	25.2	16.3	8.4	24.6	17	10.5	23.8	72.7	36.2	95.9	1	0	4.1	255	0	1013.1	7.9
5/04/2022	17	7.6	27.3	17.5	8.4	26.4	18.1	9.6	25.6	65.2	25.2	96.5	0.4	0	3.8	253	0	1013.3	8.6
6/04/2022	18.3	9.9	24.9	18.5	10.5	24.3	18.6	12.2	23.3	71.4	50.1	94.8	2.1	0	5.2	74	0	1014	9.8
7/04/2022	18.5	16.9	21.1	18.4	16.9	20.6	17.9	16.4	19.7	79.2	66.3	91.2	2.8	0	6.7	91	4.6	1016	0.4
8/04/2022	18.8	16.7	21.7	18.7	16.7	21.4	18.2	16.4	20.7	75.1	60.1	87.9	4.3	1.4	6	85	5.2	1018.1	-0.2
9/04/2022	19.4	16.2	23.6	19.3	16.3	23.1	18.8	16.4	22.1	73	55.1	90.8	3	0.8	5.4	82	7.2	1019.1	0.9
10/04/2022	18.1	14.4	25.5	18.2	14.8	24.7	18.1	15.1	22.9	84	55.4	95.5	0.7	0	3.1	75	13	1017.9	4.2
11/04/2022	19	12.3	27.5	19	12.4	26.5	19.3	12.4	25.4	75.2	39.3	97.4	1	0	3.7	222	0.2	1016.1	7.5
12/04/2022	18.3	12.8	25.3	18.3	13.2	24.5	18.2	13.7	23.3	78	49.9	96	1.3	0	3.8	72	0	1017.3	6.1
13/04/2022	17.4	14.6	21.6	17.3	14.9	21	16.8	14.7	19.9	72.6	50.2	90.4	2.9	0.8	5.1	78	0.2	1019.2	2.3
14/04/2022	16.9	13.2	21.8	16.9	13.4	21.3	16.5	13.6	20.3	72.6	47.2	92.6	2.7	0.8	5.2	88	0.6	1022.4	1.6
15/04/2022	16.5	9.5	24	16.8	10.1	23.5	17.3	12	22	72.5	42.2	95.7	0.9	0	3.1	83	0	1020.6	7.7
16/04/2022	15.6	8.6	23.3	15.9	9.5	22.6	16.6	10.3	21.7	71.4	36.4	96.4	1	0	3.8	66	0	1018.6	9.6
17/04/2022	15	7.4	24.9	15.5	8.2	24.2	16.4	9.5	22.7	72.5	34.7	96.3	0.4	0	2.3	52	0	1017.6	9.5
18/04/2022	15.9	7.1	26.3	16.3	7.9	25.6	16.9	9	24.2	73.7	38.4	96.3	0.4	0	3	305	0	1016.4	8.1
19/04/2022	17.8	10	26.7	17.8	10.7	25.6	17.8	11.7	24.1	71.3	38.5	95.9	1.4	0	6.7	288	6.6	1013	4.9
20/04/2022	15	9.4	20.2	14.9	10.4	19.5	14.6	11.5	18.4	72	49	88.1	2.6	0	5.5	259	0	1015.9	6.0
21/04/2022	14.4	5.5	22.2	14.4	6	21.2	14.6	7.3	20.1	68.9	39.2	96.1	1.2	0	3.9	77	0.2	1020.9	8.1
22/04/2022	15.9	11.8	19.4	15.9	12.9	18.7	15.5	13.4	17.8	74.6	61.1	90.2	3.4	0	5.8	88	0	1026	3.0
23/04/2022	16.6	13.5	20.3	16.5	13.8	19.6	16	14	18.6	70.4	53.3	82.6	3.2	2	5.7	88	0	1027.3	1.1
24/04/2022	15.8	11.2	21	15.8	11.5	20.4	15.5	11.9	19.4	75.6	52.8	95.5	2.9	0	5.5	83	0	1027.6	2.8
25/04/2022	16.5	12.1	20.9	16.5	12.7	20.4	16.1	13.1	19.2	69.2	50.5	86.9	2.9	0.5	5.9	82	0	1024.3	2.5
26/04/2022	15.8	12.6	17.8	15.9	13.7	17.5	15.5	14.3	16.8	79.8	71.4	90	2.3	0.6	4.4	78	0	1019.8	3.0
27/04/2022	14.8	13.6	15.7	14.7	14	15.6	14.3	13.5	15.1	92.7	89.1	94.6	1.8	0.6	3.5	97	29.2	1017.5	1.2
28/04/2022	16.9	15.5	18.5	16.9	15.4	18.4	16.5	15	17.8	94.2	89.8	95.7	0.6	0	2.3	92	16.6	1018.2	0.7
29/04/2022	18.8	15.3	23.8	18.8	15.5	23.4	18.8	15.3	22.8	88.4	65.9	97.3	0.3	0	2.8	278	1	1019	2.6
30/04/2022	15.3	9.3	19.1	15.5	9.5	19.2	15.7	10.5	19	91.8	79.1	97.2	1.2	0	6.1	273	10.4	1018.5	4.0

Table 5 – Monthly Meteorological Data





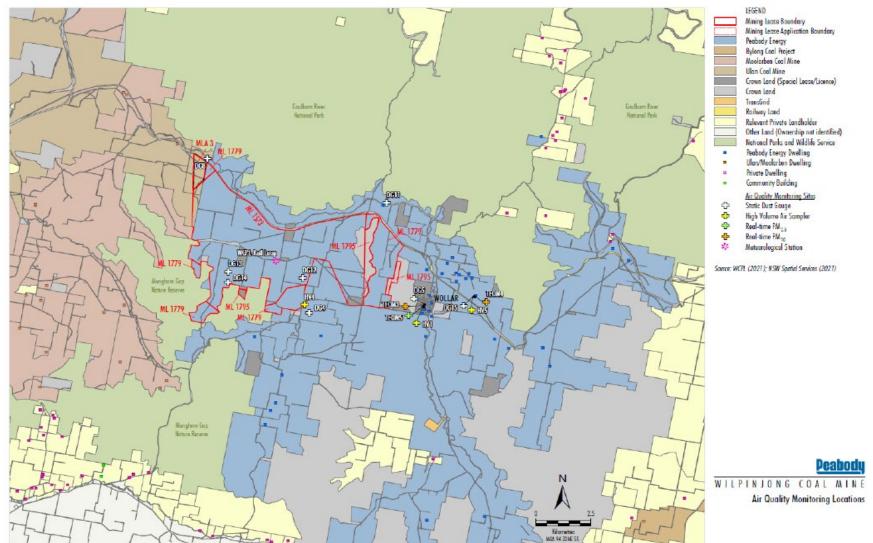


Figure 6 – Air (Dust) Monitoring Locations







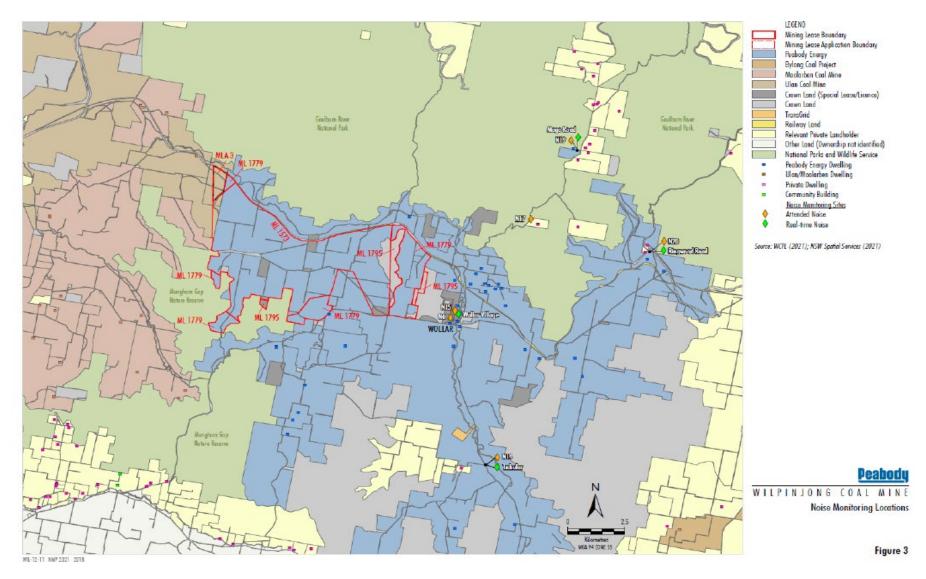






Figure 8 – Wollar Village Environmental Monitoring Sites

