



WILPINJONG COAL PTY LTD

Environment Protection Licence (EPL) 12425

Link to Environment Protection Licence EPL12425

LICENCE MONITORING DATA MONTHLY SUMMARY REPORT

for

1 December 2021 to 31 December 2021





Air Monitoring

Air quality surrounding the Wilpinjong Coal Mine is monitored using:

- 1. tapered element oscillating microbalances (TEOM);
- 2. high volume air samplers (HV); and
- 3. dust deposition gauges (DG).

In terms of the above equipment:

- 1. the TEOM and HVAS measure fine dust particles up to 10 microns in diameter (i.e. PM10); and
- 2. the DG measure the total dust deposited in the gauge during the sample period.

All are influenced by mining as well as non-mining activities in the local area.

The location of the above monitoring equipment in relation to Wilpinjong Coal Mine is shown in Figures 6 and 8.

A summary of the monitoring results for the month is provided in **Table 1** and the yearly trends are also shown in **Figures 1** to **3**.

For comparison with **Figures 2** and **3**, **Figure 4** displays the Regional 24Hr PM10 Average. PM10 dust levels for the month have been recorded in Bathurst and Merriwa by NSW EPA.





Table 1 - Air Monitoring

EPL ID No.	Monitoring Point ID.	Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Monitoring Frequency required by EPL	No. of times measured during month	Min. Value	Max. Value	Mean Value	Measurement	Annual Average	Limit	Exceed* (yes/no)		Date Reported
3	DG4	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				6.1				23/12/21	18/01/22
4	DG5	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.8	1.7	4.0	No	23/12/21	18/01/22
6	DG8	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.7				23/12/21	18/01/22
9	DG11	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.9				23/12/21	18/01/22
17	DG15	Particulates - TIM	grams per square metre per month	Monthly	1				0.9				23/12/21	18/01/22
13	HV1	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	3.9	17.3	10.2			50	No	29/12/21	18/01/22
19	HV4	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	4.8	17.9	11.1			50		29/12/21	18/01/22
20	HV5	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Every 6 days	5	6.0	17.8	11.5			50		29/12/21	18/01/22
22	теомз	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Continuous (24 Hr Average)	93.5%	3.3	17.1	8.5			50	No		
23	TEOM4	PM10	micrograms per cubic metre	Continuous (24 Hr Average)	100.0%	4.9	20.0	11.7			50			

^{1.} Limits specified in the above table are from Development Consent SSD-6764.

^{2.} Refer to Figure 1a footnotes for DG4 exceedance determination.





Figure 1a. DG Results - 12 Month Trend



^{1.} Limit of 4 g/m2/month (annual average) applies to DG5 (Wollar Village) - refer Figure 1b.

^{2.} In February 2021, DG11 recorded 5.3g/m² of total insoluble matter. Upon further inspection, less than 5% was attributed to dark particles indicating that the result was not due to mining operations. The majority of the result consisted of organic matter (35%) and ash (65%).

^{3.} In April 2021, DG5 recorded 6.2g/m² of total insoluble matter. The sampler recorded bird droppings as being present in the funnel justifying an organic composition of 50%. It is determined that mining operations did not contribute to this exceedance.

^{4.} In May 2021, DG5 recorded 4.4g/m² of total insoluble matter. The sampler recorded a dead mouse as being present in the funnel majorly contributing to the exceedance. It is determined that mining operations did not majorly impact the result.

^{5.} In July 2021, DG11 was shot three times damaging the monitoring site. A result was not obtainable for the month.

^{6.} In November 2021, DG4 recorded 15.2g/m² of total insoluble matter of which 75% was organic material. It is therefore determined that the influence of mining operations contributed less than the limit of 4g/m²/month.

^{7.} In December 2021, DG4 recorded 6.1g/m² of total insoluble matter. The sampler recorded insects and spider webs within the funnel most likely influencing the result.





Figure 1b. DG 5 Results - Annual Average

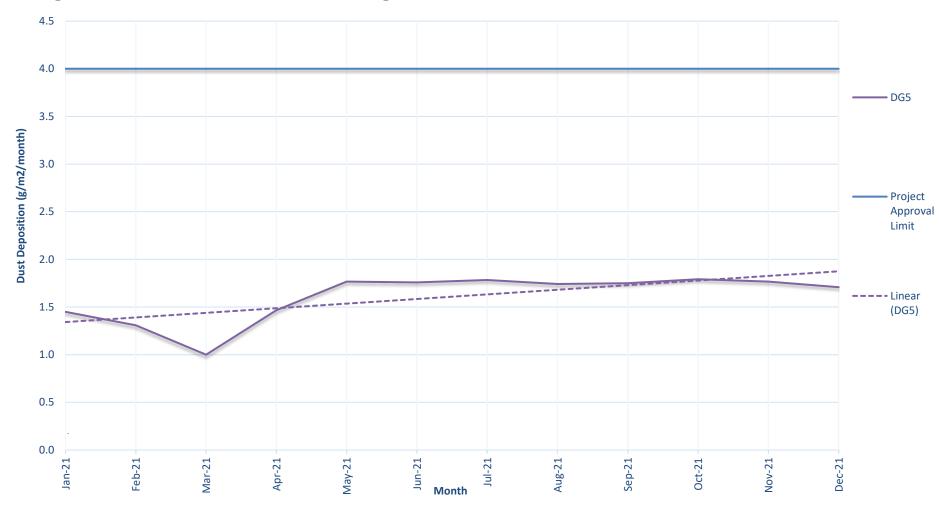
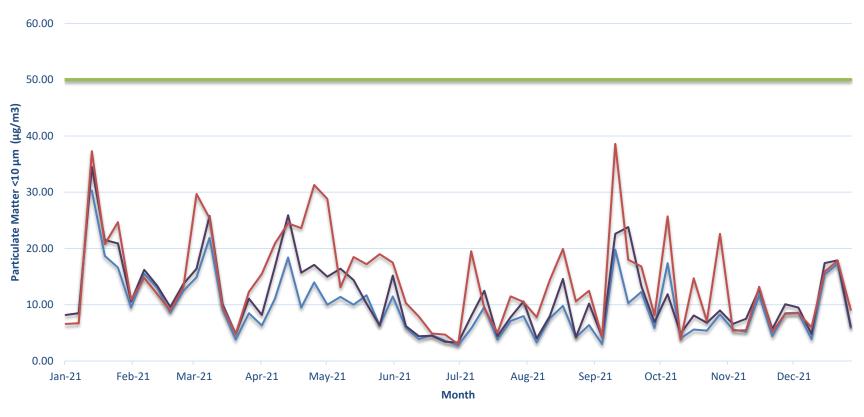






Figure 2. HV (PM10) Results - 12 Month Trend



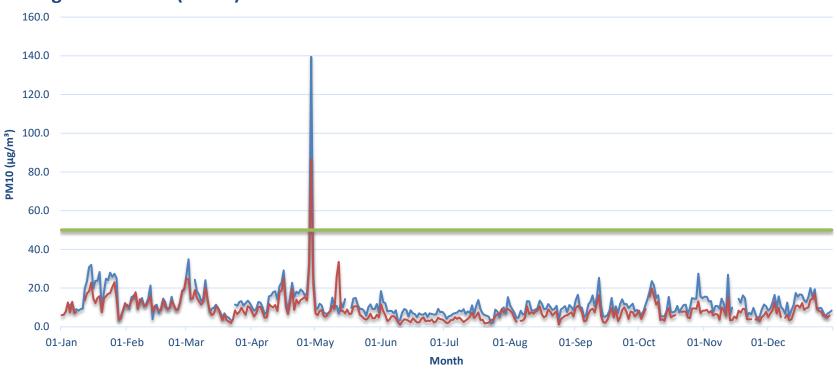
- 1. Limit doesn't apply for extraordinary events such as bushfires, prescribed burning, or dust storms.
- 2. A power outage prevented a sample from being collected at HV1 on 9th January 2021.







Figure 3. TEOM (PM10) Results - 12 Month Trend

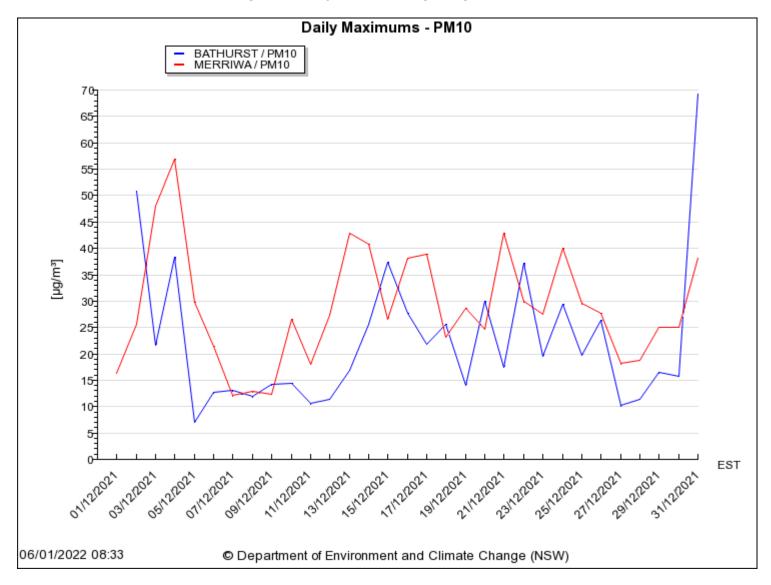


- 1. Limit dosen't apply for extraordinary events such as bushfires, prescribed burning or dust storms
- 2 Power outages during January and March 2021 resulted in periods of no data at TEOM 4.
- 3. The significantly elevated dust level recorded on 29 April 2021 was due to a nearby hazard reduction burn undertaken by National Parks and Wildlife Services.
- 4. The operating system of TEOM 4 locked up on 16 May 2021 preventing accurate data recording until 18 May 2021. The same occurence caused invalid data between 15-16 November 2021 at this unit.
- 5. Plenned power outages on 5 August 2021 and 5 October 2021 prevented a valid 24 hour average value from being recorded at TEOM 3.
- 6. Planned maintenance prevented valid 24 hour average values from being recorded between October 19 and 20 2021 at TEOM 3.
- 7. Power outages on 5 October 2021, 24 November and 8 and 31 December 2021 prevented valid 24 hour average values from being recorded at TEOM 3 during these times.





Figure 4. Daily PM10 Average Regional Results







Surface Water Monitoring

Surface water runoff is isolated and diverted around disturbed areas through the construction of water diversion bunds. Runoff from disturbed areas is diverted into on-site water retention dams.

A Reverse Osmosis (RO) Plant treats all water from the retention dams before it is discharged to Wilpinjong Creek. The EPL specifies limits for the quantity and quality of water that may be discharged from the site.

Water Monitoring

EPL ID No.	Monitoring Point ID.	Pollutant	Unit of Measure	Monitoring Frequency required by EPL	No. of times measured during month	Min. Value	Max. Value	Mean Value	Measurement	Limit	Exceed* (yes/no)	Date Last Sampled	Date Reported
24	RO Plant Discharge	Conductivity	microSiemens per centimetre (uS/cm)	Continuous during discharge	100%	342	388	366		500	No		
		Oil and Grease	milligrams per litre (mg/L)	Weekly during any discharge	4	<5	<5	<5		10.0	No	29-Dec-2021	24-Jan-2022
		рН	pH Unit	Continuous during discharge	100%	6.8	7.2	7.0		≥6.5≤8.5	No		
		Total Suspended Solids	milligrams per litre (mg/L)	Weekly during any discharge	4	<1	<1	<1		50	No	29-Dec-2021	24-Jan-2022
		Volume discharged	megalitres per day	Continuous during discharge	100%	3.259	3.342	3.306		5.0	No		





Noise Monitoring

Environmental noise monitoring ("monitoring") is carried out monthly.

The purpose of the monitoring is to assess whether mining operations are consistent with the objectives of the EPL and the development consent conditions.

In terms of this monitoring, it is undertaken:

- 1. by an independent noise consultant;
- 2. during the night-time; and
- 3. at the sites shown in **Figure 7**.

On pages 11 and 12 of this report are the noise levels and findings from the consultant's report.



Table 4.2: LAeq.15minute GENERATED BY WCP AGAINST PROJECT SPECIFIC CRITERIA – DECEMBER 2021

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ¹	Stability Class ¹	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies? ²	$\begin{array}{c} WCP \\ L_{Aeq,15min} \ dB^3 \end{array}$	Exceedance 4
N6	02/12/2021 00:57	1.5	D	37	Yes	IA	Nil
N14	02/12/2021 00:30	2.5	D	35	Yes	IA	Nil
N15	01/12/2021 23:00	2.8	D	37	Yes	IA	Nil
N17	01/12/2021 22:28	3.4	D	38	No	IA	NA
N19	01/12/2021 22:02	3.0	D	35	Yes	IA	Nil
N20	01/12/2021 23:46	3.0	D	35	Yes	IA	Nil

- 1. Wind speed is sourced from the WCP weather station, stability class is determined based on WCP inversion tower data;
- Noise emission limits apply for all meteorological conditions, except for the following: wind speeds greater than 3 m/s above ground level; or stability category F temperature inversions and wind speeds greater than 2 m/s at 10m above ground level; or stability category G temperature inversion conditions;
- 3. Site-only LAeq, 15minute attributed to WCP, including modifying factors if applicable; and
- 4. NA in exceedance column means criterion was not applicable due to atmospheric conditions outside those specified in EPL.

Table 4.3: LA1.Iminute GENERATED BY WCP AGAINST PROJECT SPECIFIC CRITERIA – DECEMBER 2021

Location	Start Date and Time	Wind Speed m/s ¹	Stability Class ¹	Criterion dB	Criterion Applies? ²	WCP L _{A1,1} min dB³	Exceedance 4
N6	02/12/2021 00:57	1.5	D	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N14	02/12/2021 00:30	2.5	D	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N15	01/12/2021 23:00	2.8	D	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N17	01/12/2021 22:28	3.4	D	45	No	IA	NA
N19	01/12/2021 22:02	3.0	D	45	Yes	IA	Nil
N20	01/12/2021 23:46	3.0	D	45	Yes	IA	Nil

- 1. Wind speed is sourced from the WCP weather station, stability class is determined based on WCP inversion tower data;
- Noise emission limits apply for all meteorological conditions, except for the following: wind speeds greater than 3 m/s above ground level; or stability category F temperature inversions and wind speeds greater than 2 m/s at 10m above ground level; or stability category G temperature inversion conditions;
- 3. Site-only LA1,1minute attributed to WCP; and
- 4. NA in exceedance column means criterion was not applicable due to atmospheric conditions outside those specified in EPL.





6 SUMMARY

Global Acoustics was engaged by Wilpinjong Coal Pty Ltd to conduct a monthly noise survey of operations at WCP, an open cut coal mine located approximately 40 kilometres north east of Mudgee. The purpose of the attended noise monitoring survey is to quantify and describe the acoustic environment around the site and compare results with specified limits.

Attended environmental noise monitoring described in this report was undertaken during the night period of 1/2 December 2021 at eight monitoring locations.

Noise levels from WCP complied with relevant noise limits at all monitoring locations during the December 2021 monitoring. Criteria may not always be applicable due to meteorological conditions at the time of monitoring.

Global Acoustics Pty Ltd

Wilpinjong Coal received the report from Global Acoustics Pty Ltd on 11th January 2022.





Blasting

Monitoring is carried out near sensitive locations during blasting activities to determine the vibration in the air (overpressure) and earth (ground vibration). A summary of the results of this monitoring, and the limits specified in the EPL, are shown in **Tables 3** and **4**. **Figures 7 & 8** shows the actual overpressure and vibration levels recorded during the month.

Table 3 – Overpressure Monitoring Results

Location	Month	Number of Blasts	Minimum overpressure (dB(L))	Maximum overpressure (dB(L))	Mean overpressure (dB(L))	EPL overpressure Limits (dB(L))	Exceedance (yes/no)
Approx. 50m west of the Wollar Public School	December	10	72.5	111.0	91.79	115dB (95% blasts) 120dB (100% blasts)	no

Table 4 - Vibration Monitoring Results

Location	Month	Number of Blasts	Minimum vibration (mm/sec)	Maximum vibration (mm/sec)	Mean vibration (mm/sec)	EPL vibration Limits (mm/sec)	Exceedance (yes/no)
Approx. 50m west of the Wollar Public School	December	10	0.02	2.18	0.45	5 mm/s (95% blasts) 10 mm/s (100% blasts)	no





Figure 7. Overpressure (dBL) recorded during Month

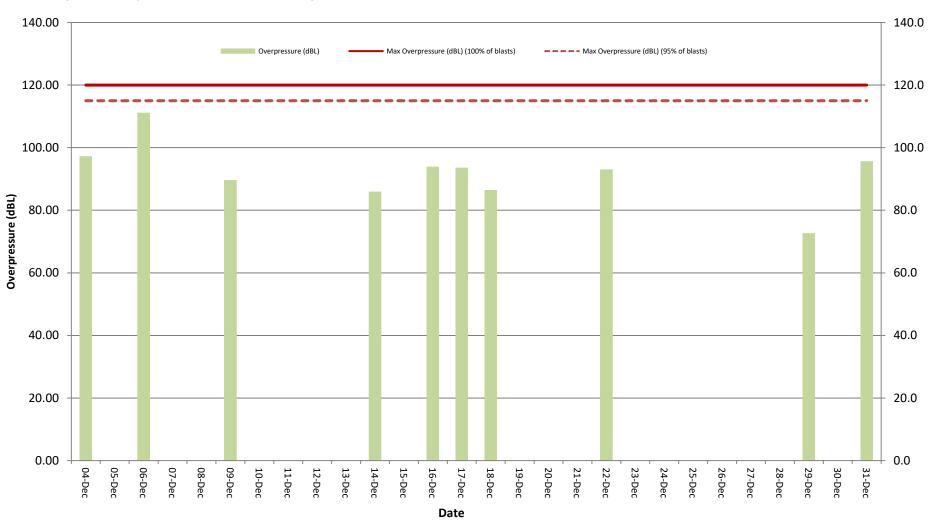
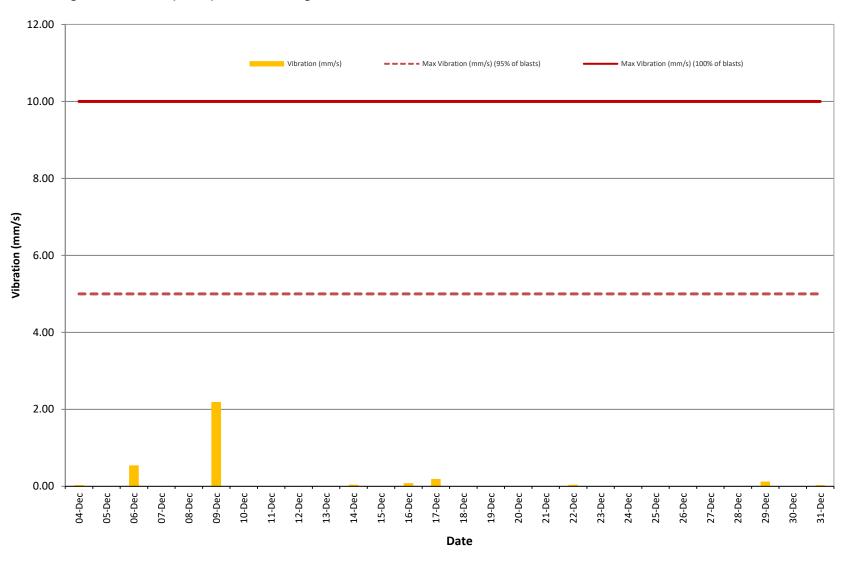






Figure 8. Vibration (mm/s) recorded during Month







Weather Monitoring

Continuous weather monitoring occurs onsite at the location shown on Figures 5 and 6 (**Meteorological Station**). The Meteorological Station continuously monitors for: rainfall; relative humidity; temperature (i.e. at 2m, 10m & 60m), barometric pressure, wind speed, wind direction and temperature lapse rate.

The temperature lapse rate is a measure of stable atmospheric conditions and is determined by measuring air temperature at two elevations 58m apart (i.e. 2m and 60m from ground level) and extrapolating the temperature difference over 58m to determine the lapse rate per °C/100m.

Table 5 shows the meteorological data recorded during the month.

Table 5 – Monthly Meteorological Data

		Temperature (°C)								Humidity (%)			Prevailing Wind				Rain	Bar	Lapse Rate
Date		2m			10m			60m					Speed		Dir	(mm)	(hPa)	(oC/100m)	
	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	Avg	Min	Max	(Deg)			Max
1/12/2021	21.1	17.7	26.3	20.9	17.8	25.6	20.3	17.4	24.8	78.1	54.4	93.7	2.1	0	5.8	86	1.8	1012.4	1.80
2/12/2021	21.7	16.2	28	21.6	16.9	27.5	21.2	17	26.5	71.6	47.7	94.8	1.7	0	3.4	78	0	1013.7	2.30
3/12/2021	24.1	15	32.5	24	15.3	32.1	23.7	16	31.1	64.8	31.9	95.9	0.4	0	5	242	0	1012.2	2.80
4/12/2021	23	18.4	28.7	22.7	18.4	27.9	21.9	17.8	26.7	59.6	19.8	89.4	0.8	0.3	5.2	163	0	1010.8	0.50
5/12/2021	17.8	14.9	22.2	17.6	14.8	21.5	16.8	14.2	20.5	66.7	49.5	80.6	5.5	3.5	7.1	84	0	1017.1	-1.10
6/12/2021	16.8	14	20.5	16.7	14	20.4	16.1	13.5	19.7	73.7	64	93	3.6	8.0	5.6	90	11	1016	0.20
7/12/2021	18.9	15.9	23.9	18.8	16	23.2	18.4	15.7	22.4	83	65.7	93.2	1.2	0.2	6.4	108	20.6	1010.9	2.10
8/12/2021	18.4	14.7	25.3	18.3	15	25	18	14.9	24.1	83.6	58.5	95.7	1.1	0	8.4	88	24.4	1010.2	1.80
9/12/2021	18.9	14.4	24.4	18.7	14.7	23.8	18.2	14.5	22.8	66.4	41	93.2	1.5	0.1	7.9	229	7.2	1007.2	0.70
10/12/2021	16	7.5	21.6	15.8	8.3	20.9	15.7	9.9	19.7	57.4	41.2	86.7	2.5	0	6.4	236	0	1008.1	6.00
11/12/2021	17.3	10	23.2	17.2	10.7	22.4	16.9	10.8	21.5	65.9	46.2	95.2	1.6	0	4.7	68	0	1012.1	3.20
12/12/2021	18.3	11.9	24.1	18.1	12.2	23.6	17.5	11.9	22.7	61.5	39.3	84.6	2.2	0.5	3.8	77	0	1014.2	0.90
13/12/2021	20.1	12	27.9	20	12.9	27.1	19.6	12.7	26.4	61.3	32.9	93.4	0.7	0	3	78	0	1012.3	5.10
14/12/2021	21.7	14.9	30	21.7	14.9	29.6	21.2	14.3	28.8	60	20.4	89.5	1.4	0	4.9	66	0	1011.5	4.90
15/12/2021	24.1	13.3	33	24.1	13.8	32.5	23.9	14.9	31.2	53.4	22.9	94.5	0.5	0	4.8	179	0	1009.8	5.40
16/12/2021	24	19	30.5	24	19.4	30	23.7	20.1	29	58.1	27.6	87.4	0.1	0	4.9	219	0.2	1009.7	4.00
17/12/2021	22.3	17.9	28.8	22.1	17.8	28.4	21.4	17.2	27.4	67.1	47.6	79.7	2.9	1.2	4.7	77	0	1013.1	-0.20
18/12/2021	25.6	17	33.4	25.7	17.4	32.7	25.4	18	31.6	63.6	36.8	93.1	1.2	0	4.7	300	0	1011.6	5.30
19/12/2021	23.7	17.6	30.3	23.9	17.9	30	23.7	18	29.1	67.1	40.9	95.2	1.9	0	9.4	272	4	1010.8	4.90
20/12/2021	24.9	17	32.2	25	17.3	31.6	24.6	17.4	30.7	68.9	40.8	96.5	1.2	0	6	260	0.6	1010	5.30
21/12/2021	26.9	17.4	34.3	27	18	33.7	27	18.7	32.6	57.7	29.7	94.3	1.4	0	5.3	255	0	1008.5	5.60
22/12/2021	25.7	21.4	31.8	25.7	22.3	31.6	25.2	21.8	30.9	59.9	33	83.9	0.7	0	4.5	263	0	1008.2	3.70
23/12/2021	22.7	18	29.6	22.5	18.2	28.9	22	18.6	27.8	74.6	42	88.6	2	0	5	83	4	1009.2	3.50
24/12/2021	22.7	15.1	29.8	22.6	15.6	29.2	22.1	15.9	28.2	69.9	39	95.8	1.7	0	4	73	0	1010.4	2.10
25/12/2021	23.3	18.3	30.8	23.3	19	30.2	23.1	18.9	29.2	70.1	40.2	94.1	0.9	0	5.7	107	0	1011.2	5.40
26/12/2021	21.8	15.3	29.5	21.9	16	28.9	21.7	16.6	27.8	71.6	42.8	94.5	1.1	0	8.2	118	7.6	1010.9	3.30
27/12/2021	19.4	17	22.1	19.2	16.9	21.6	18.5	16.3	20.6	72.8	58.7	89.1	3.9	1.1	6.2	84	0	1013.4	-0.40
28/12/2021	18.2	15.2	22.4	17.9	15.1	21.8	17.1	14.5	20.9	68.6	46.6	90.4	4.4	3	6.9	84	0	1015.4	-0.90
29/12/2021	18.8	12.4	24.1	18.5	13	23.6	17.9	13.1	22.6	63.8	40.6	89.3	2.6	1	4.5	79	0	1015.1	1.80
30/12/2021	20.5	13.5	26	20.4	14.4	25.6	19.9	15.1	24.7	58.6	38.2	82.3	2.4	0	5.1	83	0	1013.9	3.00
31/12/2021	22.6	13.2	29.2	22.5	13.8	28.5	22.1	14.5	27.5	56.9	30.1	92.5	1.4	0	3.6	76	0	1011.6	3.30





Figure 6 – Air (Dust) Monitoring Locations

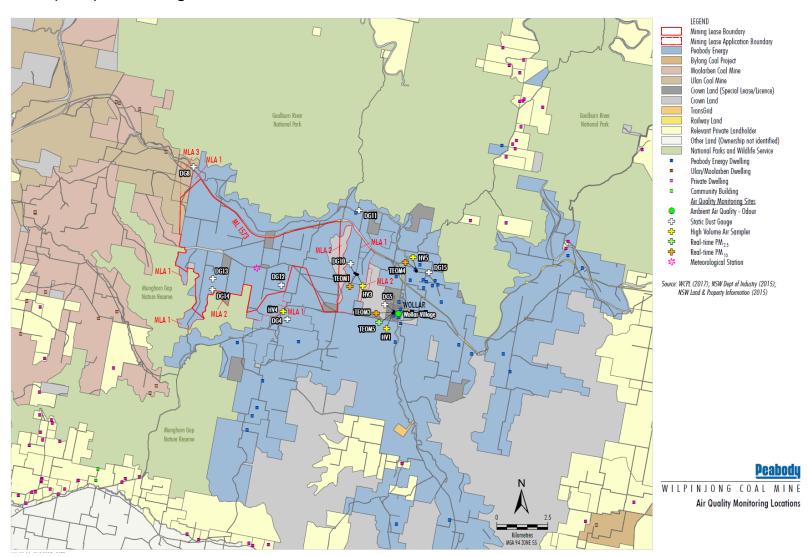






Figure 7 – Attended Noise Monitoring Locations

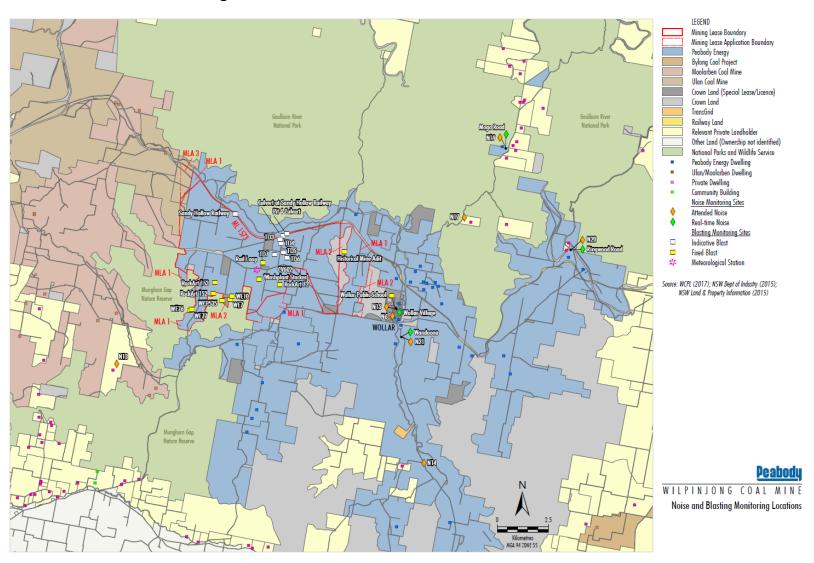






Figure 8 - Wollar Village Environmental Monitoring Sites

